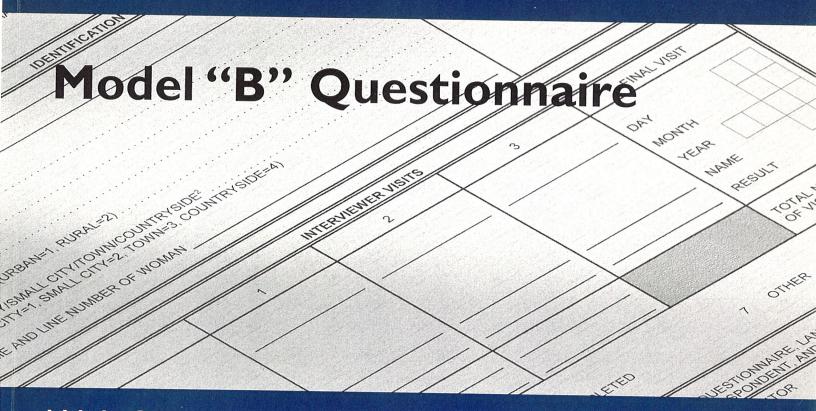
# DHS



# With Commentary For Low Contraceptive Prevalence Countries

MEASURE DHS+ Basic Documentation — 2



ORC MACRO

# Model "B" Questionnaire

With Commentary for Low Contraceptive Prevalence Countries

MEASURE *DHS*+ Basic Documentation Number 2

ORC Macro Calverton, Maryland

October 2001

MEASURE DHS+ assists countries worldwide in the collection and use of data to monitor and evaluate population, health, and nutrition programs. Funded by the U.S. Agency for International Development (USAID), MEASURE DHS+ is implemented by Macro International Inc., an Opinion Research Corporation company (ORC Macro), in Calverton, Maryland, with the Population Council and the East-West Center.

The main objectives of the MEASURE *DHS*+ project are: 1) to provide decision-makers in survey countries with information useful for informed policy choices, 2) to expand the international population and health database, 3) to advance survey methodology, and 4) to develop in participating countries the skills and resources necessary to conduct high-quality demographic and health surveys.

Information about the MEASURE *DHS*+ project can be obtained by contacting: ORC Macro, 11785 Beltsville Drive, Suite 300, Calverton, MD 20705 USA Telephone 301-572-0200; Fax 301-572-0999; E-mail: reports@macroint.com; Internet: http://www.measuredhs.com.

Suggested citation:

ORC Macro. 2001. Model "B" Questionnaire with Commentary for Low Contraceptive Prevalence Countries. MEASURE DHS+ Basic Documentation No. 2. Calverton, Maryland, U.S.A.: ORC Macro.

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# **INTRODUCTION**

MEASURE *DHS*+ is an expansion on and a continuation of previous phases of the DHS program going back to 1984. The program is funded by the U.S. Agency for International Development and is administered by ORC Macro.

The overall goal of the MEASURE program is to improve and institutionalize the collection and utilization of data for monitoring host-country population, health and nutrition programs and for policy decisions. The specific objectives of the program are: 1) to improve the tools and methodologies of data collection; 2) to increase the institutionalization of data-collection capacities in participating countries; 3) to improve coordination at the international and country levels; 4) to improve the quality of information collected; and 5) to improve dissemination and utilization of MEASURE results. The *DHS*+ core questionnaire is central to these goals.

During the design of the *DHS*+ core questionnaire, extensive consultations were carried out with organizations and researchers with interests in particular subject areas. The current version of the core questionnaire reflects those contributions. One of the chronic problems in questionnaire design is maintaining control over the length of the instrument in order to maximize the feasibility of collecting high-quality data. Another challenge is to improve various questionnaires. Moreover, the core questionnaire is continuously being tested and evaluated in the field and is subject to the infusion of new ideas as they arise. In this sense, questionnaire content is always subject to modification as new concerns become apparent in countries and in donor organizations

Indicators obtained from the DHS surveys provide baseline information for programs about to be initiated and information that can be used to track the progress of ongoing programs. Indicators for specific sectors of the population are useful for identifying population subgroups in need of services or special outreach efforts. Used in this way, the surveys are an instrument for designing and modifying program services. Survey findings can also be used to evaluate operational objectives of a program (e.g., knowledge of contraceptive methods or contacts with health providers during the antenatal, delivery, and postnatal period) or the final impact of a program (e.g., on fertility, mortality, and contraceptive use).

As in the preceding phases of the DHS program,<sup>1</sup> there are two versions of the *DHS*+ core questionnaire: the "A" core for use in countries with high contraceptive prevalence (described in MEASURE *DHS*+ Basic Documentation Number 1), and the "B" core for use in countries with low contraceptive prevalence (described in this document). The two versions of the questionnaire are very similar. The main difference is that the calendar in the "B" core is limited to information about pregnancies in the last five years while the "A" core calendar also contains information about contraceptive use and marital status for that period. Which version to use in a particular country is decided early in the survey-design process, in consultation with the host-country implementing organization. Several standardized modules are available for use in countries with an interest in those topics. Countries are also encouraged to add questions on topics of special interest. The availability of two versions of the questionnaire and the addition of country-specific questions are a response to the diversity of the data needs of participating countries. At the same time, it is important to collect nationally-comparable data based on the use of standardized methods of training, data collection, data processing, tabulation, and report preparation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> There have been three previous phases of the DHS program. Core questionnaires were developed for each phase. These are published in the Basic Documentation Series of the DHS-I, DHS-II, and DHS-III projects and are available from ORC Macro.

**Retained content in the core questionnaire.** The primary focus of the new questionnaire remains the collection of information of interest to policymakers and program managers in the areas of reproductive health and infant and child well-being. This includes data that are used for the following: (1) to estimate fertility and infant and child mortality levels of a population; (2) to estimate the duration of breastfeeding and other proximate determinants of fertility; (3) to measure awareness of specific contraceptive methods, contraceptive use, and contraceptive acceptability; (4) to assess the unmet need for family planning, levels of unwanted fertility, and desire for additional children; (5) to measure treatment procedures for childhood illness episodes; (6) to estimate coverage rates for maternity care and childhood vaccinations; (7) to assess nutritional status of women and children through height and weight measurement; (8) to assess infant feeding practices, and (9) to evaluate knowledge about HIV/AIDS and relevant sexual behavior. The new core questionnaire also retains data collection on household characteristics and the marital and socioeconomic background of the woman and her partner/spouse.

**New content in the core questionnaire.** The *DHS*+ questionnaire includes significant new and expanded topics. In the health area, anemia testing for women and children has been added to the survey. The section on AIDS has been significantly expanded to investigate condom use with sexual partners and knowledge of the symptoms of STDs. There is more focus on malaria, with the addition of questions on bednets, antimalarial prophylaxis, and treatment practices for children experiencing fever. Vitamin A receives increased attention with questions to determine whether mothers received a dose soon after childbirth and if children received vitamin A supplements. There is also a new emphasis on postnatal health care for women.

In the area of family planning, respondent knowledge of three additional methods of contraception is investigated: the lactational amenorrhea method, emergency contraception, and the female condom. Contraceptive users are also asked if their provider offered a choice of methods and provided information about possible side effects of method use.

Questions have also been added on the decision-making power of women to obtain health care and to control their reproductive lives. Additional questions are included on education, allowing the calculation of gross and net attendance ratios, and grade repetition and dropout rates. Finally, more attention is paid to environmental health concerns that are related to disease prevention.

# ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The new *DHS*+ core questionnaire has benefitted from the contributions of many individuals specializing in the fields of international population, maternal and child health and nutrition. The staff of the Demographic and Health Surveys gratefully acknowledges the comments and suggestions provided by colleagues in host-country institutions, members of the *DHS*+ Technical Advisory Group, and individuals representing more than 50 agencies concerned with policy formulation and program implementation in the fields of population, maternal and child health, and nutrition.

The current revision of the questionnaire is the result of a coordinated effort by DHS staff under the direction of Fred Arnold. DHS staff who invested considerable time in developing the questionnaire are Mohamed Ayad, Bernard Barrère, George T. Bicego, Trevor Croft, Anne R. Cross, Siân L. Curtis, Kristi Fair, Pav Govindasamy, Sunita Kishor, Gora Mboup, Altrena Mukuria, Luis H. Ochoa, Sri Poedjastoeti, Guillermo Rojas, Shea O. Rutstein, Tulshi Saha, Almaz Sharmanov, Jeremiah M. Sullivan, Martin Vaessen, Ann A. Way, P. Stanley Yoder, Arlinda Zhuzhuni, Ciro Franco, Patricia A. Haggerty, and Cynthia K. Stanton. The senior DHS advisors, Robert Black, Karen O. Mason, and Charles F. Westoff, contributed substantially to this effort. The production assistance of Kaye Mitchell on this document is gratefully acknowledged.

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# DEMOGRAPHIC AND HEALTH SURVEYS MODEL HOUSEHOLD QUESTIONNAIRE

# [NAME OF COUNTRY] [NAME OF ORGANIZATION]

IDENTIFICATION <sup>1</sup>	
PLACE NAME	
NAME OF HOUSEHOLD HEAD	
CLUSTER NUMBER	
URBAN/RURAL (URBAN=1, RURAL=2) LARGE CITY/SMALL CITY/TOWN/COUNTRYSIDE <sup>2</sup> (LARGE CITY=1, SMALL CITY=2, TOWN=3, COUNTRYSIDE=4)	

		INTERVIEWER VISITS	3					
	1	2	3		F	INAL VISIT		
DATE					DAY MONTH YEAR			
INTERVIEWER'S NAME					NAME			
RESULT*					RESULT			
NEXT VISIT: DATE					TOTAL	NO.		
TIME					OF VISI	rs		
	JSEHOLD MEMBER	R AT HOME OR NO COMPE	TOTAL PERSON HOUSEN					
4 POSTP 5 REFUS 6 DWELL	4 POSTPONED 5 REFUSED							
7 DWELL 8 DWELL 9 OTHER	LINE NC RESP. T HOUSEI QUEST.	0						
SUPERVISO	R	FIELD EDITOR	ICE FOR	KEYED BY				

		EDITOR	
NAME	NAME		
DATE	DATE		

<sup>1</sup> This section should be adapted for country-specific survey design.
 <sup>2</sup> The following guidelines should be used to categorize urban sample points: "Large cities" are national capitals and places with over 1 million population; "small cities" are places with between 50,000 and 1 million population; remaining urban sample points are "towns."

# HOUSEHOLD QUESTIONNAIRE

# Household listing and eligibility for Women's Questionnaire (1-9)

All household members are listed, as well as all individuals who stayed with the household as guests the previous night (2). For all listed individuals, information is collected on relationship to the head of the household, sex, residence status, and age (3-7). An important use of this information is to identify women who are eligible for the Women's Questionnaire and eligible for height, weight, and hemoglobin measurement (8). These data are also used to identify children eligible for height, weight, and hemoglobin measurement (9).

The data on the relationship of each household member to the head of the household provide a picture of the structure and composition of the household. The data on age and sex can be used to assess the degree to which the sample represents the population. In countries where never-married women are excluded from the sample, information collected in the Household Questionnaire is used to derive denominators for the calculation of rates based on all women.

## Parental survivorship and residence (10-13)

For children less than 15 years of age, questions are asked about the survivorship of the child's biological parents and whether or not they are household members. This information can be used to measure the prevalence of orphanhood and child fostering in the population.

## Education (14-20)

The series of questions on education establishes whether each household member age 5 or older has ever attended school, and if so, the highest level of schooling (primary, secondary, higher) attended, and the highest grade completed at that level (14-15). For household members age 5-24, the Household Questionnaire collects information on whether the person is currently attending school, at what level and grade, and the person's schooling status during the previous school year (16-20). These questions permit the calculation of widely accepted education indicators including gross and net attendance ratios, and repetition and dropout rates.

The educational attainment of adult members of the household provides an indication of the household's resource base. The current attendance and educational attainment of children provide a measure of children's access to resources and their well being, and allow an investigation of the relationship between family size and children's educational opportunities.

#### HOUSEHOLD SCHEDULE

Now we would like some information about the people who usually live in your household or who are staying with you now.

LINE NO.	USUAL RESIDENTS AND VISITORS	RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD	SEX	RESI	DENCE	AGE	ELIGIBILITY	
	Please give me the names of the persons who usually live in your household and guests of the household who stayed here last night, starting with the head of the household.	What is the relationship of (NAME) to the head of the household?*	Is (NAME) male or fernale?	Does (NAME) usually live here?	Did (NAME) stay here last night?	How old is (NAME)?	CIRCLE LINE NUMBER OF ALL WOMEN AGE 15-49	CIRCLE LINE NUMBER OF ALL CHILD- REN UNDER AGE 6
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
			M F	YES NO	YES NO	IN YEARS		
01			1 2	1 2	1 2		01	01
02			1 2	1 2	1 2		02	02
03			1 2	1 2	1 2		03	03
04			1 2	1 2	1 2		04	04
05			1 2	1 2	1 2		05	05
06			1 2	1 2	1 2		06	06
07			1 2	1 2	1 2		07	07
08			1 2	1 2	1 2		08	08
09			1 2	1 2	12		09	09
10			1 2	12	1 2		10	10

\* CODES FOR Q.3

RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD: 01 = HEAD 02 = WIFE OR HUSBAND

03 = SON OR DAUGHTER

04 = SON-IN-LAW OR

DAUGHTER-IN-LAW 05 = GRANDCHILD 06 = PARENT

- 07 = PARENT-IN-LAW 08 = BROTHER OR SISTER
- 10 = OTHER RELATIVE

11 = ADOPTED/FOSTER/ STEPCHILD 12 = NOT RELATED 98 = DON'T KNOW

LINE NO.	F	PARE FOR	NTA PER	L SURVIVOI SONS LESS	RS⊢ TH,	HP AI AN 1	ND F 5 YE	RESIDENCE ARS OLD**	EDUCATION									
	IS IF ALIVE IS IF ALIVE (NAME)'S (NAME)'S						IF ALIVE	IF AGE 5	IF AGE 5 YEARS OR OLDER IF AGE 5-24 YEARS									
	(NAME) s natural mother alive?		nother Does		r this s: D R'S		Does Has (NAME)'s (NAME) natural ever father live attended in this school? house- hold? IF YES: What is his name? RECORD FATHER'S LINE NUMBER		school has att What i highes (NAME	t level of (NAME) ended?*** s the t grade E) eted at that	Is (NAME) currently attending school?	During the current school year, did (NAME) attend school at any time?		it school what level ade s] (NAME)	During the previous school year, did (NAME) attend school at any time?	During that school year, what level and grade did (NAME) attend?***		
ļ	L	(10	)	(11)	ļ	(12)		(13)	(14)		(15)	(16) <sup>1</sup>	(17) <sup>1</sup>		(18) <sup>1</sup>	(19) <sup>1</sup>		(20)
	YE	S NO	DK		YE	S NO	DK		YES NO	LEVEL	GRADE	YES NO	YES NO	LEVEL	GRADE	YES NO	LEVEL	GRADE
01	1	2	8		1	2	8		1 2 NEXT J LINE			1 2 L+ GO TO 18	1 2 GO TO • J 19			1 2 NEXT • <sup>J</sup> LINE		
02	1	2	8		1	2	8		1 2 NEXT J LINE			1 2 L• GO TO 18	1 2 GO TO 4 <sup>J</sup> 19			1 2 NEXT J LINE		
03	1	2	8		1	2	8		1 2 NEXT J LINE			1 2 └▶ GO TO 18	1 2 GO TO √J 19			1 2 NEXT •J LINE		
04	1	2	8		1	2	8		1 2 NEXT + <sup>J</sup> LINE			1 2 └▶ GO TO 18	1 2 GO TO • <sup>J</sup> 19			1 2 NEXT J LINE		
05	1	2	8		1	2	8		1 2 NEXT J LINE			1 2 L+ GO TO 18	1 2 GO TO • <sup>J</sup> 19			1 2 NEXT J LINE		
06	1	2	8		1	2	8		1 2 NEXT J LINE			1 2 └► GO TO 18	1 2 GO TO • <sup>J</sup> 19			1 2 NEXT <sup>J</sup> LINE		
07	1	2	8		1	2	8		1 2 NEXT 4 <sup>J</sup> LINE			1 2 └► GO TO 18	1 2 GO TO J 19			1 2 NEXT 4 <sup>J</sup> LINE		
08	1	2	8		1	2	8		1 2 NEXT 4 <sup>J</sup> LINE			1 2 L+ GO TO 18	1 2 GO TO J 19			1 2 NEXT <sup>J</sup> LINE		
09	1	2	8		1	2	8		1 2 NEXT <sup>J</sup> LINE			1 2 L GO TO 18	1 2 GO TO J 19			1 2 NEXT J LINE		
10	1	2	8		1	2	8		1 2 NEXT 4 <sup>J</sup> LINE			1 2 L GO TO 18	1 2 GO TO J 19			1 2 NEXT 4 <sup>J</sup> LINE		

\*\*CODES FOR Q.10 THROUGH Q.13 THESE QUESTIONS REFER TO THE BIOLOGICAL

PARENTS OF THE CHILD. IN Q.11 AND Q.13, RECORD '00' IF PARENT NOT LISTED IN HOUSEHOLD SCHEDULE. \*\*\*CODES FOR Qs. 15, 18 AND 20

EDUCATION LEVEL: 1 = PRIMARY

2 = SECONDARY

3 = HIGHER

8 = DON'T KNOW

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EDUCATION GRADE: 00 = LESS THAN 1 YEAR COMPLETED 98 = DON'T KNOW

<sup>1</sup> The wording of the question in this column is appropriate when all of the fieldwork is conducted during a single school year. For alternative wording in cases where some or all of the fieldwork is conducted between two school years, see Appendix A.

LINE NO.	USUAL RESIDENTS AND VISITORS	RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD	SI	ΞX	F	RESID	DENCE	AGE	ELIG	BILITY
	Please give me the names of the persons who usually live in your household and guests of the household who stayed here last night, starting with the head of the household.	What is the relationship of (NAME) to the head of the household?*	ls (NAI male fema	or	Does (NAN usua live here	ИЕ) lly	Did (NAME) stay here last night?	How old is (NAME)?	CIRCLE LINE NUMBER OF ALL WOMEN AGE 15-49	CIRCLE LINE NUMBER OF ALL CHILD- REN UNDER AGE 6
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4	•)	(5	)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
			М	F	YES	NO	YES NO	IN YEARS		
11			1	2	1	2	1 2		11	11
12			1	2	1	2	1 2		12	12
13			1	2	1	2	1 2		13	13
14			1	2	1	2	12		14	14
15			1	2	1	2	1 2		15	15
16			1	2	1	2	1 2		16	16
17			1	2	1	2	1 2		17	17
18			1	2	1	2	1 2		18	18
19			1	2	1	2	1 2		19	19
20			1	2	1	2	12		20	20

\* CODES FOR Q.3

RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD:

- 01 = HEAD
- 02 = WIFE OR HUSBAND
- 03 = SON OR DAUGHTER
- 04 = SON-IN-LAW OR
- DAUGHTER-IN-LAW 05 = GRANDCHILD
- 06 = PARENT
- 07 = PARENT-IN-LAW 08 = BROTHER OR SISTER 10 = OTHER RELATIVE 11 = ADOPTED/FOSTER/ STEPCHILD 12 = NOT RELATED 98 = DON'T KNOW

\*\* CODES FOR Q.10 THROUGH Q.13 THESE QUESTIONS REFER TO THE **BIOLOGICAL PARENTS OF** THE CHILD. IN Q.11 AND Q.13, RECORD '00' IF PARENT NOT LISTED IN HOUSEHOLD SCHEDULE.

\*\*\*CODES FOR Qs. 15, 18 AND 20 EDUCATION LEVEL:

- 1 = PRIMARY
- 2 = SECONDARY
- 3 = HIGHER
- 8 = DON'T KNOW

EDUCATION GRADE: 00 = LESS THAN 1 YEAR COMPLETED 98 = DON'T KNOW

LINE NO		AL SURVIVOR RSONS LESS	SHIP AND F THAN 15 YE	ESIDENCE ARS OLD**		<u></u>	<u></u>	EDUCA	TION				
	ls (NAME)'s	IF ALIVE	ls (NAME)'s	IF ALIVE	IF AG	E 5 YEARS OR OLDER		IF AGE 5-24 YEARS					
	natural mother alive?	Does (NAME)'s natural mother live in this household? IF YES: What is her name? RECORD MOTHER'S LINE NUMBER	natural father alive?	Does (NAME)'s natural father live in this household? IF YES: What is his name? RECORD FATHER'S LINE NUMBER	Has (NAME) ever attended school?	What is the highest level of school (NAME) has attended?*** What is the highest grade (NAME) completed at that level?***	Is (NAME) currently attending school?	During the current school year, did (NAME) attend school at any time?	During the current school year, what level and grade [is/was] (NAME) attending?***	During the previous school year, did (NAME) attend school at any time?	During that school year, what level and grade did (NAME) attend?***		
	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)'	(17) <sup>1</sup>	(18) <sup>1</sup>	(19) <sup>1</sup>	(20)		
	YES NO DK		YES NO DK		YES NO	LEVEL GRADE	YES NO	YES NO	LEVEL GRADE	YES NO	LEVEL GRADE		
11	128		128		1 2 NEXT <sup>4J</sup> LINE		1 2 L• GO TO 18	1 2 GO TO 4 <sup>J</sup> 19		1 2 NEXT J LINE			
12	128		128		1 2 NEXT <sup>4J</sup> LINE		1 2 L+ GO TO 18	1 2 GO TO • <sup>J</sup> 19		1 2 NEXT 4 <sup>J</sup> LINE			
13	128		128		1 2 NEXT <sup>↓J</sup> LINE		1 2 L+ GO TO 18	1 2 GO TO J 19		1 2 NEXT J LINE			
14	128		128		1 2 NEXT <sup>↓J</sup> LINE		1 2 L GO TO 18	1 2 GO TO • <sup>J</sup> 19		1 2 NEXT J LINE			
15	128		128		1 2 NEXT+ <sup>J</sup> LINE		1 2 <sup>L</sup> • GO TO 18	1 2 GO TO+ <sup>J</sup> 19		1 2 NEXT √J LINE			
16	1 2 8		128		1 2 NEXT <sup>J</sup> LINE		1 2 <sup>L</sup> • GO TO 18	1 2 GO TO 4 <sup>J</sup> 19		1 2 NEXT J LINE			
17	128		128		1 2 NEXT <sup>↓J</sup> LINE		1 2 L GO TO 18	1 2 GO TO • <sup>J</sup> 19		1 2 NEXT J LINE			
18	128		128		1 2 NEXT <sup>,J</sup> LINE		1 2 <sup>L</sup> • GO TO 18	1 2 GO TO √ <sup>J</sup> 19		1 2 NEXT + <sup>J</sup> LINE			
19	128		128		1 2 NEXT+ <sup>J</sup> LINE		1 2 GO TO 18	1 2 GO TO √ <sup>J</sup> 19		1 2 NEXT + <sup>J</sup> LINE			
20	128		128		1 2 NEXT+ <sup>J</sup> LINE		1 2 L• GO TO 18	1 2 GO TO ∙ <sup>J</sup> 19		1 2 NEXT 4 <sup>J</sup> LINE			
TICK	HERE IF CONT	TINUATION SF	HEET USED										
Just to	make sure that	at I have a com	nlete listing:	نیں ہے۔ 									
1)	Are there any on the listed?		-	children or inl	ants that we	have YES	<b></b> , I	ENTER EAG	CH IN TABLE		NO 🛄		
1	n addition, are amily, such as	domestic serv	ants, lodgers	or friends wh	o usually live	e here?	<b></b> , I	ENTER EAG	CH IN TABLE		NO		
3)	Are there any g stayed here las	uests or tempo t night, who ha	orary visitors ave not been	staying here, listed?	or anyone el	lse who YES		ENTER EAG	CH IN TABLE		NO 🗌		

<sup>1</sup> The wording of the question in this column is appropriate when all of the fieldwork is conducted during a single school year. For alternative wording in cases where some or all of the fieldwork is conducted between two school years, see Appendix A.

## Water and toilet facilities (21-24)

These questions relate to the determinants of infant and child morbidity and mortality and are relevant for cross-national comparative analyses. The major headings for source of drinking water (21) and for type of toilet facilities (23) should be included in country-specific versions of the DHS+ questionnaires. Specific response categories under each major heading may be as detailed as necessary for each survey.

A question on the travel time to the source of water is included to obtain an indirect measure of the amount of water available (22). The main interest in the questions on the type of toilet facility and whether it is used by other households is in the hygienic conditions offered by the facility (24).

# Dwelling characteristics and household possessions (25-28)

Whether the household has electricity, a radio, television, telephone, and a refrigerator are included primarily to provide an index of the standard of living or socioeconomic status. The main material of the floor is another such indicator. Such information is thought to be reported more reliably and thus to be more useful than a simple question on household income.

NO.	QUESTIONS AND FILTERS	CODING CATEGORIES	SKIP
21	What is the main source of drinking water for members of your household? <sup>1</sup>	TANKER TRUCK         61	> 23 > 23 > 23 > 23 > 23 > 23 > 23 > 23 > 23
22	How long does it take you to go there, get water, and come back?	MINUTES	
23	What kind of toilet facilities does your household have?1	FLUSH TOILET       11         PIT TOILET/LATRINE       11         TRADITIONAL PIT TOILET       21         VENTILATED IMPROVED PIT       (VIP) LATRINE         (VIP) LATRINE       22         NO FACILITY/BUSH/FIELD       31         OTHER       96         (SPECIFY)       96	_→ 25
24	Do you share these facilities with other households?	YES	
25	Does your household have: <sup>2</sup> Electricity? A radio? A television? A telephone? A refrigerator?	YES NO ELECTRICITY	
26	What type of fuel does your household mainly use for cooking?	ELECTRICITY       01         LPG/NATURAL GAS       02         BIOGAS       03         KEROSENE       04         COAL, LIGNITE       05         CHARCOAL       06         FIREWOOD, STRAW       07         DUNG       08         OTHER       96         (SPECIFY)       96	

<sup>1</sup> Coding categories to be developed locally and revised based on the pretest; however, the broad categories must be maintained.
 <sup>2</sup> Additional indicators of socioeconomic status should be added, especially to distinguish among lower socioeconomic classes.

# Use of bednets by children under age 5 (29-32)

It is recognized that the continuous use of bednets decreases the incidence of clinical malaria and malariarelated deaths in children less than five years of age. Consequently, many countries are now instituting programs that promote their use. Questions 29-32 are designed to capture information on the use of bednets by children under the age of five who slept in the household the night preceding the interview.

In countries with low or no risk of malaria, these questions should not be included in the questionnaire.

# Place for hand washing (33-34)

The washing of hands at appropriate times (before food preparation and after urination, defecation, and handling the sick) is one of the most important ways of preventing the spread of disease by means of direct contact and through food contamination. In order to carry out appropriate hand washing, a household needs a dedicated location that contains a clean water supply, a basin for containing water, and a cleaning agent such as soap. In the absence of soap and/or water, hands may be cleaned using ashes or sand, but these are less satisfactory. The purpose of questions 33 and 34 is to ascertain whether the household has a dedicated place for washing hands and whether the requisite items are present.

Additional questions on hygienic practices are located in the Woman's Questionnaire (485 and 495).

# Testing of salt for iodine (35)

The type of salt used for cooking is tested to determine whether iodine is present in the salt and the amount of iodine in parts per million.

NO.	QUESTIONS AND FILTERS	CODING CATEGORIES	SKIP
27	MAIN MATERIAL OF THE FLOOR <sup>1</sup> RECORD OBSERVATION.	NATURAL FLOOR         EARTH/SAND       11         DUNG       12         RUDIMENTARY FLOOR       12         WOOD PLANKS       21         PALM/BAMBOO       22         FINISHED FLOOR       24         PARQUET OR POLISHED       31         VINYL OR ASPHALT STRIPS       32         CERAMIC TILES       33         CEMENT       34         CARPET       35         OTHER      96	
28	Does any member of your household own:	YES NO	
	A bicycle? A motorcycle or motor scooter? A car or truck?	BICYCLE	
29	Does your household have any bednets that can be used while sleeping? <sup>2</sup>	YES 1 NO 2	<b></b> → 33
30	CHECK COLUMNS (6) AND (7): <sup>2</sup>		
	NUMBER OF CHILDREN UNDER AGE 5 WHO SLEPT IN THE H	OUSEHOLD LAST NIGHT	
	NONE		<b>→</b> 33
		E	<b>→</b> 32
31	Did (NAME) sleep under a bednet last night? <sup>2</sup>	YES1 NO2	]. <sub>33</sub>
32	Did all, some or none of the children under age 5 who slept in the household last night sleep under a bednet? <sup>2</sup>	ALL CHILDREN	
33	Where do you usually wash your hands?	IN DWELLING/YARD/PLOT 1 SOMEWHERE ELSE	⊥, 35
34	ASK TO SEE THE PLACE AND OBSERVE IF THE FOLLOWING ITEMS ARE PRESENT.	YES NO WATER/TAP 1 2 SOAP, ASH OR OTHER CLEANSING AGENT 1 2 BASIN 1 2	
35	ASK RESPONDENT FOR A TEASPOONFUL OF SALT. TEST SALT FOR IODINE. <sup>3</sup> RECORD PPM (PARTS PER MILLION).	0 PPM (NO IODINE)	

<sup>1</sup> In some countries, it may be desirable to ask an additional question on the material of walls or ceilings.
 <sup>2</sup> Delete in countries where malaria is not prevalent.
 <sup>3</sup> There are many different kinds of iodine testing kits available. The proper test kit should be selected in each country depending on the type of iodine additive used in the country and the gradations (in PPM) required. The response categories should be modified to be consistent with the particular test kits used.

# Nutritional status of women and young children (36-43)

All women of reproductive age are eligible for height and weight measurement. This is a change from earlier versions of the DHS core questionnaires in which data on women's nutritional status were collected only for mothers with young children, effectively eliminating nutritional assessment of younger women who had not yet started childbearing as well as older women of reproductive age who had not recently given birth.

The nutritional status of women is assessed by the measurement of their weight (40) and height (41) and is useful for several reasons. A woman's weight-for-height can reflect the current availability of food in the household and recent occurrences of illness. A woman's height can be used to predict difficulty in delivering children and is a risk factor in perinatal and neonatal mortality, given the association between height and pelvis size. This information is also useful for examining differentials in women's nutritional status among population subgroups in a country.

All children listed in the Household Questionnaire who were born in the last 5 to 6 years are eligible for nutritional assessment. This represents a change from earlier versions of the core questionnaire in which only children of interviewed women were weighed and measured. The extension of data collection to all children in the household will result in more representative samples of the child population.

The nutritional status of children is assessed in terms of their weight (40) and height/length (41-42) in conjunction with their age. Nutritional status of children is influenced by food intake and by the illness episodes that they have suffered. Many countries have programs designed to increase child survival by improving infant and child feeding practices, increasing vaccination coverage, and promoting clean drinking water. Information on the nutritional status of children provides an outcome measure for these programs. This information is also useful for identifying subgroups of children who are disadvantaged and in need of special attention in a country.

# WEIGHT, HEIGHT AND HEMOGLOBIN MEASUREMENT

CHECK COLUMNS (8) AND (9): RECORD THE LINE NUMBER, NAME AND AGE OF ALL WOMEN AGE 15-49 AND ALL CHILDREN UNDER AGE 6.

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WOMEN 15-49			WEIGHT AND HEIGHT MEASUREMENT OF WOMEN 15-49				
LINE NO.	NAME	AGE	What is (NAME)'s date of birth?	WEIGHT (KILOGRAMS)	HEIGHT (CENTIMETERS)	MEASURED LYING DOWN OR	RESULT 1 MEASURED
FROM COL.(8)	FROM COL.(2)	FROM COL.(7)				STANDING UP	2 NOT PRESENT 3 REFUSED 6 OTHER
(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)	(42)	(43)
		YEARS					

	CHILDREN UNDER AGE 6			WEIGHT AND HEIGHT MEASUREMENT OF CHILDREN BORN IN 1995' OR LATER			
LINE NO. FROM COL.(9)	NAME FROM COL.(2)	AGE FROM COL.(7)	What is (NAME)'s date of birth?	WEIGHT (KILOGRAMS)	HEIGHT (CENTIMETERS)	MEASURED LYING DOWN OR STANDING UP	RESULT 1 MEASURED 2 NOT PRESENT 3 REFUSED 6 OTHER
			DAY MO. YEAR			LYING STAND.	
				0		1 2	
				0		1 2	
				0		1 2	
				0		1 2	
				0		1 2	
				0		1 2	
TICK HEF							

<sup>1</sup> For fieldwork beginning in 2001, 2002 or 2003, the year should be 1996, 1997 or 1998, respectively.

# Anemia testing of women and young children (44-51)

Anemia, a low concentration of red cells in the blood, decreases the amount of oxygen reaching the tissues and organs of the body and reduces their capacity to function. Anemia is known to have especially detrimental effects on the health of pregnant and breastfeeding women and young children. It can be the underlying cause of complications of pregnancy and delivery and of maternal mortality. Among children, anemia is associated with impaired cognitive and motor development. Although there are many causes of anemia, a deficiency of bioavailable dietary iron usually accounts for the majority of cases in a population. Determination of the level of anemia in a population can provide important information for the development of intervention programs, such as food fortification and/or the provision of iron supplements.

Several DHS surveys have conducted anemia testing of women and young children but this is the first version of the core questionnaire that includes anemia testing. The DHS+ protocol for anemia testing is forthcoming as a DHS+ publication.

All women who are of reproductive age and all children born in the last 5 or 6 years are eligible for anemia testing. Anemia testing is accomplished by measuring hemoglobin levels in the blood. For this purpose a blood droplet is required from each person tested. Specially trained members of the interviewing teams, who are designated health technicians, are assigned to this task and they follow protocols developed to ensure the safety of the participants.

Special consent for participation in the anemia test is necessary. Consent is obtained by explaining to women and to adults who are responsible for eligible minors the procedures that are followed for anemia testing and asking if they agree to participate. Participation of eligible individuals is strictly voluntary. Their decision on whether or not to participate is recorded (46) and, if there is agreement to participate, the health technician attests to that decision with his/her signature (46).

Test results and the pregnancy status of women are recorded in the Household Questionnaire (47 and 48). Participants are provided with a copy of their test scores at the time of the survey and they are given an explanation of those results, both verbally and on paper.

	H	EMOGLOBIN MEASUREN	IENT OF WOMEN 15	HEMOGLOBIN MEASUREMENT OF WOMEN 15-49							
CHECK COLUMN (38):	LINE NO. OF PARENT/ RESPONSIBLE ADULT. RECORD '00' IF NOT LISTED IN HOUSEHOLD SCHEDULE	WOMAN/PARENT/RESPONSIBLE ADULT*		HEMOGLOBIN LEVEL (G/DL)	CURRENTLY PREGNANT	RESULT 1 MEASURED 2 NOT PRESENT 3 REFUSED 6 OTHER					
(44)	(45)	(46)		(47)	(48)	(49)					
AGE 15-17 AGE 18-49		GRANTED	REFUSED		YES NO/DK						
1 2 GO TO 46		1 SIGN	2 NEXT LINE		1 2						
1 2 GO TO 46 4		1 SIGN	2 NEXT LINE		1 2						
1 2 GO TO 46		1 SIGN	2 NEXT LINE		1 2						

[							
	HEMOGLOBIN MEASUREMENT OF CHILDREN BORN IN 1995' OR LATER						
	LINE NO. OF PARENT/ RESPONSIBLE ADULT, RECORD '00' IF NOT LISTED IN HOUSEHOLD SCHEDULE	READ CONSENT STATEMENT TO PARENT/RESPONSIBLE ADULT* CIRCLE CODE (AND SIGN)		HEMOGLOBIN LEVEL (G/DL)		RESULT 1 MEASURED 2 NOT PRESENT 3 REFUSED 6 OTHER	
		GRANTED	REFUSED				
		1 SIGN	2 NEXT LINE				
		1 , SIGN	2 NEXT LINE				
		1 SIGN					
		1 SIGN	2 NEXT LINE ↓				
		1 SIGN					
		1 SIGN	2 NEXT LINE ↓				

#### \* CONSENT STATEMENT

As part of this survey, we are studying anemia among women and children. Anemia is a serious health problem that results from poor nutrition. This survey will assist the government to develop programs to prevent and treat anemia.

We request that you (and all children born in 1995' or later) participate in the anemia testing part of this survey and give a few drops of blood from a finger. The test uses disposable sterile instruments that are clean and completely safe. The blood will be analyzed with new equipment and the results of the test will be given to you right after the blood is taken. The results will be kept confidential.

May I now ask that you (and NAME OF CHILD[REN]) participate in the anemia test. However, if you decide not to have the test done, it is your right and we will respect your decision. Now please tell me if you agree to have the test(s) done.

Note: In countries where some enumeration areas are higher than 1,000 meters, altitude information should be collected on a separate form for each enumeration area higher than 1,000 meters so that the anemia estimates can be adjusted appropriately.

<sup>1</sup> For fieldwork beginning in 2001, 2002 or 2003, the year should be 1996, 1997 or 1998, respectively.

It is the policy of the DHS+ program to inform the medical staff at the appropriate health facility of individuals who were found to have a hemoglobin level of less than 9 g/dl for pregnant women and less than 7 g/dl for nonpregnant women and children. To do so it is necessary to obtain consent, yet a second time, because survey participants have been told that the information collected in the survey is confidential. The names of individuals suffering from severe anemia are recorded and consent to inform the appropriate health facility of their anemia status is requested (51).

50	CHECK 47 AND 48:		······			
ľ		DBIN LEVEL BELOW THE CUTOFF POINT*				
		NON	IE			
	GIVE EACH WOMAN/PARENT/RESPONS RESULT OF HEMOGLOBIN MEASUREME CONTINUE WITH 51.**		ENT/RESPONSIBLE ADULT RESULT JREMENT AND END HOUSEHOLD			
51	We detected a low level of hemoglobin in (your blood/the blood of NAME OF CHILD(REN)). This indicates that (you/NAME OF CHILD(REN)) have developed severe anemia, which is a serious health problem. We would like to inform the doctor at about (your condition/the condition of NAME OF CHILD(REN)). This will assist you in obtaining appropriate treatment for the condition. Do you agree that the information about the level of hemoglobin in (your blood/the blood of NAME OF CHILD(REN)) may be given to the doctor?					
NA	ME OF PERSON WITH HEMOGLOBIN BELOW THE CUTOFF POINT	NAME OF PARENT/RESPONSIBLE ADULT	AGREES TO REFERRAL?			
		WOMEN AGE 18-49				
			YES			
			YES			
			YES 1 NO 2			
			YES 1 NO 2			
	V	NOMEN AGE 15-17 AND CHILDREN				
			YES			
			YES			
			YES			
			YES			
			YES 1 NO 2			
			YES 1 NO 2			
			YES 1 NO 2			
			YES 1 NO 2			
			YES 1 NO 2			

\* The cutoff point is 9 g/dl for pregnant women and 7 g/dl for children and women who are not pregnant (or who don't know if they are pregnant).

\*\* If more than one woman or child is below the cutoff point, read the statement in Q.51 to each woman who is below the cutoff point and to each woman/parent/responsible adult of a child who is below the cutoff point.

#### APPENDIX A

Questions 16-19 should be worded as follows under these 3 specified conditions<sup>1</sup>;

• Fieldwork is done at the end of a school year and over the break before the next school year begins:

For interviews done through the last day of the school year, the questions are unchanged.

Interviews done after schools have closed should use these questions:

#### 16 DELETE THIS QUESTION

- 17 During the school year that ended in [month], 2000,<sup>2</sup> did (NAME) attend school at any time?
- 18 During that school year, what level and grade did (NAME) attend?
- 19 During the previous school year that ended in [month], 1999,<sup>2</sup> did (NAME) attend school at any time?
- Fleldwork is done between two school years and at the beginning of the new school year:
- 16 DELETE THIS QUESTION
- 17 During the school year that ended in [month], 2000,<sup>2</sup> did (NAME) attend school at any time?
- 18 During that school year, what level and grade did (NAME) attend?
- 19 During the previous school year that ended in [month], 1999,<sup>2</sup> did (NAME) attend school at any time?

Fieldwork is done at the end of one school year, between school years, and at the beginning of a new school year:

For interviews done through the last day of the first school year, the questions are unchanged.

For interviews done during the time between school years and during the new school year:

- 16 DELETE THIS QUESTION
- 17 During the school year that ended in [month], 2000,<sup>2</sup> did (NAME) attend school at any time?
- 18 During that school year, what level and grade did (NAME) attend?
- 19 During the previous school year that ended in [month], 1999,<sup>2</sup> did (NAME) attend school at any time?
- <sup>1</sup> Note that in some cases, the timing of the school year varies by region or by district, so different sets of questions may be required for one country.
- <sup>2</sup> Revise the month and year according to the close of the school year and the year the fieldwork is done.

#### DEMOGRAPHIC AND HEALTH SURVEYS MODEL "B" WOMEN'S QUESTIONNAIRE

[NAME	OF COUNTRY]	
INAME	OF ORGANIZATION	1

IDENTIFICATION <sup>1</sup>	
PLACE NAME	
NAME OF HOUSEHOLD HEAD	
CLUSTER NUMBER	
REGION	
URBAN/RURAL (URBAN=1, RURAL=2)	
LARGE CITY/SMALL CITY/TOWN/COUNTRYSIDE <sup>2</sup>	
NAME AND LINE NUMBER OF WOMAN	

	INTERVIEWER VISITS					
	1	2	3	FINAL VISIT		
DATE				DAY MONTH		
INTERVIEWER'S NAME RESULT*				NAME RESULT		
NEXT VISIT: DATE TIME				TOTAL NO. OF VISITS		
*RESULT CODES: 1 COMPLETED 2 NOT AT HOME 3 POSTPONED	4 REFUSED 5 PARTLY COM 6 INCAPACITA		7 OTHER	(SPECIFY)		

COUNTRY-SPECIFIC INFORMATION:

LANGUAGE OF QUESTIONNAIRE, LANGUAGE OF INTERVIEW, NATIVE LANGUAGE OF RESPONDENT, AND WHETHER TRANSLATOR USED

SUPERVISOR	FIELD EDITOR	OFFICE EDITOR	KEYED BY
NAME			
DATE	DATE		

<sup>1</sup> This section should be adapted for country-specific survey design.
 <sup>2</sup> The following guidelines should be used to categorize urban sample points: "Large cities" are national capitals and places with over 1 million population; "small cities" are places with between 50,000 and 1 million population; remaining urban sample points are "towns".

# SECTION 1. RESPONDENT'S BACKGROUND

# Introduction and consent

The Women's Questionnaire begins with the interviewer's introduction and a request for the respondent's participation in the survey.

Time of interview (101)

Time, recorded in 101 and 820, is used to determine the length of the interview.

# Childhood residence and mobility (102-104)

These questions begin the individual interview and are intended to provide a basis for developing an index of rural to urban migration. Such an index has shown greater analytical power for explaining contraceptive use and fertility than either childhood or current residence alone.

Date of birth and age of woman (105-106)

Both the month and year of birth and the age at last birthday are asked. The interviewer is instructed to reconcile birth date and age if possible. Reconciliation in the field is preferable to leaving inconsistencies that plague the editing process and must eventually be resolved by the analyst.

Education and literacy (107-112)

Education is one of the main factors influencing fertility, infant and child mortality, and health care. The questions on education attainment (107-109) are identical to those included in the earlier versions of the DHS questionnaire.

#### INTRODUCTION AND CONSENT

#### INFORMED CONSENT

Hello. My name is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and I am working with (NAME OF ORGANIZATION). We are conducting a national survey about the health of women and children. We would very much appreciate your participation in this survey. I would like to ask you about your health (and the health of your children). This information will help the government to plan health services. The survey usually takes between 20 and 45 minutes to complete. Whatever information you provide will be kept strictly confidential and will not be shown to other persons.

Participation in this survey is voluntary and you can choose not to answer any individual question or all of the questions. However, we hope that you will participate in this survey since your views are important.<sup>1</sup>

At this time, do you want to ask me anything about the survey? May I begin the interview now?

Signature of interviewer: \_\_\_\_

Date:

RESPONDENT AGREES TO BE INTERVIEWED . . 1 RESPONDENT DOES NOT AGREE TO BE INTERVIEWED . 2 -- END

NO.	QUESTIONS AND FILTERS	CODING CATEGORIES	SKIP
101	RECORD THE TIME.	HOUR	
102	First I would like to ask some questions about you and your household. For most of the time until you were 12 years old, did you live in a city, in a town, or in the countryside?	CITY 1 TOWN 2 COUNTRYSIDE 3	
103	How long have you been living continuously in (NAME OF CURRENT PLACE OF RESIDENCE)?	YEARS	
	IF LESS THAN ONE YEAR, RECORD '00' YEARS.	ALWAYS	]₊105
104	Just before you moved here, did you live in a city, in a town, or in the countryside?	CITY	
105	In what month and year were you born?	MONTH       98         DON'T KNOW MONTH       98         YEAR       1         DON'T KNOW YEAR       9998	
106	How old were you at your last birthday? COMPARE AND CORRECT 105 AND/OR 106 IF INCONSISTENT.	AGE IN COMPLETED YEARS	
107	Have you ever attended school?	YES	-+111
108	What is the highest level of school you attended: primary, secondary, or higher? <sup>2</sup>	PRIMARY	
109	What is the highest (grade/form/year) you completed at that level?2	GRADE	

<sup>1</sup> Wording of this paragraph should be modified in countries where participation is legally required.

<sup>2</sup> Revise according to the local education system.

Women with less than secondary schooling are asked two questions concerning literacy. Respondents are given a simple test of their ability to read (111). This test replaces the question in earlier versions of the DHS core questionnaires that asked the respondent for a self-assessment of her literacy. A question has been added on participation in literacy-promoting programs (112).

Exposure to mass media (114-116)

Exposure to modern ideas and values through the press, radio, and television are associated with the adoption of fertility control. These questions are intended to provide a simple index of such exposure.

Questions on media exposure have been asked in previous versions of the DHS core questionnaire. However, the formulation of the questions has changed over time. The current formulation of these questions is a change from the DHS-III formulation and is meant to provide an index of the frequency of exposure to each of the three media.

Religion and ethnicity (117-118)

These questions are relevant in countries with religious and/or ethnic diversity. There is considerable evidence that reproductive behavior is influenced by normative attitudes associated with religious values and ethnic identity. This information is of potential programmatic value in identifying groups that have special needs.

NO.	QUESTIONS AND FILTERS	CODING CATEGORIES	SKIP
110	CHECK 108: PRIMARY SECONDARY OR HIGHER		•114
111	Now I would like you to read this sentence to me. SHOW CARD TO RESPONDENT. <sup>1</sup> IF RESPONDENT CANNOT READ WHOLE SENTENCE, PROBE: Can you read any part of the sentence to me?	CANNOT READ AT ALL	
112	Have you ever participated in a literacy program or any other program that involves learning to read or write (not including primary school)? <sup>2</sup>	YES 1 NO 2	
113	CHECK 111: CODE '2', '3' CODE '1' OR '4' CIRCLED CIRCLED CIRCLED T		<b></b> ∙115
114	Do you read a newspaper or magazine almost every day, at least once a week, less than once a week or not at all?	ALMOST EVERY DAY1AT LEAST ONCE A WEEK2LESS THAN ONCE A WEEK3NOT AT ALL4	
115	Do you listen to the radio almost every day, at least once a week, less than once a week or not at all?	ALMOST EVERY DAY1AT LEAST ONCE A WEEK2LESS THAN ONCE A WEEK3NOT AT ALL4	
116	Do you watch television almost every day, at least once a week, less than once a week or not at all?	ALMOST EVERY DAY1AT LEAST ONCE A WEEK2LESS THAN ONCE A WEEK3NOT AT ALL4	
117	COUNTRY-SPECIFIC QUESTION ON RELIGION.		
118	COUNTRY-SPECIFIC QUESTION ON ETHNICITY.		

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<sup>1</sup> Each card should have four simple sentences appropriate to the country (e.g., "Parents love their children", "Farming is hard work", "The child is reading a book", "Children work hard at school"). Cards should be prepared for every language in which respondents are likely to be literate.

are likely to be literate.
 <sup>2</sup> In countries with an interest in measuring participation across a number of literacy programs, an additional multiple-response question may be included for women who participated in a literacy program (for example, "What type of literacy programs have you participated in? PROBE: Any other programs?")

# **SECTION 2. REPRODUCTION**

### Lifetime fertility (201-210)

Questions 201-210 on lifetime fertility are standard preliminary questions aimed at determining the total number of births (and infant/child deaths) in the woman's history and they set the stage for the detailed history in 211-221.

Experience has indicated that certain types of events are underreported in reproductive histories; this is the reason for distinguishing children living at home from those living away, and from those who have died. Children that die in early infancy are particularly likely to be underreported and, for that reason, a specific probe is included to assist in capturing those events (206). The collection of the lifetime fertility data by sex also improves reporting, and allows estimation of sex-specific mortality rates.

#### SECTION 2: REPRODUCTION

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NO.	QUESTIONS AND FILTERS	CODING CATEGORIES	SKIP
201	Now I would like to ask about all the births you have had during your life. Have you ever given birth?	YES 1 NO 2	<b>_</b> ▶206
202	Do you have any sons or daughters to whom you have given birth who are now living with you?	YES 1 NO 2	<b>_</b> ▶204
203	How many sons live with you? And how many daughters live with you? IF NONE, RECORD '00'.	SONS AT HOME	
204	Do you have any sons or daughters to whom you have given birth who are alive but do not live with you?	YES 1 NO 2	+206
205	How many sons are alive but do not live with you? And how many daughters are alive but do not live with you? IF NONE, RECORD '00'.	SONS ELSEWHERE	
206	Have you ever given birth to a boy or girl who was born alive but later died? IF NO, PROBE: Any baby who cried or showed signs of life but did not survive?	YES 1 NO 2	_+208
207	How many boys have died? And how many girls have died? IF NONE, RECORD '00'.	BOYS DEAD	
208	SUM ANSWERS TO 203, 205, AND 207, AND ENTER TOTAL. IF NONE, RECORD '00'.	TOTAL	
209	CHECK 208: Just to make sure that I have this right: you have had in TOTAL births during your life. Is that correct? YESNOPROBE AND CORRECT 201-208 AS NECESSARY.		
210			+226

### Detailed birth history (211-224)

The detailed birth history is the heart of the questionnaire and provides the data from which fertility and infant and child mortality rates are derived.

Fertility surveys conducted in developing countries over the past several decades have differed widely in their approaches to collecting data on births. The complexity of questionnaires has ranged from that typically found in the Contraceptive Prevalence Surveys, which include a simple question on the date of the last live birth, to that in the World Fertility Surveys (WFS), which include a complete history of all live births a respondent ever had. Another strategy is the so-called "last live birth questions" in which respondents are asked about the dates of both their last live birth and the penultimate birth (as well as any pregnancies that occurred after the last live birth). Yet another approach to collecting recent fertility information is to use a "truncated history" approach, i.e., to obtain information on all births in the past five years.

Each of these approaches has advantages and limitations. A complete birth history was incorporated in the earlier versions of DHS core questionnaires and is included in the *DHS*+ version. Complete birth histories clearly have the advantage of supplying a much richer data set to study trends in fertility, variations across cohorts and time periods, and the characteristics of birth intervals. A complete history also permits better estimation of current levels of fertility by allowing a more thorough evaluation of the quality of the data. Moreover, in countries with a previous DHS, WFS, or other survey, the full birth history will allow joint analysis of overlapping histories, thereby enhancing the ability to disentangle genuine trends from errors.

The interviewer is required to probe and convert all dates of births to calendar form (215). These probes may be time consuming, but they are critical to obtaining high-quality data.

The full birth and child survival history is used to calculate age-specific fertility and infant and child mortality rates for a recent period prior to a survey and to derive cohort-period rates that can be used to infer trends.

As part of the birth history, the *DHS*+ questionnaire includes the line number of children from the Household Questionnaire (219). This facilitates linkage of the data in the Household Questionnaire to particular births.

212	213	214	LL THE BIRTHS I	216	217	218	219	220	221
	210		210	210	IF ALIVE:	IF ALIVE:	IF ALIVE:	IF DEAD:	221
What name was given to your (first/next) baby? (NAME)	Were any of these births twins?	Is (NAME) a boy or a girl?	In what month and year was (NAME) born? PROBE: What is his/her birthday?	Is (NAME) still alive?	How old was (NAME) at his/her last birthday? RECORD AGE IN COM- PLETED YEARS.	Is (NAME) living with you?	RECORD HOUSEHOLD LINE NUMBER OF CHILD (RECORD '00' IF CHILD NOT LISTED IN HOUSEHOLD).	How old was (NAME) when he/she died? IF '1 YR', PROBE: How many months old was (NAME)? RECORD DAYS IF LESS THAN 1 MONTH; MONTHS IF LESS THAN TWO YEARS; OR YEARS.	Were there any other live births between (NAME OF PREVIOUS BIRTH) and (NAME)?
01	SING 1	BOY 1		YES . 1	AGE IN	YES 1		DAYS 1	
	MULT 2	GIRL 2	YEAR	NO 2	YEARS	NO 2		MONTHS 2	
				220			(NEXT BIRTH)	YEARS 3	
02	SING 1	BOY 1		YES . 1	AGE IN	YES 1		DAYS 1	YES 1
	MULT 2	GIRL 2	YEAR	NO 2	YEARS	NO 2		MONTHS 2	NO 2
				220			(GO TO 221)	YEARS 3	
03	SING 1	BOY 1		YES . 1	AGE IN	YES 1		DAYS 1	YES 1
	MULT 2	GIRL 2	YEAR	NO 2	YEARS	NO 2		MONTHS 2	NO 2
				220			(GO TO 221)	YEARS 3	
04	SING 1	BOY 1		YES . 1	AGE IN	YES 1		DAYS 1	YES 1
	MULT 2	GIRL 2	YEAR	NO 2	YEARS	NO 2		MONTHS 2	NO 2
				220			(GO TO 221)	YEARS 3	
05	SING 1	BOY 1	MONTH	YES . 1	AGE IN	YES 1		DAYS 1	YES 1
	MULT 2	GIRL 2	YEAR	NO 2	YEARS	NO 2		MONTHS 2	NO 2
				220			(GO TO 221)	YEARS 3	
06	SING 1	BOY 1	MONTH	YES . 1	AGE IN	YES 1		DAYS 1	YES 1
	MULT 2	GIRL 2	YEAR	NO 2	YEARS	NO 2		MONTHS 2	NO 2
				220			(GO TO 221)	YEARS 3	
07	SING 1	BOY 1	MONTH	YES . 1	AGE IN	YES 1		DAYS 1	YES 1
	MULT 2	GIRL 2	YEAR	NO 2	YEARS	NO 2		MONTHS 2	NO 2
				220			(GO TO 221)	YEARS 3	

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		T	T	T	T	T	T			
212		213	214	215	216	217 IF ALIVE:	218 IF ALIVE:	219 IF ALIVE:	220 IF DEAD:	221
What n was giv your ne baby? (NAM	ren to xt	Were any of these births twins?	Is (NAME) a boy or a girl?	In what month and year was (NAME) born? PROBE: What is his/her birthday?	Is (NAME) still alive?	How old was (NAME) at his/her last birthday? RECORD AGE IN COM- PLETED YEARS.	Is (NAME) living with you?	RECORD HOUSEHOLD LINE NUMBER OF CHILD (RECORD '00' IF CHILD NOT LISTED IN HOUSEHOLD).	How old was (NAME) when he/she died? IF '1 YR', PROBE: How many months old was (NAME)? RECORD DAYS IF LESS THAN 1 MONTH; MONTHS IF LESS THAN TWO YEARS; OR YEARS.	Were there any other live births between (NAME OF PREVIOUS BIRTH) and (NAME)?
08		SING 1 MULT 2	BOY 1 GIRL 2	MONTH	YES . 1 NO 2 220	AGE IN YEARS	YES 1 NO 2	LINE NUMBER	DAYS 1	YES 1 NO 2
09		SING 1 MULT 2	BOY 1 GIRL 2	MONTH	YES . 1 NO 2 220	AGE IN YEARS	YES 1 NO 2	LINE NUMBER	DAYS 1 MONTHS 2 YEARS 3	YES 1 NO 2
10		SING 1 MULT 2	BOY 1 GIRL 2	MONTH	YES . 1 NO 2 220	AGE IN YEARS	YES 1 NO 2	LINE NUMBER	DAYS 1 MONTHS 2 YEARS 3	YES 1 NO 2
11		SING 1 MULT 2	BOY 1 GIRL 2	MONTH	YES . 1 NO 2 220	AGE IN YEARS	YES 1 NO 2	LINE NUMBER	DAYS 1	YES 1 NO 2
12		SING 1 MULT 2	BOY 1 GIRL 2	MONTH	YES . 1 NO 2   220	AGE IN YEARS	YES 1 NO 2	LINE NUMBER	DAYS 1	YES 1 NO 2
222	Have BIRT	you had a H)?	any live b	irths since the birt	h of (NAM	E OF LAST	YES NO			
223	COMPARE 208 WITH NUMBER OF BIRTHS IN HISTORY ABOVE AND MARK: NUMBERS ARE SAME DIFFERENT (PROBE AND RECONCILE) CHECK: FOR EACH BIRTH: YEAR OF BIRTH IS RECORDED.									
			FOF FOF FOF	R EACH LIVING C R EACH DEAD CH	HILD: CU	RRENT AGE AT DEATH I	IS RECORI S RECORD	DED.	NE EXACT NUMBER	
224		CK 215 AN DNE, REC		R THE NUMBER	OF BIRTH	IS IN 1995 <sup>1</sup> O	R LATER.			

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<sup>1</sup> For fieldwork beginning in 2001, 2002 or 2003, the year should be 1996, 1997 or 1998, respectively.

## Recording of births in the calendar; last five years (225)

The first entry in the monthly calendar (located on the last page of the questionnaire) results from the instruction of 225. Interviewers are required to record in column 1 of the calendar the dates of births in the last 5 to 6 years, along with the months of gestation.

### Current and recent pregnancy history (226-234)

If the woman reports that she is pregnant, she is asked how many months in 227. This information is also recorded in column 1 of the calendar. The planning status of that pregnancy is then determined in 228 in order to help estimate the current need for contraception.

Other recent pregnancies that ended in a non-live birth (miscarriage, abortion, or stillbirth) during the past 5 to 6 years are determined in 229-234 and information about these pregnancies is recorded in column 1 of the calendar. Such information, though frequently underreported, is used to avoid misclassifying months in which the woman is in fact pregnant as months of exposure to the risk of pregnancy. This classification is relevant to the calculation of rates of contraceptive failure, discontinuation, and the likelihood of conception.

# Last non-live birth prior to the calendar period (235-236)

Question 236 requires that the interviewer record the month and year of termination of the last pregnancy that ended in a non-live birth prior to the period covered by the calendar. This information, in conjunction with the data in the calendar on pregnancies ending in live births and non-live births, will permit the calculation of pregnancy intervals for all pregnancies ending in the calendar period. Pregnancy interval data is useful for the analysis of factors associated with perinatal and neonatal mortality.

NO.	QUESTIONS AND FILTERS	CODING CATEGORIES	SKIP
225	FOR EACH BIRTH SINCE JANUARY 1995, <sup>1</sup> ENTER 'B' IN THE MONT CALENDAR. FOR EACH BIRTH, ASK THE NUMBER OF MONTHS TH 'P' IN EACH OF THE PRECEDING MONTHS ACCORDING TO THE D NUMBER OF 'P'S MUST BE ONE LESS THAN THE NUMBER OF MON WRITE THE NAME OF THE CHILD TO THE LEFT OF THE 'B' CODE.	E PREGNANCY LASTED AND RECORD URATION OF PREGNANCY. (NOTE: THE	
226	Are you pregnant now?	YES 1 NO 2 UNSURE 8	_₊ <sub>229</sub>
227	How many months pregnant are you? RECORD NUMBER OF COMPLETED MONTHS. ENTER 'P'S IN COLUMN 1 OF CALENDAR, BEGINNING WITH THE MONTH OF INTERVIEW AND FOR THE TOTAL NUMBER OF COMPLETED MONTHS.	MONTHS	
228	At the time you became pregnant did you want to become pregnant <u>then</u> , did you want to wait until <u>later</u> , or did you <u>not want</u> to have any (more) children at all?	THEN         1           LATER         2           NOT AT ALL         3	
229	Have you ever had a pregnancy that miscarried, was aborted, or ended in a stillbirth?	YES 1 NO 2	_+237
230	When did the last such pregnancy end?	MONTH	
231	CHECK 230: LAST PREGNANCY ENDED IN JAN. 1995' OR LATER V JAN. 1995'		+237
231 232	LAST PREGNANCY LAST PREGNANCY ENDED IN ENDED BEFORE	MONTHS	+237
	LAST PREGNANCY ENDED IN JAN. 1995' OR LATER + JAN. 1995' How many months pregnant were you when the last such pregnancy ended? RECORD NUMBER OF COMPLETED MONTHS. ENTER 'T' IN COLUMN 1 OF CALENDAR IN THE MONTH THAT THE PREGNANCY TERMINATED AND 'P' FOR THE REMAINING	MONTHS	+237 +237
232	LAST PREGNANCY ENDED IN JAN. 1995' OR LATER - LAST PREGNANCY ENDED BEFORE JAN. 1995' OR LATER - JAN. 1995' How many months pregnant were you when the last such pregnancy ended? RECORD NUMBER OF COMPLETED MONTHS. ENTER 'T' IN COLUMN 1 OF CALENDAR IN THE MONTH THAT THE PREGNANCY TERMINATED AND 'P' FOR THE REMAINING NUMBER OF COMPLETED MONTHS. Have you ever had any other pregnancies that did not result in a live	YES 1 NO 2 EARLIER NON-LIVE BIRTH PREGNANCY	
232	LAST PREGNANCY ENDED IN JAN. 1995' OR LATER  UNIT DATA AND THE DURATION OF PREGNANCY TERMINATED AND 'P' FOR THE REMAINING NUMBER OF COMPLETED MONTHS. ENTER 'T' IN COLUMN 1 OF CALENDAR IN THE MONTH THAT THE PREGNANCY TERMINATED AND 'P' FOR THE REMAINING NUMBER OF COMPLETED MONTHS. Have you ever had any other pregnancies that did not result in a live birth? ASK THE DATE AND THE DURATION OF PREGNANCY FOR EACH BACK TO JANUARY 1995.' ENTER 'T' IN COLUMN 1 OF CALENDAR IN THE MONTH THAT EACH	YES 1 NO 2 EARLIER NON-LIVE BIRTH PREGNANCY	

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<sup>1</sup> For fieldwork beginning in 2001, 2002 or 2003, the year should be 1996, 1997 or 1998, respectively.

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### Menstruation and knowledge of the ovulatory cycle (237-239)

Question 237 provides a basis for classifying fecundity status and for improving the reporting of current pregnancy. Unlike earlier surveys that asked about women's perceptions of their ability to conceive, DHS surveys have relied on the reporting of menstruation, in conjunction with other information on contraception and lactation to classify fecundity status.

Knowledge of the time during the ovulatory cycle when a woman is most at risk of becoming pregnant is an indicator of her familiarity with the biology of reproduction. This knowledge is of particular interest for women who rely on the rhythm method or periodic abstinence for contraception. Respondents are asked if there is some time in the monthly ovulatory cycle when the risk of pregnancy is greatest (238) and then when during the cycle that is (239). Questions on knowledge of the ovulatory cycle were included in earlier versions of the DHS core questionnaire, but questions on the current questionnaire are formulated somewhat differently.

NO.	QUESTIONS AND FILTERS	CODING CATEGORIES	SKIP
237	When did your last menstrual period start?	DAYS AGO	
238	From one menstrual period to the next, are there certain days when a woman is more likely to become pregnant if she has sexual relations?	YES 1 NO 2 DON'T KNOW 8	] <sub>▶301</sub>
239	Is this time just before her period begins, during her period, right after her period has ended, or halfway between two periods?	JUST BEFORE HER PERIOD BEGINS	- - - -

# **SECTION 3. CONTRACEPTION**

# Knowledge and use of contraceptive methods (301-303)

This page of questions communicates the concept of contraception to every respondent in terms of a listing of methods that are used for contraception. The method-by-method recital provides the framework for subsequent questions about family planning and is critical to obtaining complete reporting of both ever use and current use of contraception.

The respondent is first asked which methods she has heard about and the interviewer records the methods mentioned spontaneously in 301. She is then asked whether she has ever heard of each method she did not report spontaneously; this is done by reading the description of each of those methods. The response is again recorded in 301. For each method reported spontaneously or recognized after probing, the respondent is asked in 302 whether she has ever used the method. In 303 the interviewer is instructed to record the respondent's status with respect to ever use of any method.

The series of questions on knowledge (301) differs from that in earlier DHS questionnaires in several respects. 1) Additional methods have been included in the list: female condom, the lactational amenorrhea method, and emergency contraception. 2) The diaphragm is now recorded separately rather than being combined with foam and jelly. 3) In recording the knowledge information, no distinction is made between methods reported spontaneously and methods recognized after probing.

#### SECTION 3. CONTRACEPTION

Now I would like to talk about family planning - the various ways or methods that a couple can use to delay or avoid a pregnancy. CIRCLE CODE 1 IN 301 FOR EACH METHOD MENTIONED SPONTANEOUSLY. THEN PROCEED DOWN COLUMN 301, READING THE NAME AND DESCRIPTION OF EACH METHOD NOT MENTIONED SPONTANEOUSLY. CIRCLE CODE 1 IF METHOD IS RECOGNIZED, AND CODE 2 IF NOT RECOGNIZED. THEN, FOR EACH METHOD WITH CODE 1 CIRCLED IN 301, ASK 302.

301	Which ways or methods have you heard about? FOR METHODS NOT MENTIONED SPONTANEOUSLY, ASH Have you ever heard of (METHOD)?	<:	302 Have you ever used (METHOD)?
01	FEMALE STERILIZATION Women can have an operation to avoid having any more children.	YES 1 NO 2 7	Have you ever had an operation to avoid having any more children? YES
02	MALE STERILIZATION Men can have an operation to avoid having any more children.	YES 1 NO 2 ,	Have you ever had a partner who had an operation to avoid having any more children? YES
03	PILL Women can take a pill every day to avoid becoming pregnant.	YES 1 NO 2 -,	YES 1 NO
04	IUD Women can have a loop or coil placed inside them by a doctor or a nurse.	YES 1 NO 2	YES 1 NO
05	INJECTABLES Women can have an injection by a health provider that stops them from becoming pregnant for one or more months.	YES 1 NO 2 -	YES 1 NO 2
06	IMPLANTS Women can have several small rods placed in their upper arm by a doctor or nurse which can prevent pregnancy for one or more years.	YES 1 NO 2	YES 1 NO 2
07	CONDOM Men can put a rubber sheath on their penis before sexual intercourse.	YES 1 NO 2 -	YES 1 NO 2
08	FEMALE CONDOM Women can place a sheath in their vagina before sexual intercourse.	YES 1 NO 2 -	YES 1 NO 2
09	DIAPHRAGM Women can place a thin flexible disk in their vagina before intercourse.	YES 1 NO 2	YES 1 NO 2
10	FOAM OR JELLY Women can place a suppository, jelly, or cream in their vagina before intercourse.	YES 1 NO 2 -	YES 1 NO 2
11	LACTATIONAL AMENORRHEA METHOD (LAM) Up to 6 months after childbirth, a woman can use a method that requires that she breastfeeds frequently, day and night, and that her menstrual period has not returned.	YES 1 NO 2 -	YES 1 NO 2
12	RHYTHM OR PERIODIC ABSTINENCE Every month that a woman is sexually active she can avoid pregnancy by not having sexual intercourse on the days of the month she is most likely to get pregnant.	YES 1 NO 2	YES 1 NO 2
13	WITHDRAWAL Men can be careful and pull out before climax.	YES 1 NO 2-1	YES 1 NO 2
14	EMERGENCY CONTRACEPTION Women can take pills up to three days after sexual intercourse to avoid becoming pregnant.	YES 1 NO 2 -	YES 1 NO 2
15	Have you heard of any other ways or methods that women or men can use to avoid pregnancy?	YES 1 (SPECIFY) (SPECIFY) NO 2	YES
303	CHECK 302: NOT A SINGLE AT LEAST ONE "YES" "YES" (NEVER USED) • (EVER USED)		→307

### Probe on ever use of contraception (304 and 306)

A follow-up probe (304 and 306) for women who reported never using any method is included to provide one more check on the classification of user status. This is important because if the respondent is classified as a "never user," she is skipped out of all subsequent questions asked of users of contraception.

### First use of contraception (307)

This question is intended to locate the beginning of the woman's contraceptive history and is useful for distinguishing women whose first use of a method was for spacing or for limiting fertility.

### Current use of contraception (310)

The single most important piece of information in this section of the questionnaire is whether a woman is currently using contraception (310). It forms the basis for a calculation of the contraceptive prevalence rate.

For the purposes of this question, the intent of the woman is important. She is considered to be a current user if she is doing something with the intent of avoiding pregnancy even if her method is ineffective.

#### Contraceptive method currently used (311)

The question on specific method(s) used permits the calculation of method-specific prevalence rates and rates of modern and traditional method use.

#### Social marketing questions (312)

In countries where pill use is promoted through a social marketing program, it may be desirable to add questions on the brand name and cost per cycle of the respondent's pills.

NO.	QUESTIONS AND FILTERS	CODING CATEGORIES	SKIP
304	Have you ever used anything or tried in any way to delay or avoid getting pregnant?	YES 1 NO 2	<b>_</b> +329
306	What have you used or done?		
	CORRECT 302 AND 303 (AND 301 IF NECESSARY).		
307	Now I would like to ask you about the first time that you did something or used a method to avoid getting pregnant.	NUMBER OF CHILDREN	
	How many living children did you have at that time, if any?		
	IF NONE, RECORD '00'.		
308	CHECK 302 (01):		
	WOMAN NOT WOMAN STERILIZED STERILIZED		—•311A
309	CHECK 226:		
			+329
310	Are you currently doing something or using any method to delay or avoid getting pregnant?	YES 1 NO 2	<b>_</b> +329
311	Which method are you using?'	FEMALE STERILIZATION A	
	IF MORE THAN ONE METHOD MENTIONED, FOLLOW SKIP	PILL <sup>2</sup> C	⊥•313
311A	INSTRUCTION FOR HIGHEST METHOD ON LIST.	IUD       D         INJECTABLES       E         IMPLANTS       F         CONDOM       G         FEMALE CONDOM       H         DIAPHRAGM       I         FOAM/JELLY       J         LACTATIONAL AMEN. METHOD       K         PERIODIC ABSTINENCE       L         WITHDRAWAL       M         OTHER      X         (SPECIFY)	-+316A
312	QUESTIONS ON SOCIAL MARKETING SHOULD BE ADDED IN COUNTRIES THAT HAVE AN ACTIVE SOCIAL MARKETING PROGRAM. <sup>3</sup>		

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<sup>1</sup> Response categories may be added for other methods.
 <sup>2</sup> In countries without a social marketing program for pills, pill users skip to 316A.
 <sup>3</sup> Pill users skip to 316A after last question on social marketing.

# Facility where sterilization was performed (313)

Women who have been surgically sterilized for contraceptive reasons or whose partners have been sterilized are asked about the type of facility in which the procedure was performed.

# Informed consent for sterilization (314)

The purpose of 314 is to determine whether sterilized women or their sterilized husbands/partners were fully informed about the consequences of the sterilization.

# Additional sterilization issues (315)

The sterilization module has been used in a number of countries and contains questions on issues such as satisfaction or regret with having had the operation and whether the respondent would recommend the operation to a friend or relative.

### Date of initiation of current episode of contraceptive use (316-316A)

For current users of contraception, the date of beginning the current episode of use is asked in 316 (for users of sterilization) and in 316A (for all other current users).

NO.	QUESTIONS AND FILTERS	CODING CATEGORIES	SKIP
313	In what facility did the sterilization take place? <sup>1</sup> IF SOURCE IS HOSPITAL, HEALTH CENTER, OR CLINIC, WRITE THE NAME OF THE PLACE. PROBE TO IDENTIFY THE TYPE OF SOURCE AND CIRCLE THE APPROPRIATE CODE. (NAME OF PLACE)	PUBLIC SECTOR       11         GOVT. HOSPITAL       11         GOVT. HEALTH CENTER       12         FAMILY PLANNING CLINIC       13         MOBILE CLINIC       14         OTHER PUBLIC       16         (SPECIFY)       16         PRIVATE MEDICAL SECTOR       16         PRIVATE HOSPITAL/CLINIC       21         PRIVATE DOCTOR'S OFFICE       23         MOBILE CLINIC       24         OTHER PRIVATE       26         (SPECIFY)       96         OTHER       (SPECIFY)         OTHER       96         (SPECIFY)       28	
		(SFECIFY) DON'T KNOW	4
314	CHECK 311:		
	CODE 'A' CIRCLED       CODE 'A' NOT CIRCLED         Before your sterilization operation, were you told that you would not be able to have any (more) children because of the operation?       Before the sterilization operation, was your husband/partner told that he would not be able to have any (more) children because of the operation?	YES 1 NO	
315	IN COUNTRIES WHERE STERILIZATION IS COMMON, ADD ADDITIONAL APPROPRIATE QUESTIONS FROM STERILIZATION MODULE.		
316 316A	In what month and year was the sterilization performed? For how long have you been using (CURRENT METHOD) now without stopping? PROBE: In what month and year did you start using (CURRENT METHOD) continuously?	MONTH	
317	CHECK 316/316A: YEAR IS 1995 <sup>2</sup> YEAR IS 1994 <sup>3</sup> OR LATER OR EARLIER		•327

<sup>1</sup> Coding categories to be developed locally and revised based on the pretest; however, the broad categories must be maintained.
 <sup>2</sup> For fieldwork beginning in 2001, 2002 or 2003, the year should be 1996, 1997 or 1998, respectively.
 <sup>3</sup> For fieldwork beginning in 2001, 2002 or 2003, the year should be 1995, 1996 or 1997, respectively.

# Facility where initially obtained current method (other than sterilization) (320)

Question 320 is asked to women who are currently using the pill, the IUD, injectables, implants, male or female condoms, the diaphragm, and foam/jelly. The objective is to obtain information on the type of facility from which the respondent obtained the method at the time when she began the current episode of use.

Information on method side effects (322-324)

Questions 322-324, concerning the provision of information about method side effects, are asked of current users of female sterilization, the pill, the IUD, injectables, and implants. The objective is to determine whether providers supplied women with adequate information about the possible problems associated with using a method and what to do if problems occurred.

NO.	QUESTIONS AND FILTERS	CODING CATEGORIES	SKIP
319	CHECK 311/311A: CIRCLE METHOD CODE: IF MORE THAN ONE METHOD CODE CIRCLED IN 311/311A, CIRCLE CODE FOR HIGHEST METHOD IN LIST.	PILL       03         IUD       04         INJECTABLES       05         IMPLANTS       06         CONDOM       07         FEMALE CONDOM       08         DIAPHRAGM       09         FOAM/JELLY       10         LACTATIONAL AMEN. METHOD       11         PERIODIC ABSTINENCE       12	> 322 > 331 > 320A > 331 > 331 > 331
320 320A	Where did you obtain (CURRENT METHOD) when you started using it? Where did you learn to use the lactational amenorrhea method?	PUBLIC SECTOR       11         GOVT. HOSPITAL       11         GOVT. HEALTH CENTER       12         FAMILY PLANNING CLINIC       13         MOBILE CLINIC       14         FIELDWORKER       15         OTHER PUBLIC       16         (SPECIFY)	
3204	IF SOURCE IS HOSPITAL, HEALTH CENTER, OR CLINIC, WRITE THE NAME OF THE PLACE. PROBE TO IDENTIFY THE TYPE OF SOURCE AND CIRCLE THE APPROPRIATE CODE. (NAME OF PLACE)	(SPECIFY)         PRIVATE MEDICAL SECTOR         PRIVATE HOSPITAL/CLINIC       21         PHARMACY       22         PRIVATE DOCTOR       23         MOBILE CLINIC       24         FIELDWORKER       25         OTHER PRIVATE       26         (SPECIFY)       31         CHURCH       32         FRIEND/RELATIVE       33         OTHER       96         (SPECIFY)       96	
321	CHECK 311/311A: CIRCLE METHOD CODE: IF MORE THAN ONE METHOD CODE CIRCLED IN 311/311A, CIRCLE CODE FOR HIGHEST METHOD IN LIST.	PILL       03         IUD       04         INJECTABLES       05         IMPLANTS       06         CONDOM       07         FEMALE CONDOM       08         DIAPHRAGM       09         FOAM/JELLY       10         LACTATIONAL AMEN. METHOD       11	+ 328 + 325 + 325 + 325 + 325
322	You obtained (CURRENT METHOD FROM 319) from (SOURCE OF METHOD FROM 313 OR 320). At that time, were you told about side effects or problems you might have with the method?	YES 1 NO 2	+324
323	Were you ever told by a health or family planning worker about side effects or problems you might have with the method?	YES 1 NO 2	<b>_</b> →325
324	Were you told what to do if you experienced side effects or problems?	YES 1 NO 2	

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Information about alternative methods (325-326)

Questions 325-326, concerning the choice of methods offered by providers, are asked to current users of all methods that are usually obtained from a health provider. The objective is to determine whether providers informed women about alternative methods that were appropriate for them.

Last source of method (328)

Question 328, concerning the most recent source from which a contraceptive method was obtained, is asked only to current users of selected methods. This information is relevant to program planning and to increasing the general availability of contraception. There is particular interest in the differences between public and private sources of contraceptive methods.

Knowledge of a source of contraception (329-330)

Questions 329 and 330 are asked only to nonusers. These questions indicate if nonusers are aware of a place where they can obtain a method and the types of places that are known to be sources of contraception.

NO.	QUESTIONS AND FILTERS	CODING CATEGORIES	SKIP
325	CHECK 322:		
	CODE '1' CIRCLED When you obtained (CURRENT METHOD) from (SOURCE OF METHOD FROM CALENDAR) in (DATE), were you told about other methods of family	YES	→327
	planning that you could use? you could use?		
326	Were you ever told by a health or family planning worker about other methods of family planning that you could use?	YES 1 NO 2	
327	CHECK 311/311A: CIRCLE METHOD CODE:	FEMALE STERILIZATION       01         MALE STERILIZATION       02         PILL       03         IUD       04         INJECTABLES       05         IMPLANTS       06         CONDOM       07         FEMALE CONDOM       07         FEMALE CONDOM       09         FOAM/JELLY       10         LACTATIONAL AMEN. METHOD       11         PERIODIC ABSTINENCE       12         WITHDRAWAL       13         OTHER METHOD       96	+331 +331 +331 +331 +331 +331
328	Where did you obtain (CURRENT METHOD) the last time? <sup>1</sup> IF SOURCE IS HOSPITAL, HEALTH CENTER, OR CLINIC, WRITE THE NAME OF THE PLACE. PROBE TO IDENTIFY THE TYPE OF SOURCE AND CIRCLE THE APPROPRIATE CODE. (NAME OF PLACE)	PUBLIC SECTOR       11         GOVT. HOSPITAL       11         GOVT. HEALTH CENTER       12         FAMILY PLANNING CLINIC       13         MOBILE CLINIC       14         FIELDWORKER       15         OTHER PUBLIC       16         (SPECIFY)         PRIVATE MEDICAL SECTOR         PRIVATE MEDICAL SECTOR         PRIVATE MEDICAL SECTOR         PRIVATE DOCTOR         22         PRIVATE DOCTOR         23         MOBILE CLINIC         24         FIELDWORKER         25         OTHER PRIVATE         MEDICAL         26         (SPECIFY)         OTHER SOURCE         SHOP       31         CHURCH       32         FRIEND/RELATIVE       33         OTHER       96	-• 331
329	Do you know of a place where you can obtain a method of family planning?	YES 1 NO 2	_ <b>⊦</b> 331

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<sup>1</sup> Coding categories to be developed locally and revised based on the pretest; however, the broad categories must be maintained.

# Contact with health providers (331-333)

These questions are asked of all respondents. The interest here is to determine whether health outreach workers are contacting women and providing information about family planning (331), and whether women are informed about family planning during health facility visits that are not specifically for the purpose of obtaining family planning advice or services (332-333).

NO.	QUESTIONS AND FILTERS	CODING CATEGORIES	SKIP
330	Where is that? <sup>1</sup> IF SOURCE IS HOSPITAL, HEALTH CENTER, OR CLINIC, WRITE THE NAME OF THE PLACE. PROBE TO IDENTIFY THE TYPE OF SOURCE AND CIRCLE THE APPROPRIATE CODE.	PUBLIC SECTOR GOVT. HOSPITAL A GOVT. HEALTH CENTER B FAMILY PLANNING CLINIC C MOBILE CLINIC D FIELDWORKER E OTHER PUBLIC F	
	(NAME OF PLACE) Any other place? RECORD ALL PLACES MENTIONED.	PRIVATE MEDICAL SECTOR PRIVATE HOSPITAL/CLINIC G PHARMACY H PRIVATE DOCTOR I MOBILE CLINIC J FIELDWORKER K OTHER PRIVATE MEDICAL L (SPECIFY) OTHER SOURCE SHOP N FRIEND/RELATIVE O OTHER X (SPECIFY)	
331	In the last 12 months, were you visited by a fieldworker who talked to you about family planning?	YES 1 NO 2	
332	In the last 12 months, have you visited a health facility for care for yourself (or your children)?	YES 1 NO 2	_ <b>→</b> 401
333	Did any staff member at the health facility speak to you about family planning methods?	YES 1 NO 2	

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<sup>1</sup> Coding categories to be developed locally and revised based on the pretest; however, the broad categories must be maintained.

# SECTION 4A. PREGNANCY, POSTNATAL CARE AND BREASTFEEDING

The questions in this section refer to children born in the 5 to 6 years before the survey in order to obtain a representative sample of live births in the country during that time period. The reference period is a change from the DHS-III core questionnaire which used a 3-year reference period and reverts to the DHS-I and DHS-II core questionnaires which used a 5-year reference period. This change was made in order to collect data for a reference period that is consistent with the definitions of health indicators used by UNICEF and the World Health Organization. Questions pertaining to antenatal care and most questions on postnatal checks have been limited to the last live birth (in the five years prior to the survey).

#### Fertility planning (405-406)

It is important to be able to classify births as wanted or unwanted and, if wanted, whether they occurred sooner than preferred. This is the objective of 405, which permits estimation of what the level of fertility would be if only wanted births had occurred. Women who report the birth as wanted but as having occurred earlier than wanted are then asked how much longer they would like to have waited (406). This information permits determination of the preferred length of birth intervals.

#### Antenatal care (407-414)

In order to detect problems associated with pregnancy and delivery, all women should receive routine antenatal checkups. National policies vary on the suggested number of visits and on the suggested health provider. Questions 407-411 ascertain whether or not women received antenatal care, the number of visits, the health provider, and the stage of pregnancy at the first and last checkup. The question on the month of gestation for the last checkup is new to the DHS+ questionnaire. The interest here is to determine the amount of time between contact with the last health provider and delivery.

SECTION 4A. PREGNANCY, POSTNATAL CARE AND BREASTFEEDING

-			
401	CHECK 224: ONE OR MORE BIRTHS IN 1995 <sup>1</sup> OR LATER	NO BIRTHS IN 1995 <sup>1</sup> OR LATER	+487
402	ENTER IN THE TABLE THE LINE NUMBER, ASK THE QUESTIONS ABOUT ALL OF THE (IF THERE ARE MORE THAN 2 BIRTHS, USI	SE BIRTHS. BEGIN WITH THE LAST B	IRTH
	Now I would like to ask you some questions at each separately.)	bout the health of all your children born ir	the last five years. (We will talk about
403		LAST BIRTH	NEXT-TO-LAST BIRTH
	LINE NUMBER FROM 212		
404		NAME	NAME
	FROM 212 AND 216		
405	At the time you became pregnant with	THEN 1	THEN 1
	(NAME), did you want to become pregnant <u>then</u> , did you want to wait until later,	(SKIP TO 407)∙ LATER 2	(SKIP TO 423)•
	or did you <u>not want</u> to have any (more) children at all?	NOT AT ALL	NOT AT ALL
		(SKIP TO 407) •	(SKIP TO 423)
406	How much longer would you like to have waited?	MONTHS 1	MONTHS 1
	Walled :		
		YEARS 2	YEARS 2
	······································	DON'T KNOW 998	DON'T KNOW
407	Did you see anyone for antenatal care for this pregnancy? <sup>2</sup>	HEALTH PROFESSIONAL DOCTOR A	
	IF YES: Whom did you see?	NURSE/MIDWIFE B AUXILIARY MIDWIFE C	
	Anyone else?	OTHER PERSON TRADITIONAL BIRTH	
	PROBE FOR THE TYPE OF PERSON AND RECORD ALL PERSONS SEEN.	ATTENDANT D	
		OTHERX (SPECIFY)	
		NO ONE	
408	How many months pregnant were you when		
400	you first received antenatal care for this	MONTHS	
	pregnancy?	DON'T KNOW	
409	How many times did you receive antenatal		
	care during this pregnancy?	NO. OF TIMES	
<b></b>		DON'T KNOW	
410	CHECK 409:		
	NUMBER OF TIMES RECEIVED ANTENATAL CARE		
		(SKIP TO 412)	
L		······································	alan ministration and the second time is the state of the state of the second providence of the state of the se

<sup>1</sup> For fieldwork beginning in 2001, 2002 or 2003, the year should be 1996, 1997 or 1998, respectively.
 <sup>2</sup> Coding categories to be developed locally and revised based on the pretest; however, the broad categories must be maintained.

Question 412 was designed to determine the content of antenatal care. Respondents are asked if any of a list of five procedures (height, weight, blood pressure, urine, and blood draw) were performed at least once during their antenatal care visits. This list is a subset of antenatal care procedures recommended by WHO. The particular items in the list were selected for inclusion in the *DHS*+ questionnaire because they all involve participation by a woman, making it likely that she can recall whether or not the procedure was done.

It is known that much of what is routinely done during an antenatal care visit cannot prevent maternal deaths, the majority of which happen around the time of delivery. Therefore, teaching pregnant women the danger signs associated with pregnancy and delivery, as well as the appropriate actions to take, are essential components of antenatal care. Questions 413-414 measure whether this advice is given to women.

### Tetanus toxoid (415-416)

Neonatal tetanus, an almost universally fatal disease, can be prevented by transfer of immunity from a mother who has been adequately immunized to the baby who is still in the womb. The degree to which a woman is immune to tetanus depends on both recent vaccinations and vaccinations she has received throughout her life, including in her childhood. Since it is not possible to obtain accurate information about the number and timing of all lifetime vaccinations from the woman's recall, 415 simply collects information on the percentage of last live births to mothers who received a tetanus toxoid vaccination. Since most women are unlikely to have received tetanus toxoid vaccinations during childhood, they generally need two doses during their first pregnancy and a booster dose during subsequent pregnancies within three years. An attempt is made to distinguish tetanus toxoid from other injections by specifying where the injection is given (i.e., in the arm).

#### Iron supplementation and night blindness (417-420)

Nutritional deficiencies in women are often exacerbated during pregnancy because of the additional nutrient demands associated with fetal growth. In poorly nourished pregnant women, these problems are even more pronounced. Iron deficiency anemia is the most common micronutrient deficiency in the world. It is a major threat to safe motherhood as it contributes to low birth weight, lowered resistance to infection, poor cognitive development, and decreased work capacity. Iron status can be improved by means of iron supplements for women along with improved diets and control of parasites and malaria. Iron supplementation is necessary for pregnant women because their needs are too high to be met by means of food intake. Taking iron tablets for several months is now recommended for countries where anemia prevalence is moderately high. Questions 417-418 determine whether women are being reached with iron supplementation.

Night blindness, or difficulty seeing at dusk, is a result of chronic vitamin A deficiency (VAD) and is often seen in pregnant women in areas where VAD is endemic. Night blindness is a symptom of advanced, or severe, VAD, and a significant amount of night blindness in pregnant women is indicative of a larger problem of mild and moderate VAD in the region. Questions 419-420 ascertain the extent to which night blindness is a problem during pregnancy.

### Malarial prophylaxis (421-422)

WHO recommends that a pregnant woman take malaria prophylaxis throughout pregnancy. In areas with endemic malaria, the taking of chemoprophylaxis during pregnancy is associated with fewer episodes of fever and illness in mothers and higher birth weight in infants.

		LAST BIRTH	NEXT-TO-LAST BIRTH
		NAME	NAME
411	How many months pregnant were you the last time you received antenatal care?	MONTHS	
412	During this pregnancy, were any of the following done at least once?	YES NO	
	Were you weighed? Was your height measured? Was your blood pressure measured? Did you give a urine sample? Did you give a blood sample?	WEIGHT       1       2         HEIGHT       1       2         BLOOD PRESSURE       1       2         URINE SAMPLE       1       2         BLOOD SAMPLE       1       2	
413	Were you told about the signs of pregnancy complications?	YES 1	
	complications ?	NO 2 (SKIP TO 415)∢ DON'T KNOW	
414	Were you told where to go if you had these complications?	YES	
415	During this pregnancy, were you given an injection in the arm <sup>1</sup> to prevent the baby from getting tetanus, that is, convulsions after birth?	YES	
416	During this pregnancy, how many times did you get this injection?	TIMES	
		DON'T KNOW 8	
417	During this pregnancy, were you given or did you buy any iron tablets or iron syrup? <sup>2</sup>	YES 1	
	SHOW TABLET/SYRUP. <sup>2</sup>	NO         2           (SKIP TO 419)            DON'T KNOW         8	
418	During the whole pregnancy, for how many days did you take the tablets or syrup? <sup>2,3</sup>	NUMBER OF DAYS	
	IF ANSWER IS NOT NUMERIC, PROBE FOR APPROXIMATE NUMBER OF DAYS.	DON'T KNOW	
419	During this pregnancy, did you have difficulty with your vision during the daylight?	YES	
420	During this pregnancy, did you suffer from night blindness [USE LOCAL TERM]?	YES	
421	During this pregnancy, did you take any drugs to prevent you from getting malaria? <sup>4</sup>	YES 1	
	arugs to prevent you norn getting maiafla?	NO         2           (SKIP TO 423)         1           DON'T KNOW         8	

•

<sup>1</sup> Vaccination practices may vary; this question should specify where the injection is given, e.g., arm or shoulder.
 <sup>2</sup> Syrup should be deleted in countries where syrup is not used.
 <sup>3</sup> In countries where it is important to know the number of iron tablets taken per day, an appropriate question may be added.
 <sup>4</sup> Delete in countries where malaria is not prevalent.

# Size of newborn baby (423-425)

Low-birth-weight babies face higher risks of dying than do babies of normal birth weight. Respondents are asked the baby's birth weight (424-425) and, since some babies will not have been weighed at birth, their subjective assessment of the baby's size at birth (423). An analysis of the responses from the women who can answer both of these questions will give an indication of what women mean by the subjective categories ("very small", "average", etc.) in 423. This information allows an estimate of the average birth weight. Programs designed to lower infant mortality rates through the prevention of low birth weight can use the estimates of the proportion of low-birth-weight babies for planning purposes. These data are also an indicator of a newborn's health status and a predictor of subsequent morbidity and mortality.

### <u>Delivery</u> (426-428)

Access to a skilled provider of obstetric care at the time of delivery is now recognized as critical to the reduction of maternal mortality. Whereas many national programs previously sought to reduce maternal mortality by training traditional birth attendants, most now acknowledge that provision of essential obstetric care is necessary. Of course, access to a medically skilled provider does not necessarily mean all women should strive for a facility-based delivery. Questions 426 and 427 ascertain where a woman delivered and the qualifications of the person who assisted at the delivery.

		LAST BIRTH	NEXT-TO-LAST BIRTH
		NAME	NAME
422	What drugs did you take? <sup>1</sup> RECORD ALL MENTIONED. IF TYPE OF DRUG IS NOT DETERMINED, SHOW TYPICAL ANTIMALARIAL DRUGS TO RESPONDENT.	FANSIDAR A CHLOROQUINE B UNKNOWN DRUG C OTHER X (SPECIFY)	
423	When (NAME) was born, was he/she very large, larger than average, average, smaller than average, or very small?	VERY LARGE 1 LARGER THAN AVERAGE 2 AVERAGE 3 SMALLER THAN AVERAGE 4 VERY SMALL 5 DON'T KNOW 8	VERY LARGE
424	Was (NAME) weighed at birth?	YES 1	YES 1
		NO2 (SKIP TO 426)∢ DON'T KNOW8	NO2 (SKIP TO 426)∢———↓ DON'T KNOW8
425	How much did (NAME) weigh?	GRAMS FROM CARD 1	GRAMS FROM CARD 1
	RECORD WEIGHT FROM HEALTH CARD, IF AVAILABLE.	GRAMS FROM RECALL 2	GRAMS FROM RECALL 2
			DON'T KNOW
426	Who assisted with the delivery of (NAME)? <sup>2</sup> Anyone else? PROBE FOR THE TYPE OF PERSON AND RECORD ALL PERSONS ASSISTING.	HEALTH PROFESSIONAL DOCTOR	HEALTH PROFESSIONAL DOCTOR
	IF RESPONDENT SAYS NO ONE ASSISTED, PROBE TO DETERMINE WHETHER ANY ADULTS WERE PRESENT AT THE DELIVERY	OTHERX (SPECIFY) NO ONEY	OTHER X (SPECIFY) NO ONE Y
427	Where did you give birth to (NAME)? <sup>2</sup> IF SOURCE IS HOSPITAL, HEALTH CENTER, OR CLINIC, WRITE THE NAME	HOME YOUR HOME11 (SKIP TO 429)•	HOME YOUR HOME
	OF THE PLACE. PROBE TO IDENTIFY THE TYPE OF SOURCE AND CIRCLE THE APPROPRIATE CODE.	PUBLIC SECTOR GOVT. HOSPITAL	PUBLIC SECTOR GOVT. HOSPITAL
	(NAME OF PLACE)	OTHER PUBLIC 26 (SPECIFY)	OTHER PUBLIC 26
		PRIVATE MEDICAL SECTOR PVT. HOSPITAL/CLINIC 31 OTHER PVT. MEDICAL 36 (SPECIFY)	PRIVATE MEDICAL SECTOR PVT. HOSPITAL/CLINIC 31 OTHER PVT. MEDICAL 36 (SPECIFY)
		OTHER96 (SPECIFY) (SKIP TO 429)-	OTHER96 (SPECIFY) (SKIP TO 429)•

<sup>1</sup> Delete in countries where malaria is not prevalent. <sup>2</sup> Coding categories to be developed locally and revised based on the pretest; however, the broad categories must be maintained.

Question 428 asks whether a delivery was by caesarean section. Rates of caesarean section are a good indicator of access to essential obstetric care. Differentials in these rates by geographic region or by socioeconomic characteristics of the woman can identify underserved populations. Abnormally high rates may also indicate overuse of caesarean section.

# Postnatal care (429-432)

A large proportion of maternal deaths occur during the 48 hours before and after delivery. In spite of the high risk associated with the immediate postpartum period, particularly from sepsis and hemorrhage, very little is known about health practices during this period. Safe Motherhood programs have recently given increased attention to the importance of a postpartum visit, recommending that all women have a check on their health within 48 hours of delivery. Question 429 ascertains whether a woman's health was checked by a health provider after the birth of her last child. Questions 430 to 432 inquire into the timing of the first postnatal checkup, the type of health provider, and the location of the checkup. These questions measure the success of country programs at instituting postnatal health checks. The questions are not asked about births that were delivered in institutions since it can be assumed that institutional births received some postnatal care.

# Postnatal vitamin A (433)

Breastfeeding helps protect infants against vitamin A deficiency. A single postpartum dose of vitamin A given to women within eight weeks of delivery increases the vitamin A content of breast milk. Question 433 provides information on whether or not a mother received this supplement.

### Postpartum amenorrhea and abstinence (434-439)

Information on the duration of postpartum amenorrhea and abstinence is collected to determine the influence of these variables on the length of birth intervals and on the general level of fertility in the population. These durations vary a great deal across countries and can relate strongly to the use of contraception and the probability of conception.

		LAST BIRTH	NEXT-TO-LAST BIRTH
L		NAME	NAME
428	Was (NAME) delivered by caesarean section?	YES1 (SKIP TO 433)•  NO2	YES 1 (SKIP TO 435)
429	After (NAME) was born, did a health professional or a traditional birth attendant check on your health?	YES	YES 1 NO 2
430	How many days or weeks after delivery did the first check take place?	DAYS AFTER DEL 1	
	RECORD '00' DAYS IF SAME DAY.	WEEKS AFTER DEL . 2	
<u> </u>		DON'T KNOW	
431	Who checked on your health at that time? <sup>1</sup> PROBE FOR MOST QUALIFIED PERSON.	HEALTH PROFESSIONAL DOCTOR	
		OTHER PERSON TRADITIONAL BIRTH ATTENDANT21	
		OTHER96 (SPECIFY)	
432	Where did this first check take place?	HOME YOUR HOME11 OTHER HOME12	
	IF SOURCE IS HOSPITAL, HEALTH CENTER, OR CLINIC, WRITE THE NAME OF THE PLACE. PROBE TO IDENTIFY THE TYPE OF SOURCE AND CIRCLE THE APPROPRIATE CODE.	PUBLIC SECTOR GOVT. HOSPITAL	
		OTHER PUBLIC 26 (SPECIFY)	
	(NAME OF PLACE)	PRIVATE MEDICAL SECTOR PVT. HOSPITAL/CLINIC 31 OTHER PVT. MEDICAL36 (SPECIFY)	
		OTHER96 (SPECIFY)	
433	In the first two months after delivery, did you receive a vitamin A dose like this?	YES 1 NO 2	
	SHOW AMPULE/CAPSULE/SYRUP.		
434	Has your period returned since the birth of (NAME)?	YES	
435	Did your period return between the birth of (NAME) and your next pregnancy?		YES 1 NO 2 (SKIP TO 439)•
436	For how many months after the birth of (NAME) did you <u>not</u> have a period?	MONTHS	MONTHS

<sup>1</sup> Coding categories to be developed locally and revised based on the pretest; however, the broad categories must be maintained.

# Breastfeeding: ever breastfed, initiation, and duration (440-441; 445-446)

For each child born in the last 5 years, the respondent is asked whether the infant was ever breastfed (440). Question 441 asks about the length of time from birth until the infant was first put to the breast. Breastfeeding practices immediately after birth vary. Among some groups the infant is placed at the breast soon after birth; among others the infant is not put to the breast until much later, so he or she does not receive the colostrum containing high concentrations of the antibodies that protect the child from infection. Delays in placing the infant at the breast may contribute to breastfeeding failure. This reduces the birth spacing effect of lactational amenorrhea and can lead to poor health for the child. The respondent is also asked if the child is still being breastfeed (445), and if not, the duration of any breastfeeding (446).

### Prelacteal feeds (442-443)

For approximately three days after delivery, the breasts secrete colostrum. Colostrum is yellow and thicker than the later milk, and it contains more antibodies and white blood cells. It gives the infant protection against bacteria and viruses that he/she may encounter. There are some communities that believe colostrum is not good for infants and do not allow them to have colostrum. Fluids and/or solids given to infants in the first few days after delivery are called prelacteal feeds. They may introduce pathogens that cause diarrhea and other diseases. Prelacteal feeds are given during the period when the colostrum is produced prior to the free flow of the mother's mature milk and rob the infant of this important health protecting substance. The respondent is asked whether the infant was given any prelacteal feeding (442) and if so, what was given (443).

		LAST BIRTH	NEXT-TO-LAST BIRTH
		NAME	NAME
437	CHECK 226: IS RESPONDENT PREGNANT?	NOT PREGNANT PREG- OR UNSURE NANT V (SKIP TO 439)-	
438	Have you resumed sexual relations since the birth of (NAME)?	YES	
439	For how many months after the birth of (NAME) did you <u>not</u> have sexual relations?	MONTHS	MONTHS
440	Did you ever breastfeed (NAME)?	YES 1 NO 2 (SKIP TO 447)4	YES 1 NO
441	How long after birth did you first put (NAME) to the breast? IF LESS THAN 1 HOUR, RECORD '00' HOURS. IF LESS THAN 24 HOURS, RECORD HOURS. OTHERWISE, RECORD DAYS.	IMMEDIATELY       000         HOURS       1         DAYS       2	IMMEDIATELY       000         HOURS       1         DAYS       2
442	In the first three days after delivery, before your milk began flowing regularly, was (NAME) given anything to drink other than breast milk?	YES 1 NO 2 (SKIP TO 444)•	YES 1 NO 2 (SKIP TO 444)•
443	What was (NAME) given to drink before your milk began flowing regularly? Anything else? RECORD ALL LIQUIDS MENTIONED.	MILK (OTHER THAN         BREAST MILK)       A         PLAIN WATER       B         SUGAR OR GLUCOSE WATER       C         GRIPE WATER       D         SUGAR-SALT-WATER       SOLUTION         SOLUTION       E         FRUIT JUICE       F         INFANT FORMULA       G         TEA/INFUSIONS       H         HONEY       I         OTHER       X	MILK (OTHER THAN         BREAST MILK)       A         PLAIN WATER       B         SUGAR OR GLUCOSE WATER       C         GRIPE WATER       D         SUGAR-SALT-WATER SOLUTION       E         FRUIT JUICE       F         INFANT FORMULA       G         TEA/INFUSIONS       H         HONEY       I         OTHER      X         (SPECIFY)
444	CHECK 404: IS CHILD LIVING?		
445	Are you still breastfeeding (NAME)?	•         (SKIP TO 446)•           YES         1           (SKIP TO 448)•         2	•         (SKIP TO 446)•           YES         1           (SKIP TO 448)•         2
446	For how many months did you breastfeed (NAME)?	MONTHS	MONTHS
447	CHECK 404: IS CHILD LIVING?	LIVING DEAD GO BACK TO 405 IN NEXT COLUMN; OR, IF NO MORE BIRTHS, GO (SKIP TO 450) TO 454)	LIVING DEAD GO BACK TO 405 IN LAST COLUMN OF NEW QUESTION-NAIRE; OR, IF NO MORE BIRTHS, GO TO 454)

# Frequency of breastfeeding (448-449)

Two issues are of importance with regard to the effect of feeding practices on child health, mortality, and physical growth. 1) Introducing breast milk substitutes to young infants (before 6 months of age) interferes with the establishment of successful lactation and contributes to breastfeeding failure. In addition, the breast milk substitutes (other milks, local porridges, or infant formula) given to infants are often watered down, providing too few calories. Breast milk substitutes may also be contaminated, exposing the infant to a cycle of malnutrition and diarrheal illness. 2) Introducing complementary foods too late results in malnutrition since the child does not receive enough calories for his/her needs. Feeding complementary foods that do not contain enough calories, proteins, vitamins, and other nutrients will also result in specific nutritional problems, such as vitamin A deficiency (VAD).

The use of breast milk substitutes also affects the duration of amenorrhea, since it results in less suckling by the infant which, in turn, leads to a decreased production of pituitary hormones by the mother and to a shorter duration of postpartum amenorrhea. The child's health and nutritional status and the duration of postpartum amenorrhea are affected by the intensity of breastfeeding, which is assessed by asking how many times the child was breastfeed during a 24-hour period (448-449).

# Bottle-feeding, sugar added to foods, and frequency of meals and snacks (450-452)

Question 450 determines whether the child was given anything to drink from a bottle with a nipple. Since it is difficult to clean feeding bottles, their use places the child at high risk for developing diarrhea. The use of a feeding bottle for giving liquids to a breastfed baby may suggest that the baby receives less breast milk and spends less time suckling at the breast.

When added to foods, sugar provides an additional source of energy (an important dietary component) for children. If widely given to children under 6 years, sugar could be a vehicle for fortification with vitamin A. Question 451 determines whether sugar was given to children the day before the interview.

Children should continue breastfeeding through at least 24 months. After six months, when complementary feeding is introduced, the frequency of meals and snacks varies by the age and breastfeeding status of the child. A child who is still breastfeeding at 6 to 8 months should receive meals and snacks 2 to 3 times a day. Between 9 and 11 months, the child should receive 3-4 complementary feeds per day, and from 12 months onwards the child should eat at least 4 to 5 times per day. Question 452 asks about the frequency of feeds with solid, semisolid, or soft foods.

		LAST BIRTH	NEXT-TO-LAST BIRTH
		NAME	NAME
448	How many times did you breastfeed last night between sunset and sunrise? IF ANSWER IS NOT NUMERIC, PROBE FOR APPROXIMATE NUMBER.		
449	How many times did you breastfeed yesterday during the daylight hours? IF ANSWER IS NOT NUMERIC, PROBE FOR APPROXIMATE NUMBER.	NUMBER OF DAYLIGHT FEEDINGS	NUMBER OF DAYLIGHT FEEDINGS
450	Did (NAME) drink anything from a bottle with a nipple yesterday or last night?	YES	YES
451	Was sugar added to any of the foods or liquids (NAME) ate yesterday?	YES	YES
452	How many <u>times</u> did (NAME) eat solid, semisolid, or soft foods other than liquids yesterday during the day or at night? IF 7 OR MORE TIMES, RECORD '7'.	NUMBER OF TIMES	NUMBER OF TIMES
453		GO BACK TO 405 IN NEXT COLUMN; OR, IF NO MORE BIRTHS, GO TO 454.	GO BACK TO 405 IN LAST COLUMN OF NEW QUESTIONNAIRE; OR, IF NO MORE BIRTHS, GO TO 454.

# SECTION 4B. IMMUNIZATION, HEALTH, AND NUTRITION

## Vitamin A supplementation for children (457 and 460)

Starting at about six months of age, a variety of foods that have vitamin A should be given to complement the vitamin A in breast milk. From 6 to 18 months, additional vitamin A intake is necessary because more frequent infections such as diarrhea and measles use up vitamin A stores. Vitamin A can be given in oral supplements to children in the form of liquid drops that come in ampules, capsules, or syrup. Since vitamin A can be stored in the liver, concentrated doses can be given. Each child needs to be given 10 doses at 6-month intervals from about six months of age. Vitamin A is delivered during routine immunization contacts as well as during national immunization days for oral polio vaccine. Therefore, Questions 457 and 460 ask whether the child has received vitamin A during the past six months and verify the supplementation from the vaccination card.

### Vaccination history (458-465)

Information about the immunization status of surviving children born in the last 5 to 6 years is collected to ascertain the level of coverage, and hence the level of protection against specific diseases. The data are also used in analyses of use of health services, to determine "missed opportunities" for vaccinations, and to identify high-risk groups that are not benefitting from immunization programs. Examples of "missed opportunities" would be a mother who has received recent antenatal care, but whose children have not been immunized, or children who have visited a health facility recently, but have not received an immunization.

The immunization record filled out by health workers and kept in the household is the main source of information about childhood vaccinations. The dates of vaccination against tuberculosis (BCG vaccine), diphtheria, whooping cough and tetanus (DPT), poliomyelitis, and measles are copied into the questionnaire from the vaccination cards (460). For multiple-dose vaccines, the date of each dose is recorded. An examination of the age at vaccination for successive age cohorts allows an analysis of changes in performance of the immunization program. Respondents are also asked if the child has received any vaccinations not written on the card (461).

When there is no card, the mother is asked if she ever had a card for that child (459). She is also asked which immunizations the child has received, if any (462-463). The questions probing for immunizations will determine whether the child ever received BCG vaccine, polio and DPT vaccines (including the number of doses), and measles vaccine (463). BCG vaccine usually leaves a scar and is usually given as an injection in the left arm or shoulder. Polio vaccine is usually given orally as (pink) drops, and it is usually recommended that children receive three or four doses in the first year of life, though other vaccination schedules may be used in some countries. The DPT vaccine is an injection usually given at the same time as the oral polio vaccine except when polio vaccine is given during national immunization days. Measles vaccine is given as an injection, and is usually recommended to be given at nine months of age.

Women are also asked if their child participated in a national immunization campaign in the last two years and, if so, which campaign (464-465). Depending on the country, it may be possible to determine which vaccines were administered in specific campaigns.

SECTION 4B. IMMUNIZATION, HEALTH AND NUTRITION
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454	ENTER IN THE TABLE THE LINE NUMBER, (IF THERE ARE MORE THAN 2 BIRTHS, US	NAME, AND SURVIVAL STATUS OF EA E LAST COLUMN OF ADDITIONAL QUI	ACH BIRTH IN 1995 <sup>1</sup> OR LATER. ESTIONNAIRES).
455	LINE NUMBER FROM 212		NEXT-TO-LAST BIRTH
456	FROM 212 AND 216	NAME	NAME LIVING DEAD (GO TO 456 IN LAST COLUMN OF NEW QUESTION- NAIRE; OR, IF NO MORE BIRTHS, GO TO 484)
457	Did (NAME) receive a vitamin A dose like this during the last 6 months? SHOW AMPULE/CAPSULE/SYRUP.	YES	YES
458	Do you have a card where (NAME'S) vaccinations are written down? <sup>2</sup> IF YES: May I see it please?	YES, SEEN	YES, SEEN
459	Did you ever have a vaccination card for (NAME)?	YES 1 (SKIP TO 462)•	YES 1 (SKIP TO 462)
460	<ul> <li>(1) COPY VACCINATION DATE FOR EACH VACCINE FROM THE CARD.<sup>2</sup></li> <li>(2) WRITE '44' IN 'DAY' COLUMN IF CARD SHOWS THAT A VACCINATION WAS GIVEN, BUT NO DATE IS RECORDED.</li> <li>BCG</li> <li>POLIO 0 (POLIO GIVEN AT BIRTH)</li> <li>POLIO 1</li> <li>POLIO 2</li> <li>POLIO 2</li> <li>POLIO 3</li> <li>DPT 1</li> <li>DPT 2</li> <li>DPT 3</li> <li>MEASLES</li> <li>VITAMIN A (MOST RECENT)</li> </ul>	DAY     MONTH     YEAR       BCG          P0          P1          P2          D1          D2          D3          VIT. A	DAY       MONTH       YEAR         BCG

<sup>1</sup> For fieldwork beginning in 2001, 2002 or 2003, the year should be 1996, 1997 or 1998, respectively.
 <sup>2</sup> To be developed locally since immunization practices may vary from country to country, as may the terms used for the written record and for the vaccinations. Add yellow fever, rubella, MMR, HIB (3 doses), and hepatitis B (3 doses) in 460 in countries where these vaccinations are listed on the vaccination card.

<b></b>		ſ	· ·
[		LAST BIRTH	NEXT-TO-LAST BIRTH
		NAME	NAME
461	Has (NAME) received any vaccinations that are not recorded on this card, including vaccinations received in a national immunization day campaign? RECORD 'YES' ONLY IF RESPONDENT MENTIONS BCG, POLIO 0-3, DPT 1-3, AND/OR MEASLES VACCINE(S). <sup>1</sup>	YES	YES
462	Did (NAME) ever receive any vaccinations to prevent him/her from getting diseases, including vaccinations received in a national immunization day campaign?	YES	YES
463	Please tell me if (NAME) received any of the following vaccinations: <sup>2</sup>		
463A	A BCG vaccination against tuberculosis, that is, an injection in the arm or shoulder that usually causes a scar? <sup>3</sup>	YES	YES
463B	Polio vaccine, that is, drops in the mouth?	YES	YES
463C	When was the first polio vaccine received, just after birth or later?	JUST AFTER BIRTH 1 LATER 2	JUST AFTER BIRTH 1 LATER 2
463D	How many times was the polio vaccine received?		
463E	A DPT vaccination, that is, an injection given in the thigh or buttocks, sometimes at the same time as polio drops? <sup>3</sup>	YES	YES
463F	How many times?		
463G	An injection to prevent measles?	YES	YES
464	Were any of the vaccinations (NAME) received during the last two years given as part of a national immunization day campaign?	YES	YES
465	At which national immunization day campaigns did (NAME) receive vaccinations? RECORD ALL CAMPAIGNS MENTIONED.	CAMPAIGN 1 (TYPE/DATE) A CAMPAIGN 2 (TYPE/DATE) B CAMPAIGN 3 (TYPE/DATE) C CAMPAIGN 4 (TYPE/DATE) D	CAMPAIGN 1 (TYPE/DATE) A CAMPAIGN 2 (TYPE/DATE) B CAMPAIGN 3 (TYPE/DATE) C CAMPAIGN 4 (TYPE/DATE) D
		L	

<sup>1</sup> Add to interviewer instruction yellow fever, rubella, MMR, HIB, and hepatitis B where these are included in 460.
 <sup>2</sup> To be developed locally since immunization practices may vary from country to country, as may the terms used for the vaccinations. Include question on injection for yellow fever wherever this is included in 460.
 <sup>3</sup> Adapt question locally after determining the most common injection site.

#### Child illness episodes; last two weeks (466-482)

Malaria, diarrhea, and acute lower respiratory infection (primarily pneumonia) are major causes of death in young children. The questions concerning these health problems are designed to determine how children are treated and the extent of their contact with the health care system. A 2-week reference period was chosen in order to obtain large enough sample sizes to allow meaningful analyses without encountering substantial problems with respondent recall.

#### <u>Fever</u> (466)

In the majority of developing countries, the diagnosis of malaria is presumptive and it is mainly associated with fever (466). Questions concerning the treatment of children with fever appear below (473-474).

#### Cough/Acute respiratory infection (467-468)

In addition to providing information about treatment and contact with health services, the questions about cough or acute respiratory infection (ARI) also indicate the proportion of children who show symptoms consistent with acute <u>lower</u> respiratory infection (ALRI). Since ALRI, primarily pneumonia, is the cause of a significant proportion of infant and childhood deaths, programs for the early identification and antibiotic treatment of pneumonia (or ALRI) are being implemented in many countries. The World Health Organization (WHO) has drawn up guidelines for the case management of ALRI; however, relatively little data exist to estimate the demands that this initiative will place on health care delivery systems.

The question to determine whether a child has been ill with a cough in the past two weeks (467) is followed by a question on whether the child was breathing rapidly (468). Children who are more severely ill and who have an acute <u>lower</u> respiratory infection have an increased respiratory rate, i.e., they breathe faster than normal.

#### Health-seeking behavior; fever and cough (470-471)

Contact with health services is ascertained with respect to children who are reported to have had fever and/or cough in the past two weeks (470-471). Especially in the case of children suffering from ALRI, it is important to know what proportion are in contact with health personnel since WHO's case management approach recommends treatment by health personnel. The health facilities listed in the response to this question range from a small health post to a health center and hospital. A health post or dispensary usually has no inpatient beds, while a health center usually has at least a few maternity and general beds. Since some countries use the term "clinic" to describe certain health facilities, this term has also been included. The specific names of health facilities used as response categories should reflect country-specific nomenclature.

#### Fever treatment (473-474)

The recommendations of WHO call for prompt and correct treatment of fever with an antimalarial drug. Mothers are asked if any drugs were taken by the child (473) and, if so, what drugs were taken (474).

		LAST BIRTH	NEXT-TO-LAST BIRTH
		NAME	NAME
466	Has (NAME) been ill with a fever at any time in the last 2 weeks?	YES	YES
467	Has (NAME) had an illness with a cough at any time in the last 2 weeks?	YES	YES
468	When (NAME) had an illness with a cough, did he/she breathe faster than usual with short, rapid breaths?	YES	YES
469	CHECK 466 AND 467: FEVER OR COUGH?	"YES" IN 466 OTHER OR 467 ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓	"YES" IN 466 OTHER OR 467 ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓
470	Did you seek advice or treatment for the fever/cough?	YES 1 NO 2 (SKIP TO 472)•	YES 1 NO 2 (SKIP TO 472)
471	Where did you seek advice or treatment? <sup>1</sup> Anywhere else? RECORD ALL SOURCES MENTIONED.	PUBLIC SECTOR GOVT. HOSPITAL A GOVT. HEALTH CENTER B GOVT. HEALTH POST C MOBILE CLINIC D FIELDWORKER E	PUBLIC SECTOR GOVT. HOSPITAL A GOVT. HEALTH CENTER B GOVT. HEALTH POST C MOBILE CLINIC D FIELDWORKER E
		OTHER PUBLIC F (SPECIFY)	OTHER PUBLIC F (SPECIFY)
		PRIVATE MEDICAL SECTOR PVT. HOSPITAL/CLINIC G PHARMACY H PRIVATE DOCTOR I MOBILE CLINIC J FIELDWORKER K OTHER PVT. MEDICALL (SPECIFY)	PRIVATE MEDICAL SECTOR PVT. HOSPITAL/CLINIC G PHARMACY H PRIVATE DOCTOR I MOBILE CLINIC J FIELDWORKER K OTHER PVT. MEDICALL (SPECIFY)
		OTHER SOURCE SHOP M TRAD. PRACTITIONER N	OTHER SOURCE SHOP M TRAD. PRACTITIONER N
		OTHERX	OTHERX (SPECIFY)
472	CHECK 466: HAD FEVER? <sup>2</sup>	"YES" IN 466 "NO" OR "DK" IN 466 • • • • (SKIP TO 475)	"YES" IN 466 "NO" OR "DK" IN 466 • • • (SKIP TO 475)
473	Did (NAME) take any drugs for the fever? <sup>2</sup>	YES	YES

<sup>1</sup> Coding categories to be developed locally and revised based on the pretest; however, the broad coding categories must be maintained.
 <sup>2</sup> Delete in countries where malaria is not prevalent.

#### Diarrhea and its treatment (475-482)

The questions concerning diarrhea are designed to determine treatment practices in the population and whether oral rehydration therapy is given to children with diarrhea. The local language term(s) for diarrhea that are used in these questions should be inclusive of the word(s) that are used to refer to dysentery (i.e., stools with blood).

Since most programs to control morbidity and mortality from diarrhea emphasize giving increased fluids to children with acute watery diarrhea, the respondent is asked whether the child was given an increased amount of fluids during the diarrheal episode. All mothers are asked if the child was offered the same amount of liquid to drink as before the diarrheal illness, or if the child was offered more or less than usual (476). While it is important to give increased fluids in order to prevent dehydration, continued feeding of a child who is ill with diarrhea is also important in order to prevent, or minimize, the development of malnutrition. Hence, mothers are also asked about the amount of food offered to the chilld to eat during diarrhea (477).

Mothers of children with diarrhea are asked whether the children received fluid made from a packet of oral rehydration salts (ORS) and whether they were given liquids made from ingredients typically available at home according to directions recommended by health officials (478). The respondents are also asked to list any other treatment given for the diarrhea (479-480) in order to allow estimation of the proportion of children who receive appropriate treatment, as well as the extent of forms of treatment that may be inappropriate, e.g., antibiotics. Contact with health services is also recorded (481-482). The response categories used for the health facilities in this question should be the same as the categories used with regard to fever/cough (471).

		LAST BIRTH	NEXT-TO-LAST BIRTH
		NAME	NAME
474	What drugs did (NAME) take? <sup>1</sup> RECORD ALL MENTIONED. ASK TO SEE DRUG(S) IF TYPE OF DRUG IS NOT KNOWN. IF TYPE OF DRUG IS STILL NOT DETERMINED, SHOW TYPICAL ANTIMALARIAL DRUGS TO RESPONDENT.	FANSIDAR       A         CHLOROQUINE       B         ASPIRIN       C         IBUPROFEN/ACETAMINOPHEN       D         OTHER       X         (SPECIFY)       Z	FANSIDAR A CHLOROQUINE B ASPIRIN C IBUPROFEN/ACETAMINOPHEN D OTHER X (SPECIFY) DON'T KNOW Z
475	Has (NAME) had diarrhea in the last 2 weeks? <sup>2</sup>	YES	YES
476	Now I would like to know how much (NAME) was offered to drink during the diarrhea. Was he/she offered less than usual to drink, about the same amount, or more than usual to drink? IF LESS, PROBE: Was he/she offered much less than usual to drink or somewhat less?	MUCH LESS       1         SOMEWHAT LESS       2         ABOUT THE SAME       3         MORE       4         NOTHING TO DRINK       5         DON'T KNOW       8	MUCH LESS       1         SOMEWHAT LESS       2         ABOUT THE SAME       3         MORE       4         NOTHING TO DRINK       5         DON'T KNOW       8
477	When (NAME) had diarrhea, was he/she offered less than usual to eat, about the same amount, more than usual, or nothing to eat? IF LESS, PROBE: Was he/she offered much less than usual to eat or somewhat less?	MUCH LESS       1         SOMEWHAT LESS       2         ABOUT THE SAME       3         MORE       4         STOPPED FOOD       5         NEVER GAVE FOOD       6         DON'T KNOW       8	MUCH LESS       1         SOMEWHAT LESS       2         ABOUT THE SAME       3         MORE       4         STOPPED FOOD       5         NEVER GAVE FOOD       6         DON'T KNOW       8
478 a b	Was he/she given any of the following to drink: <sup>3</sup> A fluid made from a special packet called [LOCAL NAME]? A government-recommended homemade fluid?	YES NO DK FLUID FROM ORS PKT . 1 2 8 HOMEMADE FLUID 1 2 8	YES NO DK FLUID FROM ORS PKT . 1 2 8 HOMEMADE FLUID 1 2 8
479	Was anything (else) given to treat the diarrhea?	YES	YES
480	What (else) was given to treat the diarrhea? Anything else? RECORD ALL TREATMENTS MENTIONED.	PILL OR SYRUP A INJECTION B (I.V.) INTRAVENOUS C HOME REMEDIES/ HERBAL MEDICINES D OTHER X (SPECIFY)	PILL OR SYRUP A INJECTION B (I.V.) INTRAVENOUS C HOME REMEDIES/ HERBAL MEDICINES D OTHER X (SPECIFY)
481	Did you seek advice or treatment for the diarrhea?	YES	YES

<sup>1</sup> Delete in countries where malaria is not prevalent. Coding categories to be developed locally and revised based on the pretest. Common brand names of drugs, such as Bayer, Tylenol or Paracetamol, should be added to the response categories for aspirin or ibuprofen/acetominophen, as appropriate.
 <sup>2</sup> The term(s) used for diarrhea should encompass the expressions used for all forms of diarrhea, including bloody stools (consistent with dysentery), watery stools, etc.
 <sup>3</sup> The items should be adapted to include the terms used locally for the recommended home fluid. The ingredients promoted by the National Control of Diarrheal Diseases Program or by the Ministry of Health for making the recommended home fluid should be reflected in the categories.

reflected in the categories.

		LAST BIRTH	NEXT-TO-LAST BIRTH
		NAME	NAME
482	Where did you seek advice or treatment? <sup>1</sup> IF SOURCE IS HOSPITAL, HEALTH CENTER, OR CLINIC, WRITE THE NAME OF THE PLACE. PROBE TO IDENTIFY THE TYPE OF SOURCE AND CIRCLE THE APPROPRIATE CODE.	PUBLIC SECTOR GOVT. HOSPITAL A GOVT. HEALTH CENTER B GOVT. HEALTH POST C MOBILE CLINIC D FIELDWORKER E OTHER PUBLIC F (SPECIFY)	PUBLIC SECTOR GOVT. HOSPITAL A GOVT. HEALTH CENTER B GOVT. HEALTH POST C MOBILE CLINIC D FIELDWORKER E OTHER PUBLICF (SPECIFY)
	(NAME OF PLACE) Anywhere else? RECORD ALL PLACES MENTIONED.	PRIVATE MEDICAL SECTOR PVT. HOSPITAL/CLINIC G PHARMACY H PRIVATE DOCTOR I MOBILE CLINIC J FIELDWORKER K OTHER PRIVATE MEDICALL (SPECIFY)	PRIVATE MEDICAL SECTOR PVT. HOSPITAL/CLINIC G PHARMACY H PRIVATE DOCTOR I MOBILE CLINIC J FIELDWORKER K OTHER PRIVATE MEDICALL (SPECIFY)
		OTHER SOURCE SHOP M TRAD. PRACTITIONER N	OTHER SOURCE SHOP M TRAD. PRACTITIONER N
		OTHERX (SPECIFY)	OTHERX
483		GO BACK TO 456 IN NEXT COLUMN; OR, IF NO MORE BIRTHS, GO TO 484.	GO BACK TO 456 IN LAST COLUMN OF NEW QUESTIONNAIRE; OR, IF NO MORE BIRTHS, GO TO 484.

<sup>1</sup> Coding categories to be developed locally and revised based on the pretest; however, the broad coding categories must be maintained.

#### Disposal of children's stools (485)

Appropriate sanitation practices are linked with a decrease in diarrhea risk and mothers are asked where they dispose of their children's stools (485).

Additional questions on hygienic practices are located in the Household Schedule (33-34) and the Woman's Questionnaire (495).

#### Knowledge of ORS packets (487)

Respondents are asked if they have knowledge of packets of oral rehydration salts (ORS) in terms of the local name of the packets.

#### Decision-making; children's medical treatment (489)

This question provides information on whether women themselves are the decision-makers on whether their children should access medical care. Women are the primary caretakers of children and their ability to make decisions for the children for whom they are responsible is important for both women's empowerment and the health of their children. If women are not themselves the decision-makers, the speed with which children receive care may be adversely affected.

Additional questions in the Woman's Questionnaire on women's status and empowerment are 623, 628 and 717-721.

#### Barriers to women's medical treatment (490)

Several barriers—cultural, social, and financial—can prevent women from accessing health care for themselves. This question helps to identify some of these barriers. The information can help inform interventions designed to increase women's access to and use of health services.

NO.	QUESTIONS AND FILTERS	CODING CATEGORIES	SKIP
484	CHECK 215 AND 218, ALL ROWS:		
	NUMBER OF CHILDREN BORN IN 1995 <sup>1</sup> OR LATER LIVING WITH TH	E RESPONDENT	
			•487
485	What is usually done to dispose of your (youngest) child's stools when he/she does not use any toilet facility?	CHILD ALWAYS USE TOILET/LATRINE 01 THROW IN THE TOILET/LATRINE 02 THROW OUTSIDE THE DWELLING 03 THROW OUTSIDE THE YARD 04 BURY IN THE YARD 05 RINSE AWAY 06 USE DISPOSABLE DIAPERS 07 USE WASHABLE DIAPERS 08 NOT DISPOSED OF 09 OTHER96 (SPECIFY)	
486	CHECK 478a, ALL COLUMNS:		
	NO CHILD ANY CHILD RECEIVED FLUID RECEIVED FLUID FROM ORS PACKET FROM ORS PACKET	1	▶488
487	Have you ever heard of a special product called [LOCAL NAME FOR ORS PACKET] you can get for the treatment of diarrhea?	YES 1 NO 2	
488	CHECK 218:		
	HAS ONE OR MORE CHILDREN LIVING CHILDREN WITH HER	1	▶490
489	When (your child/one of your children) is seriously ill, can you decide by yourself whether or not the child should be taken for medical treatment?	YES 1 NO 2 DEPENDS 3	
	IF SAYS NO CHILD EVER SERIOUSLY ILL, ASK: If (your child/one of your children) became seriously ill, could you decide by yourself whether the child should be taken for medical treatment?		
490	Now I would like to ask you some questions about medical care for you yourself.		
	Many different factors can prevent women from getting medical advice or treatment for themselves. When you are sick and want to get medical advice or treatment, is each of the following a big problem or not?	BIG NOT A BIG PROBLEM PROBLEM	
	Knowing where to go.	1 2	
	Getting permission to go.	1 2	
	Getting money needed for treatment.	1 2	
	The distance to the health facility.	1 2	
	Having to take transport.	1 2	
	Not wanting to go alone.	1 2	
	Concern that there may not be a female health provider.	1 2	

<sup>1</sup> For fieldwork beginning in 2001, 2002 or 2003, the year should be 1996, 1997 or 1998, respectively.

#### Feeding practices (491-493)

Malnutrition is a major public health problem around the world, and dietary intake is a proximate factor. Breast milk alone does not satisfy the dietary needs for healthy growth in infants over six months. The introduction of complementary foods for children at the appropriate age is important for child nutrition. To develop preventive and curative strategies for childhood malnutrition, dietary intake needs to be accurately measured in a variety of settings. Such a measurement is based on information provided by mothers including the types of foods a child eats and how often. Optimal feeding of children over six months of age requires a diverse diet adequate in macro and micronutrients. For most nutrients, a 24-hour recall is sufficient to capture the usual dietary intake of children less than 3 years old (who usually consume a less varied diet than older children or adults). However a larger number of days is required for nutrients such as vitamins A and B and fats.

In order to obtain a better picture of the quality of the child's diet, the mother is asked about the types of liquids and foods given to her child in the seven days preceding the interview (492-493). In these questions, 5 categories of liquids and 10 categories of foods are grouped according to their most important nutritional contribution to the diet. Questions on complementary feeding have been included in previous versions of the DHS core questionnaire, but their formulation differs in this version of the core questionnaire. The current series of questions begins with a filter that limits data collection to the last birth in the last three years for which the child resides with the respondent (491). For that child, the mother is asked the number of *days* in the last seven days that the child consumed each category of liquid (492) or food (493) and the number of *times* in the last 24 hours that the child had each category of liquid or food.

The rationale for the food categories follows.

493a: Foods made from millet, sorghum, maize, wheat, rice, or other grains are good sources of calories, niacin, and B vitamins; examples of such foods are porridges, bread, noodles, and local starchy staples.

493b, d and e: Several types of foods have a high vitamin A content, including red sweet potatoes, green leafy vegetables, carrots, pumpkin, red squash, mango, and papaya.

493c: Cassava root is used often as a staple food and provides calories but few other nutrients. Foods made from other roots and tubers such as yams, plantains, and white potatoes, are also good sources of calories.

493f: Other fruits and vegetables provide additional vitamins and minerals.

493g: Eggs, fish, poultry, meat and dairy products are primarily sources of animal protein and iron.

493h: Foods made from lentils, beans, pulses and peanuts are good sources of vegetable protein but also provide micronutrients.

493i: In addition to breast milk and other milks, infants may secure protein from cheese and yogurt.

493j: During complementary feeding up to two years and beyond, the diet should provide 30 to 40 percent of energy from fat, which may be consumed as visible fats such as cooking oils or invisible fats such as oils present in cereals and legumes. Visible fats and oils that are included in question 493j include butter, margarine, ghee, lard, and vegetable oils (such as palm, coconut, maize, groundnut, soybean, olive, sunflower, and cottonseed). Fat is important because, weight for weight, it provides more than twice as much energy as carbohydrates or protein, thus reducing the bulk of the diet. Fats and oils are also good sources of fat-soluble vitamins and assist with the absorption of other nutrients. Unsaturated fatty acids are essential for pre- and postnatal development of the brain in children.

NO.	QUESTIONS AND FILTERS	CODING CATEGORIES	SKIP
491	CHECK 215 AND 218:		
	HAS AT LEAST ONE CHILD	OES NOT HAVE ANY CHILDREN BORN IN 997' OR LATER AND LIVING WITH HER	
	RECORD NAME OF YOUNGEST CHILD LIVING WITH HER (AND CONTINUE TO 492)		
	(NAME)		
492	Now I would like to ask you about liquids (NAME FROM Q. 491) drank ov	ver the last	
	seven days, including yesterday.		
	How many <u>davs</u> during the last seven days did (NAME FROM Q. 491) dri the following?	ink each of LAST 7 DAYS	YESTERDAY/
	FOR EACH ITEM GIVEN AT LEAST ONCE IN LAST SEVEN DAYS, BE PROCEEDING TO THE NEXT ITEM, ASK:	NUMBER OF	LAST NIGHT
	In total, how many <u>times</u> yesterday during the day or at night did (NAME Q. 491) drink (ITEM)?	FROM	TIMES
а	Plain water?	a	a
b	Commercially produced infant formula?	b	b
с	Any other milk such as tinned, powdered, or fresh animal milk?	с	c
d	Fruit juice?	d	d
е	Any other liquids such as sugar water, tea, coffee, carbonated drinks, or	soup broth? e	e
	IF 7 OR MORE TIMES, RECORD '7'. IF DON'T KNOW, RECORD '8'.		
493	Now I would like to ask you about the types of foods <sup>2</sup> (NAME FROM Q. 4 the last seven days, including yesterday.	91) ate over	
	How many <u>days</u> during the last seven days did (NAME FROM Q. 491) ea following foods either separately or combined with other food?	t each of the LAST 7 DAYS	YESTERDAY/
	FOR EACH ITEM GIVEN AT LEAST ONCE IN LAST SEVEN DAYS, BEI PROCEEDING TO THE NEXT ITEM, ASK:	NUMBER OF	LAST NIGHT NUMBER OF
	In total, how many <u>times</u> yesterday during the day or at night did (NAME I Q. 491) eat (ITEM)?	FROM	TIMES
а	Any food made from grains [e.g., millet, sorghum, maize, rice, wheat, por other local grains]?	ridge, or a	a
b	Pumpkin, red or yellow yams or squash, carrots, or red sweet potatoes? <sup>3</sup>	b	b
с	Any other food made from roots or tubers [e.g., white potatoes, white yan cassava, or other local roots/tubers]?	ns, manioc, c	c
d	Any green leafy vegetables?	d	d
е	Mango, papaya [or other local vitamin A rich fruits]?	е	e
f	Any other fruits and vegetables [e.g., bananas, apples/sauce, green bean tomatoes]?	ns, avocados, f	f
g	Meat, poultry, fish, shellfish, or eggs?	g	g
h	Any food made from legumes [e.g., lentils, beans, soybeans, pulses, or p	eanuts]? h	h
i	Cheese or yoghurt?	i l	i
j	Any food made with oil, fat, or butter?	j 🗌	j
	IF 7 OR MORE TIMES, RECORD '7'. IF DON'T KNOW, RECORD '8'.		

<sup>1</sup> For fieldwork beginning in 2001, 2002 or 2003, the year should be 1998, 1999 or 2000, respectively.
 <sup>2</sup> The following separate food categories must be added in countries where these foods are fed to children: commercially prepared baby food; chicken/beef liver, tripe, other organ meats; grubs, snails, insects, other small protein food.
 <sup>3</sup> Items in this category should be modified to include only vitamin A rich tubers, starches, or red or yellow vegetables that are consumed in the country.

#### Sleeping under a bednet (494)

Question 494 determines whether the respondent slept under a bednet the previous night, a practice that decreases the risk of malaria. Pregnant women, in particular, are more susceptible to malaria and experience a higher density of parasitemia than non-pregnant women. A heavy parasite load in the placenta increases the risk of fetal growth retardation and perinatal mortality.

#### Hand washing before food preparation (495)

The washing of hands at appropriate times (before food preparation, after urination, defecation, and handling of the sick) is one of the most important means of preventing the spread of disease through direct contact and through food contamination. The purpose of this question is to ascertain whether the respondent prevented food contamination by washing her hands before she last prepared food for her family, which is taken as her typical practice.

#### Use of tobacco (496-498)

These questions investigate tobacco use by women (496). For both men and women, smoking is a risk factor for lung, larynx, pancreas, heart, and other diseases. For women, there are additional risks: osteoporosis, cervical cancer, and early menopause. Smoking during pregnancy can induce hypoxia and morphological changes in the placenta, increasing the risk of fetal growth retardation and perinatal mortality. The level of risk of these health hazards is directly correlated with the number of cigarettes consumed (498).

NO.	QUESTIONS AND FILTERS	CODING CATEGORIES	SKIP
494	Did you sleep under a bednet last night? <sup>1</sup>	YES 1 NO 2	
495	The last time you prepared a meal for your family, before starting did you wash your hands?	YES	
496	Do you currently smoke cigarettes or tobacco? <sup>2</sup> IF YES: What type of tobacco do you smoke? RECORD ALL TYPES MENTIONED.	YES, CIGARETTES A YES, PIPE	
497	CHECK 496: CODE 'A' CIRCLED CODE 'A' NOT CIRCLED		+501
498	In the last 24 hours, how many cigarettes did you smoke?	CIGARETTES	

 $^{\rm 1}$  Delete in countries where malaria is not prevalent.  $^{\rm 2}$  Add local terms.

## SECTION 5. MARRIAGE AND SEXUAL ACTIVITY

#### Marital status and coresidence (501-502 and 504-505)

These questions are used for classifying the marital status of the respondent. Throughout the DHS survey program, the concept "married" includes women in both formal and informal unions so that respondents are asked if they are currently married or are living with a man. Respondents who report that they were previously married but are not currently married are asked if they are widowed, divorced, or separated.

#### Polygynous unions (507-509)

Questions 507-509 are intended to measure the prevalence, characteristics and the rank of the respondent in polygynous unions.

#### Date and age at first marriage (510-512)

The duration of marriage is a key variable for many demographic analyses. The age at which marriage begins, although an increasingly imperfect indicator of the beginning of exposure to the risk of pregnancy, is highly correlated with lifetime fertility. A women is asked to supply the month and year of her (first) union, or if the year is not remembered, the age at which she first started living with her partner.

#### Age at first sexual activity (514)

Information about sexual activity has many uses. It bears on exposure to the risk of pregnancy both for unmarried women (teenagers and older women) and for currently married women. Age at first sexual intercourse is the more appropriate demarcation of the beginning of exposure to pregnancy than is age at first marriage, which may occur later in time.

All women are asked the age at which they first had sexual intercourse. The portion of the question in parentheses (if ever) provides a different phrasing of the question for women who have never been in a union and do not currently have a sexual partner, and use of the phrase "if ever" is intended to somewhat soften the question for young teenagers. This question directly asks respondents about first sexual intercourse rather than first asking if they have ever had sexual intercourse because the latter procedure leads to underreporting of sexual experience among young unmarried women.

#### SECTION 5. MARRIAGE AND SEXUAL ACTIVITY

NO.	QUESTIONS AND FILTERS	CODING CATEGORIES	SKIP
501	Are you currently married or living with a man?	YES, CURRENTLY MARRIED 1 YES, LIVING WITH A MAN 2 NO, NOT IN UNION 3	⊒.505
502	Have you ever been married or lived with a man?	YES, FORMERLY MARRIED         1           YES, LIVED WITH A MAN         2           NO         3	+510 +514
504	What is your marital status now: are you widowed, divorced, or separated?	WIDOWED         1           DIVORCED         2           SEPARATED         3	+510
505	Is your husband/partner living with you now or is he staying elsewhere?	LIVING WITH HER	
506	RECORD THE HUSBAND'S/PARTNER'S NAME AND LINE NUMBER FROM THE HOUSEHOLD QUESTIONNAIRE. IF HE IS NOT LISTED IN THE HOUSEHOLD, RECORD '00'.	NAME	
507	Does your husband/partner have any other wives besides yourself? <sup>1</sup>	YES 1	_+510
508	How many other wives does he have?1	NUMBER	<b>_</b> +510
509	Are you the first, second, wife? <sup>1</sup>	RANK	
510	Have you been married or lived with a man only once, or more than once?	ONLY ONCE	
511	CHECK 510:		
	MARRIED/ LIVED WITH A MAN ONLY ONCE In what month and year did you start living with your husband/partner? MARRIED/ LIVED WITH A MAN MORE THAN ONCE Now we will talk about your first husband/partner. In what month and year did you start living with him?	MONTH       98         DON'T KNOW MONTH       98         YEAR       1         DON'T KNOW YEAR       9998	•514
512	How old were you when you started living with him?	AGE	
514	Now I need to ask you some questions about sexual activity in order to gain a better understanding of some family life issues. How old were you when you first had sexual intercourse (if ever)?	NEVER       00         AGE IN YEARS	+524

<sup>1</sup> Question may be deleted in countries where polygyny is not practiced.

#### Sexual activity and condom use during the last 12 months (515-522)

These questions are asked to women who have had sexual relations in the last 12 months (515). In all societies, very few women have more than two sexual partners in a 12-month period so the questions are asked only in terms of the respondent's last partner and her next-to-last partner in that time period. The information obtained about sexual behavior in a population is useful for the design of programs dealing with sexually transmitted diseases (STDs) and HIV/AIDS.

The respondent is asked three questions about her last sexual partner: 1) was a condom used during her last sexual intercourse with him, 2) what was her relationship to him, and 3) how long had she had sexual relations with him (516-518). If the respondent had another sexual partner during the last year (519), she is asked these questions about that partner (520-522).

This information can be used to describe the type of sexual partners women have had during the last year and the extent to which condoms are used with various types of partners.

#### Number of sexual partners during the last 12 months (523)

Respondents who have had more than one sexual relationship during the last year are asked the number of men with whom they have had relations in that period.

#### Knowledge of source for and access to condoms (524-526)

Health programs in many countries now advocate the use of condoms during sexual relations under certain circumstances in order to curtail the spread of STDs and HIV/AIDS. To assess the practicality of this strategy, respondents are asked whether they know a place where condoms can be obtained (524) and if they could obtain condoms from a source if they wanted to (526).

NO.	QUESTIONS AND FILTERS	CODING CATEGORIES	SKIP
515	When was the last time you had sexual intercourse? RECORD 'YEARS AGO' ONLY IF LAST INTERCOURSE WAS ONE OR MORE YEARS AGO. IF 12 MONTHS OR MORE, ANSWER MUST BE RECORDED IN YEARS.	DAYS AGO       1         WEEKS AGO       2         MONTHS AGO       3         YEARS AGO       4	+524
516	The last time you had sexual intercourse, was a condom used?1	YES 1 NO 2	
517	What is your relationship to the man with whom you last had sex? IF MAN IS "BOYFRIEND" OR "FIANCÉ", ASK: Was your boyfriend/fiancé living with you when you last had sex? IF YES, CIRCLE '01'. IF NO, CIRCLE '02'.	SPOUSE/COHABITING PARTNER         01           MAN IS BOYFRIEND/FIANCÉ         02           OTHER FRIEND         03           CASUAL ACQUAINTANCE         04           RELATIVE         05           COMMERCIAL SEX WORKER         06           OTHER        96           (SPECIFY)	<b></b> +519
518	For how long have you had sexual relations with this man?	DAYS 1	
519	Have you had sex with any other man in the last 12 months?	YES 1 NO 2	<b>→</b> 524
520	The last time you had sexual intercourse with another man, was a condom used? <sup>1</sup>	YES 1 NO 2	
521	What is your relationship to this man? IF MAN IS "BOYFRIEND" OR "FIANCÉ", ASK: Was your boyfriend/fiancé living with you when you last had sex with him? IF YES, CIRCLE '01'. IF NO, CIRCLE '02'.	SPOUSE/COHABITING PARTNER       01         MAN IS BOYFRIEND/FIANCÉ       02         OTHER FRIEND       03         CASUAL ACQUAINTANCE       04         RELATIVE       05         COMMERCIAL SEX WORKER       06         OTHER       96         (SPECIFY)	>523
522	For how long have you had sexual relations with this man?	DAYS 1 WEEKS	
523	In total, with how many different men have you had sex in the last 12 months?		
524	Do you know of a place where a person can get condoms?	YES 1 NO 2	<b></b> ▶527

<sup>1</sup> In countries with an active female condom program, a question should be added on use of a female condom.

Knowledge of source for and access to female condoms (527-529)

Questions are also asked about knowledge of and access to a source of female condoms.

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NO.	QUESTIONS AND FILTERS	CODING CATEGORIES	SKIP
525	Where is that? <sup>1</sup> IF SOURCE IS HOSPITAL, HEALTH CENTER, OR CLINIC, WRITE THE NAME OF THE PLACE. PROBE TO IDENTIFY THE TYPE OF SOURCE AND CIRCLE THE APPROPRIATE CODE.	PUBLIC SECTOR GOVERNMENT HOSPITAL A GOVT. HEALTH CENTER B FAMILY PLANNING CLINIC C MOBILE CLINIC D FIELDWORKER E OTHER PUBLICF	
	(NAME OF PLACE) Any other place? RECORD ALL SOURCES MENTIONED.	PRIVATE MEDICAL SECTOR PRIVATE HOSPITAL/CLINIC G PHARMACY H PRIVATE DOCTOR I MOBILE CLINIC J FIELDWORKER K OTHER PRIVATE MEDICAL L (SPECIFY) OTHER SOURCE SHOP M CHURCH N FRIENDS/RELATIVES O OTHER X (SPECIFY)	
526	If you wanted to, could you yourself get a condom?	YES	
527	Do you know of a place where a person can get female condoms? <sup>2</sup>	YES 1 NO 2	<b>_</b> +601
528	Where is that? <sup>1.2</sup> IF SOURCE IS HOSPITAL, HEALTH CENTER, OR CLINIC, WRITE THE NAME OF THE PLACE. PROBE TO IDENTIFY THE TYPE OF SOURCE AND CIRCLE THE APPROPRIATE CODE.	PUBLIC SECTOR GOVERNMENT HOSPITAL A GOVT. HEALTH CENTER B FAMILY PLANNING CLINIC C MOBILE CLINIC D FIELDWORKER E OTHER PUBLICF	
	(NAME OF PLACE) Any other place? RECORD ALL SOURCES MENTIONED.	PRIVATE MEDICAL SECTOR PRIVATE HOSPITAL/CLINIC G PHARMACY H PRIVATE DOCTOR I MOBILE CLINIC J FIELDWORKER K OTHER PRIVATE MEDICAL L (SPECIFY) OTHER SOURCE SHOP M CHURCH N FRIENDS/RELATIVES O OTHER X (SPECIFY)	
529	If you wanted to, could you yourself get a female condom? <sup>2</sup>	YES	

<sup>1</sup> Coding categories to be developed locally and revised based on the pretest; however, the broad categories must be maintained. <sup>2</sup> Question may be deleted in countries where female condoms are not actively promoted.

## **SECTION 6. FERTILITY PREFERENCES**

<u>Reproductive intentions</u> (602-603)

These questions probe the basis for classifying women by their reproductive preferences. There are two dimensions to these preferences: limiting (602), and spacing or timing of the next birth (603). This information is basic for the analysis of contraceptive prevalence and fertility. It is especially important for the measurement of unmet need for family planning because it identifies women who want no more children or who want to postpone their next birth.

SECTION 6. FERTILITY PREFERENCES

NO.	QUESTIONS AND FILTERS	CODING CATEGORIES	SKIP
601	CHECK 311/311A:		UNI
			▶614
602	CHECK 226:		
İ	NOT PREGNANT PREGNANT OR UNSURE		
	Now I have some questions about the future. Would you like to have (a/another) child, or would you prefer not to have any (more) children? Now I have some questions about the future. After the child you are expecting now, would you like to have another child, or would you prefer not to have any more children?	HAVE (A/ANOTHER) CHILD       1         NO MORE/NONE       2         SAYS SHE CAN'T GET PREGNANT       3         UNDECIDED/DON'T KNOW:       4         AND PREGNANT       4         AND NOT PREGNANT       5	+610
603	CHECK 226: NOT PREGNANT OR UNSURE How long would you like to wait from now before the birth of (a/another) child? PREGNANT After the birth of the child you are expecting now, how long would you like to wait before the birth of another child?	MONTHS       1         YEARS       2         SOON/NOW       993         SAYS SHE CAN'T GET PREGNANT       994         AFTER MARRIAGE       995         OTHER       996         (SPECIFY)       998	>609 ->614 ]->609
604	CHECK 226: NOT PREGNANT PREGNANT COR UNSURE		+610
605	CHECK 310: USING A CONTRACEPTIVE METHOD? NOT NOT ASKED USING U	ENTLY JSING	
606		00-23 MONTHS R 00-01 YEAR	+610

Reason for not currently using a contraceptive method (607)

Women who want no more children or who want to postpone the next birth but who are not using contraception (i.e., who have an unmet need for family planning) are the subject of considerable interest. This question (607) is designed to determine why such women are not using a contraceptive method despite their reproductive intention to terminate childbearing or delay the next pregnancy.

#### Intensity of motivation to avoid or delay pregnancy (608)

This is the only item in the questionnaire intended to measure the intensity of the motivation to avoid or delay having another child. Some of the discrepancy between a woman's fertility preferences and her family planning behavior may be the result of weak motivation to avoid or delay another child.

Intention to use contraception (610-611)

Women who are not currently using a method are asked whether they intend to use one in the future. There is strong evidence that such intentions are highly predictive of future use.

	1			
NO.	QUESTIONS AND	FILTERS	CODING CATEGORIES	SKIP
607	CHECK 602: WANTS TO HAVE A/ANOTHER CHILD You have said that you do not want (a/another) child soon, but you are not using any method to avoid pregnancy. Can you tell me why?	WANTS NO MORE/ NONE bu have said that you do not ant any (more) children, but you e not using any method to avoid egnancy. an you tell me why? ny other reason?	NOT MARRIED A FERTILITY-RELATED REASONS NOT HAVING SEX B INFREQUENT SEX C MENOPAUSAL/HYSTERECTOMY. D SUBFECUND/INFECUND	SKIP
608	In the next few weeks, if you discovered would that be a big problem, a small pro	t that you were pregnant, oblem, or no problem for you?	BIG PROBLEM 1 SMALL PROBLEM 2 NO PROBLEM 3 SAYS SHE CAN'T GET PREGNANT/ NOT HAVING SEX 4	
609	CHECK 310: USING A CONTRACEPTI NOT ONT CURF ASKED	NO, RENTLY CURRI	YES,	•614
610	Do you think you will use a contraceptiv pregnancy at any time in the future?	e method to delay or avoid	YES	]₊ <sub>612</sub>
611	Which contraceptive method would you	prefer to use?	FEMALE STERILIZATION       01         MALE STERILIZATION       02         PILL       03         IUD       04         INJECTABLES       05         IMPLANTS       06         CONDOM       07         FEMALE CONDOM       08         DIAPHRAGM       09         FOAM/JELLY       10         LACTATIONAL AMEN. METHOD       11         PERIODIC ABSTINENCE       12         WITHDRAWAL       13         OTHER       96         (SPECIFY)       98	►614

#### Reason for not intending to use a contraceptive method (612-613)

Women who replied in 610 that they do not intend to use a method at any time in the future or they are unsure about future use are queried in 612 about the main reason. Although similar to 607 (reason for not currently using a method), 612 is asked of all nonusers who do not intend to use in the future. Question 613 is included to classify women who may feel that it is inappropriate to respond in the affirmative to 610 because they are not married.

#### Ideal number of children (614)

Questions such as 614 have been asked in fertility and family planning surveys for many years. The question is a measure of the reproductive norms in the population and provides a quantitative basis for assessing trends in the number of children desired.

#### Sex preference for children (615)

Question 615 on the number of sons and daughters a women would ideally like to have is used to assess the extent of son preference in different societies.

#### Approval of contraception (616)

Although disapproval of the practice of contraception may be reported earlier in the interview as a reason for nonuse or as a reason for not intending to use in the future, this explicit question will permit estimating the overall proportion of women who approve or disapprove of contraception.

#### Family planning media messages (617-618)

Radio, television, and the print media are used to communicate messages about family planning in many countries: both its availability and desirability. A good deal of evidence has now accumulated that demonstrates the effectiveness of the mass media in communicating this information. These questions have been used repeatedly to gauge exposure to such media.

#### Discussion of family planning (619-620)

These questions are intended to assess the informal social networks by means of which family planning information is disseminated.

NO.	QUESTIONS AND FILTERS	CODING CATEGORIES	SKIP
612	What is the main reason that you think you will not use a	NOT MARRIED 11	
	contraceptive method at any time in the future?	FERTILITY-RELATED REASONSINFREQUENT SEX/NO SEX22MENOPAUSAL/HYSTERECTOMY23SUBFECUND/INFECUND24WANTS AS MANY CHILDREN AS26	
		OPPOSITION TO USE RESPONDENT OPPOSED 31 HUSBAND/PARTNER OPPOSED . 32 OTHERS OPPOSED 33 RELIGIOUS PROHIBITION 34	
		LACK OF KNOWLEDGE KNOWS NO METHOD 41 KNOWS NO SOURCE 42	-•614
		METHOD-RELATED REASONS HEALTH CONCERNS	
		OTHER 96 (SPECIFY) DON'T KNOW	
613	Would you ever use a contraceptive method if you were married?	YES	
614	CHECK 216:		
	HAS LIVING CHILDREN NO LIVING CHILDREN If you could go back to the time you did not have any children and could choose exactly the number of children to have in your whole life, how many would that		
	number of children to have in be? your whole life, how many would that be?	OTHER96 (SPECIFY) 96	<b></b> +616
	PROBE FOR A NUMERIC RESPONSE.		
615	How many of these children would you like to be boys, how many would you like to be girls and for how many would the sex not matter?	BOYS GIRLS EITHER	
		OTHER96 (SPECIFY)	
616	Would you say that you approve or disapprove of couples using a contraceptive method to avoid getting pregnant?	APPROVE         1           DISAPPROVE         2           DON'T KNOW/UNSURE         3	
617	In the last few months have you heard about family planning:		
	On the radio? On the television? In a newspaper or magazine?	YES NO RADIO 1 2 TELEVISION 1 2 NEWSPAPER OR MAGAZINE . 1 2	
618	COUNTRY-SPECIFIC QUESTIONS ON MEDIA MESSAGES ABOUT FAMILY PLANNING.		
619	In the last few months, have you discussed the practice of family planning with your friends, neighbors, or relatives?	YES 1 NO 2	<b></b> +621

#### Decision-making: current use of contraception (623)

This question is asked of women who are in union and are currently using contraception. The question determines whether a woman participated in the decision to use contraception, which would indicate she is exercising her right to control and monitor her reproductive health and fulfill her fertility desires.

#### Husband's approval of family planning (624-627)

These questions are asked to women in union. Questions 624 and 627 determine a woman's perceptions of her husband's or partner's attitude toward contraception in general, and the desired number of children in particular. As discussion of family planning between partners is thought to be instrumental in the decision to take action to control fertility, question 625 is intended to assess the extent to which couples communicate about family planning.

#### Reasons justifying refusal to have sexual relations (628)

From the perspective of reproductive health it is important to monitor women's ability to control their sexual encounters. Several reproductive health initiatives implicitly rest on the assumption that women can control sexual encounters and feel justified in doing so. Trying to directly measure women's control in this area is not always feasible. Instead, this question helps to assess a woman's sense of empowerment through her normative beliefs about sexual rights. The scenarios listed are those for which most people would agree that a woman should feel justified in refusing to have sexual relations with her husband.

NO.	QUESTIONS AND FILTERS	CODING CATEGORIES	SKIP
620	With whom? Anyone else? RECORD ALL PERSONS MENTIONED.	HUSBAND/PARTNER       A         MOTHER       B         FATHER       C         SISTER(S)       D         BROTHER(S)       E         DAUGHTER(S)       F         SON(S)       G         MOTHER(S)-IN-LAW       H         FRIENDS/NEIGHBORS       I         OTHER       X         (SPECIFY)	
621	CHECK 501:		
			+628
622	CHECK 311/311A:		
			•624
623	You have told me that you are currently using contraception. Would you say that using contraception is mainly your decision, mainly your husband's/partner's decision or did you both decide together?	MAINLY RESPONDENT	
		OTHER6 (SPECIFY)	
624	Now I want to ask you about your husband's/partner's views on family planning.		
	Do you think that your husband/partner approves or disapproves of couples using a contraceptive method to avoid pregnancy?	APPROVES         1           DISAPPROVES         2           DON'T KNOW         8	
625	How often have you talked to your husband/partner about family planning in the past year?	NEVER         1           ONCE OR TWICE         2           MORE OFTEN         3	
626	СНЕСК 311/311А:		
			-+628
627	Do you think your husband/partner wants the same number of children that you want, or does he want more or fewer than you want?	SAME NUMBER	
628	Husbands and wives do not always agree on everything. Please tell me if you think a wife is justified in refusing to have sex with her husband when:	YES NO DK	
	She knows her husband has a sexually transmitted disease? She knows her husband has sex with other women? <sup>1</sup> She has recently given birth? She is tired or not in the mood?	HAS STD       1       2       8         OTHER WOMEN       1       2       8         RECENT BIRTH       1       2       8         TIRED/NOT IN MOOD       1       2       8	

<sup>1</sup> In polygynous societies, the phrase 'other women' should be replaced by the phrase 'women other than his wives'.

## SECTION 7. HUSBAND'S BACKGROUND AND WOMAN'S WORK

Husband's age, education, and occupation (702-706)

Information on the age, education, and occupation of a respondent's husband complements similar information collected for the respondent. This information provides additional insight into the socioeconomic and couple-level context within which population, health, and nutrition-related behaviors take place. In addition, interspousal differences in age, education, and occupation have been associated with differences in a woman's relative bargaining power compared with her husband, with important consequences for her status. The husband's age (702) is asked of all women currently in a union. The questions on education (703-705) and occupation (706) are asked of all women who are currently in a union or were previously in a union. Age and education questions are the same as those asked for women.

Women's employment (707-715)

The interest in women's employment and earnings derives both from the recognition of these topics as important aspects of women's status and from their relevance to various population, health, and nutrition outcomes. Questions 707-712 are designed to determine the respondent's current employment status and the kind of work she does. Questions 713-715 determine the nature and continuity of employment.

SECTION 7. HUSBAND'S BACKGROUND AND WOMAN'S WORK

NO.	QUESTIONS AND FILTERS	CODING CATEGORIES	SKIP
701	CHECK 501 AND 502:		
	CURRENTLY FORMERLY MARRIED/		+703
			+707
702	How old was your husband/partner on his last birthday?	AGE IN COMPLETED YEARS	
703	Did your (last) husband/partner ever attend school?	YES 1 NO 2	<b>_</b> •706
704	What was the highest level of school he attended: primary, secondary, or higher? <sup>1</sup>	PRIMARY         1           SECONDARY         2           HIGHER         3           DON'T KNOW         8	•706
705	What was the highest (grade/form/year) he completed at that level?1	GRADE	
		DON'T KNOW	
706	CHECK 701:		
	CURRENTLY MARRIED/ FORMERLY MARRIED/		
	What is your husband's/partner's occupation? What was your (last) husband's/ partner's occupation? That is, what kind of work does he mainly do?		
707	Aside from your own housework, are you currently working?	YES 1 NO 2	+710
708	As you know, some women take up jobs for which they are paid in cash or kind. Others sell things, have a small business or work on the family farm or in the family business. Are you currently doing any of these things or any other work?	YES 1 NO 2	<b></b> ▶710
709	Have you done any work in the last 12 months?	YES 1 NO 2	<b></b> •719
710	What is your occupation, that is, what kind of work do you mainly do?		
711	CHECK 710:		
			•713
712	Do you work mainly on your own land or on family land, or do you work on land that you rent from someone else, or do you work on someone else's land?	OWN LAND1FAMILY LAND2RENTED LAND3SOMEONE ELSE'S LAND4	
713	Do you do this work for a member of your family, for someone else, or are you self-employed?	FOR FAMILY MEMBER1FOR SOMEONE ELSE2SELF-EMPLOYED3	

<sup>1</sup> Revise according to the local educational system.

#### Payment for women's work and control over earnings (716-717)

These questions are meant to determine the extent to which women are engaged in the cash economy (716) and, as a measure of women's autonomy, who it is that decides how the respondent's earnings will be spent (717).

#### Household expenditures paid for by women's earnings (718)

This question measures the relative importance of a woman's earnings for her household. The focus of the question is not on the actual contribution, but on the woman's perception of her contribution. Irrespective of how much the woman actually earns, if she perceives that her contribution to family expenditures is very little her earnings are unlikely to empower her.

#### Women's participation in household decision-making (719)

Women's participation in decisions that affect their lives is an important indicator of their empowerment.

#### <u>Circumstances under which a husband is justified in beating his wife</u> (721)

By presenting women with different scenarios, this question evaluates the acceptability of spousal violence among women. The degree of acceptability of such violence provides insight into women's attitudes with regard to gender roles and their sense of entitlement with regard to their own rights.

NO.	QUESTIONS AND FILTERS	CODING CATEGORIES	SKIP
714	Do you usually work at home or away from home?	HOME 1 AWAY 2	
715	Do you usually work throughout the year, or do you work seasonally, or only once in a while?	THROUGHOUT THE YEAR1SEASONALLY/PART OF THE YEAR2ONCE IN A WHILE3	
716	Are you paid or do you earn in cash or kind for this work or are you not paid at all?	CASH ONLY         1           CASH AND KIND         2           IN KIND ONLY         3           NOT PAID         4	⊒₊719
717	Who mainly decides how the money you earn will be used?	RESPONDENT1HUSBAND/PARTNER2RESPONDENT ANDHUSBAND/PARTNER JOINTLY3SOMEONE ELSE4RESPONDENT AND SOMEONE ELSE5	
718	On average, how much of your household's expenditures do your earnings pay for: almost none, less than half, about half, more than half, or all?	ALMOST NONE       1         LESS THAN HALF       2         ABOUT HALF       3         MORE THAN HALF       4         ALL       5         NONE, HER INCOME IS ALL SAVED.       6	
719	Who in your family usually has the final say on the following decisions:	RESPONDENT = 1 HUSBAND/PARTNER = 2 RESPONDENT & HUSBAND/PARTNER JOINTLY = 3 SOMEONE ELSE = 4 RESPONDENT & SOMEONE ELSE JOINTLY = 5 DECISION NOT MADE/NOT APPLICABLE = 6	
	Your own health care? Making large household purchases? Making household purchases for daily needs? Visits to family or relatives? What food should be cooked each day?	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
720	PRESENCE OF OTHERS AT THIS POINT (PRESENT AND LISTENING, PRESENT BUT NOT LISTENING, OR NOT PRESENT)	PRES/ PRES/ NOT LISTEN. NOT PRES LISTEN.	
		CHILDREN <10 1	
721	Sometimes a husband is annoyed or angered by things that his wife does. In your opinion, is a husband justified in hitting or beating his wife in the following situations:	YES NO DK	
	If she goes out without telling him? If she neglects the children? If she argues with him? If she refuses to have sex with him? If she burns the food?	GOES OUT       1       2       8         NEGL. CHILDREN       1       2       8         ARGUES       1       2       8         REFUSES SEX       1       2       8         BURNS FOOD       1       2       8	

## SECTION 8. HIV/AIDS AND OTHER SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED INFECTIONS

Previous DHS core questionnaires have included a limited number of questions on AIDS-related knowledge and attitudes. Because of the growing importance of the problem, the DHS+ questionnaire includes an expanded set of questions that are intended for use in all countries. There is also a DHS+ module devoted to the topic of AIDS and questions on this topic have been included in the Men's Questionnaire.

#### Knowledge of HIV/AIDS and ways to avoid HIV risk (801-807 and 809)

Questions 801 and 802 are introductory questions that lead into the more detailed knowledge questions (803-807).

Three patterns of HIV risk-avoidance behavior are of interest to HIV/AIDS programs: condom use, limitation of sexual activity to a single partner, and total sexual abstinence. Knowledge of these behavioral strategies is often a basic HIV/AIDS program evaluation indicator. The *DHS*+ questionnaire allows two methods for measuring knowledge of behavior patterns that minimize the risk of HIV/AIDS. First, in 803, respondents are asked to spontaneously report ways to avoid getting the AIDS virus. This approach is expected to understate knowledge since a respondent will seldom provide (without prompting) an exhaustive list of behavior patterns they believe will help them to avoid getting AIDS.

Alternatively, 804 and 806 are prompted knowledge questions about ways to avoid HIV/AIDS. In particular, 804 asks about limiting the number of sex partners, and 806 asks about condom use. Because of their leading nature, these questions are expected to yield overestimates of knowledge.

Questions 805 and 807 are questions intended to estimate the level of misunderstanding about transmission of the AIDS virus.

The series ends with a question asking whether an individual can be infected with the AIDS virus and appear to be healthy (809).

#### Acquaintance with an individual with AIDS (810)

Awareness about AIDS and behaviors to avoid AIDS may be conditioned by a respondent's exposure to individuals who have the virus or who have died from AIDS. Question 810 provides an indication of such exposure.

#### AIDS transmission from mother to child (811-812)

There is now recognition in the scientific community that there is risk of HIV transmission from mother to child during pregnancy, at the time of delivery, and through breastfeeding. These questions provide an indication of the awareness of these modes of transmission among women in the reproductive ages.

#### NO QUESTIONS AND FILTERS CODING CATEGORIES SKIP 801 Now I would like to talk about something else. YES ..... 1 Have you ever heard of an illness called AIDS? NO ..... 2 -+817 Is there anything a person can do to avoid getting AIDS or the virus 802 YES that causes AIDS? NO .. 2 DON'T KNOW ..... 8 ∐₊809 803 What can a person do? ABSTAIN FROM SEX ..... А USE CONDOMS ... В USE CONDOMS ..... LIMIT SEX TO ONE PARTNER/STAY FAITHFUL TO ONE PARTNER ..... C LIMIT NUMBER OF SEXUAL Anything else? PARTNERS . . . .... D AVOID SEX WITH PROSTITUTES ... E AVOID SEX WITH PERSONS WHO HAVE MANY PARTNERS ..... AVOID SEX WITH HOMOSEXUALS . G RECORD ALL WAYS MENTIONED. AVOID SEX WITH PERSONS WHO INJECT DRUGS INTRAVENOUSLY H AVOID BLOOD TRANSFUSIONS ..... I AVOID INJECTIONS AVOID SHARING RAZORS/BLADES . K AVOID KISSING ..... AVOID MOSQUITO BITES ..... M SEEK PROTECTION FROM TRADITIONAL PRACTITIONER ... N OTHER W (SPECIFY) OTHER Х (SPECIFY) 804 Can people reduce their chances of getting the AIDS virus by having YES ..... 1 just one sex partner who has no other partners? NO 2 DON'T KNOW ..... 8 805 Can people get the AIDS virus from mosquito bites? YES ..... 1 806 Can people reduce their chances of getting the AIDS virus by using a YES 1 condom every time they have sex? 807 Can people get the AIDS virus by sharing food with a person who has YES ..... 1 AIDS? NO ..... 2 DON'T KNOW ...... 8 809 Is it possible for a healthy-looking person to have the AIDS virus? YES ..... 1 NO 2 DON'T KNOW ...... 8 810 Do you know someone personally who has the virus that causes YES ..... AIDS or someone who died of AIDS? NO ..... 2 811 Can the virus that causes AIDS be transmitted from a mother to a YES ..... child? NO ⊥**•**813 812 Can the virus that causes AIDS be transmitted from a mother to a child: YES NO DK During pregnancy? DURING PREG. 8 2 During delivery? DURING DELIVERY . 1 2 8 By breastfeeding? BREASTFEEDING. . . 1 2 8 813 CHECK 501: YES, CURRENTLY MARRIED/ NO, NOT IN UNION LIVING WITH A MAN 815

#### SECTION 8: HIV/AIDS AND OTHER SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED INFECTIONS

#### Communication with husband/partner about ways to avoid AIDS (814)

This question provides an indication of the level of spousal communications about risk prevention behavior.

### Social stigma attached to individuals with AIDS (815-816)

These questions assess the degree of social stigma that is associated with having AIDS or the virus that causes AIDS.

#### Knowledge of sexually transmitted diseases and their symptoms (817-819)

Several sexually transmitted diseases (STDs) play an important role in HIV/AIDS transmission, especially those STDs that result in sores, lesions, or ulcers in the genital area (e.g., syphilis and chancroid). These questions assess the level of awareness of STDs among women and their knowledge of the signs and symptoms of STDs in men and women.

NO.	QUESTIONS AND FILTERS	CODING CATEGORIES	SKIP
814	Have you ever talked about ways to prevent getting the virus that causes AIDS with (your husband/the man you are living with)?	YES 1 NO 2	
815	If a member of your family got infected with the virus that causes AIDS, would you want it to remain a secret or not?	YES 1 NO 2 DK/NOT SURE	
816	If a relative of yours became sick with the virus that causes AIDS, would you be willing to care for her or him in your own household?	YES 1 NO 2 DK/NOT SURE/DEPENDS 8	
817	Apart from AIDS, have you heard about other infections that can be transmitted through sexual contact?	YES 1 NO 2	+820
818	If a man has a sexually transmitted disease, what symptoms might he have? Any others?	ABDOMINAL PAIN A GENITAL DISCHARGE/DRIPPING B FOUL SMELLING DISCHARGE C BURNING PAIN ON URINATION D REDNESS/INFLAMMATION IN GENITAL AREA	
	RECORD ALL SYMPTOMS MENTIONED.	GENITAL WARTS H GENITAL ITCHING I BLOOD IN URINE J LOSS OF WEIGHT K IMPOTENCE L	
		OTHERW (SPECIFY) W OTHERX (SPECIFY) X NO SYMPTOMS	
819	If a woman has a sexually transmitted disease, what symptoms might she have?	ABDOMINAL PAIN	
	Any others? RECORD ALL SYMPTOMS MENTIONED.	GENITAL AREA E SWELLING IN GENITAL AREA F GENITAL SORES/ULCERS G GENITAL WARTS H GENITAL ITCHING I BLOOD IN URINE J LOSS OF WEIGHT K	
		HARD TO GET PREGNANT/HAVE A CHILD L OTHER W (SPECIFY)	
		OTHERX (SPECIFY) X	
		DON'T KNOW Z	
820	RECORD THE TIME.	HOUR	

#### INTERVIEWER'S OBSERVATIONS

#### TO BE FILLED IN AFTER COMPLETING INTERVIEW

COMMENTS ABOUT RESPONDENT:

COMMENTS ON SPECIFIC QUESTIONS:

ANY OTHER COMMENTS:

#### SUPERVISOR'S OBSERVATIONS

NAME OF THE SUPERVISOR:\_\_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

EDITOR'S OBSERVATIONS

NAME OF EDITOR:\_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

## CALENDAR

This is the fold-out sheet at the end of the questionnaire on which information is recorded about pregnancies in the five to six years before the survey. The duration of each pregnancy and, for pregnancies which have ended, whether or not the outcome was a live birth is recorded by using the codes to the left of the calendar. INSTRUCTIONS: ONLY ONE CODE SHOULD APPEAR IN ANY BOX.

# BIRTHS AND PREGNANCIES B BIRTHS P PREGNANCIES T TERMINATIONS

12 DEC         01           11 NOV         02           10 OCT         03           09 SEP         04           2         08 AUG           05         0           07 JUL         06           0 6 JUN         07           005 MAY         08           04 APR         09           03 MAR         10           02 FEB         11           01 JAN         12           11 NOV         14           10 OCT         15           09 SEP         16           1         08 AUG           9 OF JUL         18           9 OF JUL         10           03 MAR         22           02 FEB         23           01 JAN         24           12 DEC         25           11 NOV         26           10 OCT         27           09 SEP         28           1 OB AUG         29           9 Of JUL         30
10 OCT         03           09 SEP         04           2         08 AUG         05           0         07 JUL         06           0         06 JUN         07           0         05 MAY         08           •         04 APR         09           03 MAR         10         02 FEB           01 JAN         12           12 DEC         13           11 NOV         14           10 OCT         15           09 SEP         16           1         08 AUG           9         07 JUL           18         9           9 07 JUL         18           9         05 MAY           02 FEB         23           01 JAN         24           12 DEC         25           11 NOV         26           10 R AUG         29           9         07 JUL         30           9         06 JUN         31           8         05 MAY         32           10 R AUG         29           9         07 JUL         30           9         06 JUN         31      <
09 SEP         04           2         08 AUG         05           0         07 JUL         06           0         06 JUN         07           0         05 MAY         08           *         04 APR         09           03 MAR         10         02           02 FEB         11         01           01 JAN         12         12           11 NOV         14         10           00 SEP         16         13           11 NOV         14         10           10 OCT         15         09           09 SEP         16         14           10 OCT         15         09           04 APR         21         03           03 MAR         22         02           04 APR         21         03           03 MAR         24         12           03 MAR         24         10           12 DEC         25         11           13 NA         24         11           03 MAR         32         12           04 APR         33         13           03 MAR         34
09 SEP         04           2         08 AUG         05           0         07 JUL         06           0         06 JUN         07           0         05 MAY         08           *         04 APR         09           03 MAR         10         02           02 FEB         11         01           01 JAN         12         12           12 DEC         13         11           11 NOV         14         10 OCT           15         09 SEP         16           1         08 AUG         17           9         07 JUL         18           9         06 JUN         19           9         05 MAY         20           *         04 APR         21           03 MAR         22         02           02 FEB         23         01           03 MAR         24         10           10 RAUG         29         9           9         07 JUL         30           9         07 JUL         30           9         06 JUN         31           8         05 MAY         32
2         08 AUG         05           0         07 JUL         06           0         05 MAY         08           0         04 APR         09           03 MAR         10           02 FEB         11           01 JAN         12           12 DEC         13           11 NOV         14           10 OCT         15           09 SEP         16           1         08 AUG           9         07 JUL           9         05 MAY           00 SEP         16           1         08 AUG           9         07 JUL           9         07 JUL           03 MAR         22           02 FEB         23           01 JAN         24           12 DEC         25           11 NOV         26           10 OCT         27           09 SEP         28           1         08 AUG           9         06 JUN           9         06 JUN           18         05 MAY           9         06 JUN           18         05 MAY           10 O
0         07 JUL         06           0         06 JUN         07           0         05 MAY         08           0         04 APR         09           03 MAR         10         02 FEB           01 JAN         12           12 DEC         13           11 NOV         14           10 OCT         15           09 SEP         16           1         08 AUG           9         07 JUL           9         05 MAY           00 SEP         16           1         08 AUG           9         05 JUN           9         05 MAY           02 FEB         23           01 JAN         24           12 DEC         25           11 NOV         26           10 NOV         26           11 NOV         26           10 NOCT         27           09 SEP         28           1         08 AUG           9         07 JUL           30 MAR         34           02 FEB         35           01 JAN         36           10 RAUG         29
0 06 JUN 07 0 05 MAY 08 04 APR 09 03 MAR 10 02 FEB 11 01 JAN 12 12 DEC 13 11 NOV 14 10 OCT 15 09 SEP 16 1 08 AUG 17 9 07 JUL 18 9 06 JUN 19 9 05 MAY 20 1 08 AUG 17 9 07 JUL 18 9 06 JUN 19 9 05 MAY 20 1 08 AUG 29 01 JAN 24 12 DEC 25 11 NOV 26 10 0CT 27 09 SEP 28 1 08 AUG 29 9 07 JUL 30 9 06 JUN 31 8 05 MAY 32 108 AUG 29 9 07 JUL 30 9 06 JUN 31 8 05 MAY 32 108 AUG 29 9 07 JUL 30 9 06 JUN 31 8 05 MAY 32 108 AUG 29 9 07 JUL 30 9 06 JUN 31 8 05 MAY 32 108 AUG 29 9 07 JUL 30 9 06 JUN 31 8 05 MAY 32 108 AUG 29 9 07 JUL 30 108 AUG 29 9 07 JUL 30 10 0CT 39 09 SEP 40 1 08 AUG 41 9 07 JUL 42 9 06 JUN 43 7 05 MAY 44 100 CT 51 00 SEP 52 1 08 AUG 53
0 05 MAY 08 • 04 APR 09 03 MAR 10 02 FEB 11 01 JAN 12 12 DEC 13 11 NOV 14 10 OCT 15 09 SEP 16 1 08 AUG 17 9 07 JUL 18 9 06 JUN 19 9 05 MAY 20 • 04 APR 21 03 MAR 22 02 FEB 23 01 JAN 24 12 DEC 25 11 NOV 26 10 OCT 27 09 SEP 28 1 08 AUG 29 9 07 JUL 30 9 06 JUN 31 8 05 MAY 32 • 04 APR 33 03 MAR 34 02 FEB 35 01 JAN 36 12 DEC 37 11 NOV 38 10 OCT 39 09 SEP 40 1 08 AUG 41 9 07 JUL 42 9 06 JUN 43 7 05 MAY 44 • 04 APR 45 03 MAR 46 02 FEB 47 01 JAN 48 12 DEC 49 11 NOV 50 10 OCT 51 09 SEP 52 1 08 AUG 53
0 05 MAY 08 • 04 APR 09 03 MAR 10 02 FEB 11 01 JAN 12 12 DEC 13 11 NOV 14 10 OCT 15 09 SEP 16 1 08 AUG 17 9 07 JUL 18 9 06 JUN 19 9 05 MAY 20 • 04 APR 21 03 MAR 22 02 FEB 23 01 JAN 24 12 DEC 25 11 NOV 26 10 OCT 27 09 SEP 28 1 08 AUG 29 9 07 JUL 30 9 06 JUN 31 8 05 MAY 32 • 04 APR 33 03 MAR 34 02 FEB 35 01 JAN 36 12 DEC 37 11 NOV 38 10 OCT 39 09 SEP 40 1 08 AUG 41 9 07 JUL 42 9 06 JUN 43 7 05 MAY 44 • 04 APR 45 03 MAR 46 02 FEB 47 01 JAN 48 12 DEC 49 11 NOV 50 10 OCT 51 09 SEP 52 1 08 AUG 53
<ul> <li>04 APR 09</li> <li>03 MAR 10</li> <li>02 FEB 11</li> <li>01 JAN 12</li> <li>12 DEC 13</li> <li>11 NOV 14</li> <li>00 OCT 15</li> <li>09 SEP 16</li> <li>1 08 AUG 17</li> <li>9 06 JUN 19</li> <li>9 05 MAY 20</li> <li>04 APR 21</li> <li>03 MAR 22</li> <li>02 FEB 23</li> <li>01 JAN 24</li> </ul> 12 DEC 25 <ul> <li>11 NOV 26</li> <li>10 NOV 26</li> <li>11 NOV 38</li> <li>10 OCT 39</li> <li>09 SEP 40</li> <li>10 NOV 44</li> <li>04 APR 45</li> <li>03 MAR 46</li> <li>02 FEB 47</li> <li>01 JAN 48</li> </ul>
03 MAR         10           02 FEB         11           01 JAN         12           12 DEC         13           11 NOV         14           10 OCT         15           09 SEP         16           1         08 AUG         17           9         07 JUL         18           9         06 JUN         19           9         05 MAY         20           *         04 APR         21           03 MAR         22         02           02 FEB         23         01 JAN           01 JAN         24         12 DEC           12 DEC         25         11 NOV           10 OCT         27         09 SEP           09 SEP         28         1           10 OCT         27         09 SEP           9 06 JUN         31         8           03 MAR         34         02           *         04 APR         33           03 MAR         34           02 FEB         35           01 JAN         36           *         04 APR           10 OCT         39           09 SEP
02 FEB         11           01 JAN         12           12 DEC         13           11 NOV         14           10 OCT         15           09 SEP         16           1 08 AUG         17           9 07 JUL         18           9 06 JUN         19           9 05 MAY         20           * 04 APR         21           03 MAR         22           02 FEB         23           01 JAN         24           12 DEC         25           11 NOV         26           10 NOV         26           11 NOV         26           10 NOV         27           09 SEP         28           1 08 AUG         29           9 07 JUL         30           9 06 JUN         31           8 05 MAY         32           * 04 APR         33           03 MAR         34           02 FEB         35           01 JAN         36           11 NOV         38           10 OCT         39           09 SEP         40           1 08 AUG         41 <t< td=""></t<>
02 FEB         11           01 JAN         12           12 DEC         13           11 NOV         14           10 OCT         15           09 SEP         16           1 08 AUG         17           9 07 JUL         18           9 06 JUN         19           9 05 MAY         20           * 04 APR         21           03 MAR         22           02 FEB         23           01 JAN         24           12 DEC         25           11 NOV         26           10 NOV         26           11 NOV         26           10 NOV         27           09 SEP         28           1 08 AUG         29           9 07 JUL         30           9 06 JUN         31           8 05 MAY         32           * 04 APR         33           03 MAR         34           02 FEB         35           01 JAN         36           11 NOV         38           10 OCT         39           09 SEP         40           1 08 AUG         41 <t< td=""></t<>
01 JAN         12           12 DEC         13           11 NOV         14           10 OCT         15           09 SEP         16           1 08 AUG         17           9 07 JUL         18           9 06 JUN         19           9 05 MAY         20           04 APR         21           03 MAR         22           02 FEB         23           01 JAN         24           12 DEC         25           11 NOV         26           10 OCT         27           09 SEP         28           1 08 AUG         29           9         07 JUL           9         06 JUN           10 OCT         27           09 SEP         28           1 08 AUG         29           9         07 JUL           30         34           02 FEB         35           01 JAN         36           11 NOV         38           10 OCT         39           03 MAR         34           02 FEB         35           01 JAN         36           10
12 DEC         13           11 NOV         14           10 OCT         15           09 SEP         16           1 08 AUG         17           9 07 JUL         18           9 06 JUN         19           9 05 MAY         20           * 04 APR         21           03 MAR         22           02 FEB         23           01 JAN         24           12 DEC         25           11 NOV         26           10 OCT         27           09 SEP         28           1 08 AUG         29           9 07 JUL         30           9 07 JUL         30           9 07 JUL         30           9 07 JUL         30           9 06 JUN 31         31           8 05 MAY         32           * 04 APR         33           03 MAR         34           02 FEB         35           01 JAN         36           11 NOV         38           10 OCT         39           09 SEP         44           9 06 JUN         43           7 05 MAY         44     <
11 NOV       14         10 OCT       15         09 SEP       16         1       08 AUG       17         9       07 JUL       18         9       05 MAY       20         *       04 APR       21         03 MAR       22         02 FEB       23         01 JAN       24         12 DEC       25         11 NOV       26         10 OCT       27         09 SEP       28         10 OCT       30         9 Of JUN       31         8 05 MAY       32         *       04 APR       33         03 MAR       34         02 FEB       35         01 JAN       36         11 NOV       38         10 OCT       39         09 SEP       40         1 08 AUG       41         9 06 JUN       43         7       05 MAY     <
11 NOV       14         10 OCT       15         09 SEP       16         1       08 AUG       17         9       07 JUL       18         9       05 MAY       20         *       04 APR       21         03 MAR       22         02 FEB       23         01 JAN       24         12 DEC       25         11 NOV       26         10 OCT       27         09 SEP       28         10 OCT       30         9 Of JUN       31         8 05 MAY       32         *       04 APR       33         03 MAR       34         02 FEB       35         01 JAN       36         11 NOV       38         10 OCT       39         09 SEP       40         1 08 AUG       41         9 06 JUN       43         7       05 MAY     <
11 NOV       14         10 OCT       15         09 SEP       16         1       08 AUG       17         9       07 JUL       18         9       05 MAY       20         *       04 APR       21         03 MAR       22         02 FEB       23         01 JAN       24         12 DEC       25         11 NOV       26         10 OCT       27         09 SEP       28         10 OCT       30         9 Of JUN       31         8 05 MAY       32         *       04 APR       33         03 MAR       34         02 FEB       35         01 JAN       36         11 NOV       38         10 OCT       39         09 SEP       40         1 08 AUG       41         9 06 JUN       43         7       05 MAY     <
10 OCT         15           09 SEP         16           1         08 AUG         17           9         07 JUL         18           9         06 JUN         19           9         05 MAY         20           •         04 APR         21           03 MAR         22           02 FEB         23           01 JAN         24           12 DEC         25           11 NOV         26           10 OCT         27           09 SEP         28           1         08 AUG           9         07 JUL           9         06 JUN           9         07 JUL           9         07 JUL           9         06 JUN           11 NOV         38           03 MAR         34           02 FEB         35           01 JAN         36           11 NOV         38           10 OCT         39           09 SEP         40           1         08 AUG           10 OCT         39           09 SEP         40           10 OCT         39
09 SEP         16           1         08 AUG         17           9         07 JUL         18           9         06 JUN         19           9         05 MAY         20           *         04 APR         21           03 MAR         22         02           02 FEB         23         01           01 JAN         24         02           12 DEC         25         11           10 OCT         27         09           09 SEP         28         1           08 AUG         29         9           9         07 JUL         30           9         06 JUN         31           8         05 MAY         32           *         04 APR         33           03 MAR         34           02 FEB         35           01 JAN         36           *         04 APR           02 FEB         35           01 JAN         36           *         04 APR           9         07 JUL           9         06 JUN           10 OCT         39           09 SEP
09 SEP         16           1         08 AUG         17           9         07 JUL         18           9         06 JUN         19           9         05 MAY         20           *         04 APR         21           03 MAR         22         02           02 FEB         23         01           01 JAN         24         02           12 DEC         25         11           10 OCT         27         09           09 SEP         28         1           08 AUG         29         9           9         07 JUL         30           9         06 JUN         31           8         05 MAY         32           *         04 APR         33           03 MAR         34           02 FEB         35           01 JAN         36           *         04 APR           02 FEB         35           01 JAN         36           *         04 APR           9         07 JUL           9         06 JUN           10 OCT         39           09 SEP
1       08 AUG       17         9       07 JUL       18         9       06 JUN       19         9       05 MAY       20         04 APR       21       03 MAR         02 FEB       23       01 JAN         12 DEC       25       1         10 OCT       27       09 SEP         09 SEP       28       1         10 OCT       27       09         9       06 JUN       31         8       05 MAY       32         •       04 APR       33         03 MAR       34         02 FEB       35         01 JAN       36
9       07 JUL       18         9       06 JUN       19         9       05 MAY       20         *       04 APR       21         03 MAR       22       22         02 FEB       23       11         01 JAN       24       24         12 DEC       25       11         10 OCT       27       09         9       06 JUN       31         8       05 MAY       32         *       04 APR       33         03 MAR       34       02         9       06 JUN       31         8       05 MAY       32         *       04 APR       33         03 MAR       34         02 FEB       35         01 JAN       36         11 NOV       38         10 OCT       39         09 SEP       40         1       08 AUG         10 0AL       41         9       06 JUN         43       -         7       05 MAY         44       44         04 APR       45         03 MAR       46
9       06 JUN       19         9       05 MAY       20         •       04 APR       21         03 MAR       22         02 FEB       23         01 JAN       24         12 DEC       25         11 NOV       26         10 OCT       27         09 SEP       28         1       08 AUG       29         9       07 JUL       30         9       06 JUN       31         8       05 MAY       32         •       04 APR       33         03 MAR       34         02 FEB       35         01 JAN       36             12 DEC       37         11 NOV       38         10 OCT       39         09 SEP       40         1       08 AUG            10 BAUG       41         9       07 JUL         9       06 JUN         10 OCT       39         03 MAR       46         02 FEB       47         03 MAR       46         02 FEE       47
9       06 JUN       19         9       05 MAY       20         •       04 APR       21         03 MAR       22         02 FEB       23         01 JAN       24         12 DEC       25         11 NOV       26         10 OCT       27         09 SEP       28         1       08 AUG         9       07 JUL         30       30         9       06 JUN         31       30         9       06 JUN         9       06 JUN         10 AAPR       33         03 MAR       34         02 FEB       35         01 JAN       36
9         05 MAY         20           04 APR         21           03 MAR         22           02 FEB         23           01 JAN         24           12 DEC         25           11 NOV         26           10 OCT         27           09 SEP         28           1         08 AUG         29           9         07 JUL         30           9         06 JUN         31           8         05 MAY         32           •         04 APR         33           03 MAR         34           02 FEB         35           01 JAN         36           12 DEC         37           11 NOV         38           10 OCT         39           03 MAR         34           02 FEB         35           01 JAN         36           10 OCT         39           09 SEP         40           1         06 JUN           10 OCT         39           03 MAR         46           02 FEB         47           03 MAR         46           02 FEB
<ul> <li>O4 APR 21</li> <li>O3 MAR 22</li> <li>O2 FEB 23</li> <li>O1 JAN 24</li> <li>12 DEC 25</li> <li>11 NOV 26</li> <li>10 OCT 27</li> <li>O9 SEP 28</li> <li>O3 MAR 34</li> <li>O5 MAY 32</li> <li>O4 APR 33</li> <li>O3 MAR 34</li> <li>O2 FEB 35</li> <li>O1 JAN 36</li> </ul> 12 DEC 37 <ul> <li>11 NOV 38</li> <li>OCT 39</li> <li>O9 SEP 40</li> <li>10 OCT 39</li> <li>O9 SEP 40</li> <li>10 AUG 41</li> <li>O7 JUL 42</li> <li>O6 JUN 43</li> <li>O5 MAY 44</li> <li>O4 APR 45</li> <li>O3 MAR 46</li> <li>O2 FEB 47</li> <li>O1 JAN 48</li> </ul> 12 DEC 49 <ul> <li>11 NOV 50</li> <li>10 OCT 51</li> <li>O9 SEP 52</li> <li>08 AUG 53</li> </ul>
03 MAR         22           02 FEB         23           01 JAN         24           12 DEC         25           11 NOV         26           10 OCT         27           09 SEP         28           1         08 AUG         29           9         06 JUN         31           8         05 MAY         32           *         04 APR         33           03 MAR         34           02 FEB         35           01 JAN         36           11 NOV         38           03 MAR         34           02 FEB         35           01 JAN         36           11 NOV         38           10 OCT         39           09 SEP         40           1 08 AUG         41           9 07 JUL         42           9 06 JUN         43           7 05 MAY         44           * 04 APR         45           03 MAR         46           02 FEB         47           01 JAN         48           1 08 AUG         41           9 06 JUN         43
03 MAR         22           02 FEB         23           01 JAN         24           12 DEC         25           11 NOV         26           10 OCT         27           09 SEP         28           1         08 AUG         29           9         06 JUN         31           8         05 MAY         32           *         04 APR         33           03 MAR         34           02 FEB         35           01 JAN         36           11 NOV         38           03 MAR         34           02 FEB         35           01 JAN         36           11 NOV         38           10 OCT         39           09 SEP         40           1 08 AUG         41           9 07 JUL         42           9 06 JUN         43           7 05 MAY         44           * 04 APR         45           03 MAR         46           02 FEB         47           01 JAN         48           1 08 AUG         41           9 06 JUN         43
02 FEB         23           01 JAN         24           12 DEC         25           11 NOV         26           10 OCT         27           09 SEP         28           1         08 AUG           9         07 JUL           30         9           9         07 JUL           30         9           9         06 JUN           8         05 MAY           9         04 APR           03 MAR         34           02 FEB         35           01 JAN         36           11 NOV         38           10 OCT         39           09 SEP         40           10 OCT         39           09 SEP         40           10 OCT         39           09 SEP         40           10 8 AUG         41           9         07 JUL         42           9         06 JUN         43           7         05 MAY         44           *         04 APR         45           03 MAR         46           02 FEB         47           01 JAN </td
01 JAN         24           12 DEC         25           11 NOV         26           10 OCT         27           09 SEP         28           1         08 AUG         29           9         07 JUL         30           9         06 JUN         31           8         05 MAY         32           •         04 APR         33           03 MAR         34           02 FEB         35           01 JAN         36           12 DEC         37           11 NOV         38           10 OCT         39           09 SEP         40           10 OCT         39           09 SEP         40           1         08 AUG           10 OCT         39           09 SEP         44           *         04 APR           03 MAR         46           02 FEB         47           03 MAR         46           02 FEB         47           01 JAN         48           11 NOV         50           10 OCT         51           09 SEP         52
12 DEC         25           11 NOV         26           10 OCT         27           09 SEP         28           1         08 AUG         29           9         07 JUL         30           9         06 JUN         31           8         05 MAY         32           •         04 APR         33           03 MAR         34           02 FEB         35           01 JAN         36           11 NOV         38           10 OCT         39           09 SEP         40           1         08 AUG           10 OCT         39           09 SEP         40           1         08 AUG           9         06 JUN           9         06 JUN           10 BAUG         41           9         07 JUL           42         9           06 JUN         43           7         05 MAY           44         45           03 MAR         46           02 FEB         47           01 JAN         48           11 NOV         50      <
12 DEC         25           11 NOV         26           10 OCT         27           09 SEP         28           1         08 AUG         29           9         07 JUL         30           9         06 JUN         31           8         05 MAY         32           •         04 APR         33           03 MAR         34           02 FEB         35           01 JAN         36           11 NOV         38           10 OCT         39           09 SEP         40           1         08 AUG           10 OCT         39           09 SEP         40           1         08 AUG           9         06 JUN           9         06 JUN           10 BAUG         41           9         07 JUL           42         9           06 JUN         43           7         05 MAY           44         45           03 MAR         46           02 FEB         47           01 JAN         48           11 NOV         50      <
11 NOV       26         10 OCT       27         09 SEP       28         10 08 AUG       29         9       07 JUL       30         9       06 JUN       31         8       05 MAY       32         •       04 APR       33         03 MAR       34       02 FEB         01 JAN       36         11 NOV       38         10 OCT       39         09 SEP       40         1       08 AUG         41       9         90 SEP       40         1       08 AUG         41       9         90 GJUN       43         7       05 MAY         44       45         03 MAR       46         02 FEB       47         01 JAN       48         12 DEC       49         11 NOV       50         10 0CT       51         09 SEP       52         1       08 AUG         11 NOV       50         10 08 AUG       53
11 NOV       26         10 OCT       27         09 SEP       28         10 08 AUG       29         9       07 JUL       30         9       06 JUN       31         8       05 MAY       32         •       04 APR       33         03 MAR       34       02 FEB         01 JAN       36         11 NOV       38         10 OCT       39         09 SEP       40         1       08 AUG         41       9         90 SEP       40         1       08 AUG         41       9         90 GJUN       43         7       05 MAY         44       45         03 MAR       46         02 FEB       47         01 JAN       48         12 DEC       49         11 NOV       50         10 0CT       51         09 SEP       52         1       08 AUG         11 NOV       50         10 08 AUG       53
10 OCT         27           09 SEP         28           1         08 AUG         29           9         07 JUL         30           9         06 JUN         31           8         05 MAY         32           •         04 APR         33           03 MAR         34           02 FEB         35           01 JAN         36           11 NOV         38           10 OCT         39           09 SEP         40           1         08 AUG           9         06 JUN           9         07 JUL           9         06 JUN           10 BAUG         41           9         07 JUL           9         06 JUN           7         05 MAY           44         45           03 MAR         46           02 FEB         47           01 JAN         48           11 NOV         50           10 OCT         51           09 SEP         52           1         08 AUG
09 SEP         28           1         08 AUG         29           9         07 JUL         30           9         06 JUN         31           8         05 MAY         32           •         04 APR         33           03 MAR         34           02 FEB         35           01 JAN         36           11 NOV         38           10 OCT         39           09 SEP         40           1         08 AUG           9         06 JUN           9         06 JUN           9         06 JUN           9         06 JUN           44         42           9         06 JUN           10 BAUG         41           9         07 JUL           42         9           06 JUN         43           7         05 MAY           44         45           03 MAR         46           02 FEB         47           01 JAN         48           11 NOV         50           10 OCT         51           09 SEP         52
09 SEP         28           1         08 AUG         29           9         07 JUL         30           9         06 JUN         31           8         05 MAY         32           •         04 APR         33           03 MAR         34           02 FEB         35           01 JAN         36           11 NOV         38           10 OCT         39           09 SEP         40           1         08 AUG           9         06 JUN           9         06 JUN           9         06 JUN           9         06 JUN           44         42           9         06 JUN           10 BAUG         41           9         07 JUL           42         9           06 JUN         43           7         05 MAY           44         45           03 MAR         46           02 FEB         47           01 JAN         48           11 NOV         50           10 OCT         51           09 SEP         52
1       08 AUG       29         9       07 JUL       30         9       06 JUN       31         8       05 MAY       32         •       04 APR       33         03 MAR       34       34         02 FEB       35       35         01 JAN       36         12 DEC       37         11 NOV       38         10 OCT       39         09 SEP       40         1       08 AUG         9       06 JUN         43
9       07 JUL       30         9       06 JUN       31         8       05 MAY       32         •       04 APR       33         03 MAR       34       34         02 FEB       35       35         01 JAN       36         11 NOV       38         10 OCT       39         09 SEP       40         1       08 AUG         41       9         9       06 JUN         43       7         7       05 MAY         44       45         03 MAR       46         02 FEB       47         01 JAN       48         12 DEC       49         11 NOV       50         10 OCT       51         09 SEP       52         1       08 AUG         10 OCT       51         09 SEP       52         1       08 AUG
9         06 JUN         31           8         05 MAY         32           •         04 APR         33           03 MAR         34         02           02 FEB         35         01           01 JAN         36         36           12 DEC         37         1           11 NOV         38         36           09 SEP         40         1           9         06 JUN         43           7         05 MAY         44           *         04 APR         45           03 MAR         46         37           03 MAR         46         36           04 APR         45         36           03 MAR         46         36           04 APR         45         36           03 MAR         46         36           04 APR         45         36           03 MAR         46         36           30 MAR         46         36           31 NOV         50         36           31 NOV         50         36           30 SEP         52         36      1         30 AUG         53
8         05 MAY         32           •         04 APR         33           03 MAR         34           02 FEB         35           01 JAN         36           11 NOV         38           10 OCT         39           09 SEP         40           1         08 AUG         41           9         07 JUL         42           9         06 JUN         43           7         05 MAY         44           •         04 APR         45           03 MAR         46         02 FEB           01 JAN         48         48           12 DEC         49         11 NOV           03 MAR         46         02 FEB           04 APR         45         03 MAR           02 FEB         47         01 JAN           03 MAR         48         48           12 DEC         49         11 NOV           09 SEP         52         1           08 AUG         53         1
8         05 MAY         32           •         04 APR         33           03 MAR         34           02 FEB         35           01 JAN         36           11 NOV         38           10 OCT         39           09 SEP         40           1         08 AUG         41           9         07 JUL         42           9         06 JUN         43           7         05 MAY         44           •         04 APR         45           03 MAR         46         02 FEB           01 JAN         48         48           12 DEC         49         11 NOV           03 MAR         46         02 FEB           04 APR         45         03 MAR           02 FEB         47         01 JAN           03 MAR         48         48           12 DEC         49         11 NOV           09 SEP         52         1           08 AUG         53         1
<ul> <li>04 APR 33</li> <li>03 MAR 34</li> <li>02 FEB 35</li> <li>01 JAN 36</li> <li>12 DEC 37</li> <li>11 NOV 38</li> <li>10 OCT 39</li> <li>09 SEP 40</li> <li>1 08 AUG 41</li> <li>9 06 JUN 43</li> <li>7 05 MAY 44</li> <li>04 APR 45</li> <li>03 MAR 46</li> <li>02 FEB 47</li> <li>01 JAN 48</li> </ul>
03 MAR         34           02 FEB         35           01 JAN         36           12 DEC         37           11 NOV         38           10 OCT         39           09 SEP         40           1         08 AUG           9         07 JUL           9         06 JUN           7         05 MAY           44         45           03 MAR         46           02 FEB         47           01 JAN         48           12 DEC         49           11 NOV         50           10 OCT         51           09 SEP         52           1         08 AUG
02 FEB         35           01 JAN         36           12 DEC         37           11 NOV         38           10 OCT         39           09 SEP         40           1         08 AUG           9         07 JUL           9         06 JUN           7         05 MAY           44         44           *         04 APR           03 MAR         46           02 FEB         47           01 JAN         48           12 DEC         49           11 NOV         50           10 0 CT         51           09 SEP         52           1         08 AUG
02 FEB         35           01 JAN         36           12 DEC         37           11 NOV         38           10 OCT         39           09 SEP         40           1         08 AUG           9         06 JUN           9         06 JUN           7         05 MAY           44         4           *         04 APR           02 FEB         47           01 JAN         48           12 DEC         49           11 NOV         50           10 0 CT         51           09 SEP         52           1         08 AUG
01 JAN 36 12 DEC 37 11 NOV 38 10 OCT 39 09 SEP 40 1 08 AUG 41 9 07 JUL 42 9 06 JUN 43 7 05 MAY 44 • 04 APR 45 03 MAR 46 02 FEB 47 01 JAN 48 12 DEC 49 11 NOV 50 10 0CT 51 09 SEP 52 1 08 AUG 53
12 DEC       37         11 NOV       38         10 OCT       39         09 SEP       40         1       08 AUG       41         9       06 JUN       43         7       05 MAY       44         *       04 APR       45         03 MAR       46       02 FEB         01 JAN       48         12 DEC       49         11 NOV       50         10 OCT       51         09 SEP       52         1       08 AUG       53
11 NOV       38         10 OCT       39         09 SEP       40         10 08 AUG       41         9 07 JUL       42         9 06 JUN       43         7 05 MAY       44         * 04 APR       45         03 MAR       46         02 FEB       47         01 JAN       48         12 DEC       49         11 NOV       50         10 0CT       51         09 SEP       52         1       08 AUG         10 BAUG       53
11 NOV       38         10 OCT       39         09 SEP       40         10 OS AUG       41         9 07 JUL       42         9 06 JUN       43         7 05 MAY       44         * 04 APR       45         03 MAR       46         02 FEB       47         01 JAN       48         11 NOV       50         10 OCT       51         09 SEP       52         1       08 AUG         03 BAUG       53
11 NOV       38         10 OCT       39         09 SEP       40         10 06 JUN       41         9 07 JUL       42         9 06 JUN       43         7 05 MAY       44         * 04 APR       45         03 MAR       46         02 FEB       47         01 JAN       48         11 NOV       50         10 0CT       51         09 SEP       52         1       08 AUG         09 SEP       53
10 OCT         39           09 SEP         40           1         08 AUG         41           9         07 JUL         42           9         06 JUN         43           7         05 MAY         44           *         04 APR         45           03 MAR         46         02 FEB           01 JAN         48           12 DEC         49           11 NOV         50           10 OCT         51           09 SEP         52           1         08 AUG         53
09 SEP 40 1 08 AUG 41 9 07 JUL 42 9 06 JUN 43 7 05 MAY 44 • 04 APR 45 03 MAR 46 02 FEB 47 01 JAN 48 12 DEC 49 11 NOV 50 10 OCT 51 09 SEP 52 1 08 AUG 53
1       08 AUG       41         9       07 JUL       42         9       06 JUN       43         7       05 MAY       44         *       04 APR       45         03 MAR       46       02 FEB         01 JAN       48         12 DEC       49         11 NOV       50         10 OCT       51         09 SEP       52         1       08 AUG       53
1       08 AUG       41         9       07 JUL       42         9       06 JUN       43         7       05 MAY       44         *       04 APR       45         03 MAR       46       02 FEB         01 JAN       48         12 DEC       49         11 NOV       50         10 OCT       51         09 SEP       52         1       08 AUG       53
9       07 JUL       42         9       06 JUN       43         7       05 MAY       44         *       04 APR       45         03 MAR       46
9       06 JUN       43         7       05 MAY       44         *       04 APR       45         03 MAR       46       02         02 FEB       47       01         01 JAN       48       02         12 DEC       49       11         10 OCT       50       09         09 SEP       52       1         10 OSE       53       04
7       05 MAY       44         *       04 APR       45         03 MAR       46       02         02 FEB       47       01         JAN       48       48         12 DEC       49       11         10 OCT       50       10         09 SEP       52       1         10 8 AUG       53       10
7       05 MAY       44         *       04 APR       45         03 MAR       46       02         02 FEB       47       01         JAN       48       48         12 DEC       49       11         10 OCT       50       10         09 SEP       52       1         10 8 AUG       53       10
* 04 APR 45 03 MAR 46 02 FEB 47 01 JAN 48 12 DEC 49 11 NOV 50 10 OCT 51 09 SEP 52 1 08 AUG 53
03 MAR         46           02 FEB         47           01 JAN         48           12 DEC         49           11 NOV         50           10 OCT         51           09 SEP         52           1         08 AUG         53
02 FEB 47 01 JAN 48 12 DEC 49 11 NOV 50 10 OCT 51 09 SEP 52 1 08 AUG 53
01 JAN 48 12 DEC 49 11 NOV 50 10 OCT 51 09 SEP 52 1 08 AUG 53
01 JAN 48 12 DEC 49 11 NOV 50 10 OCT 51 09 SEP 52 1 08 AUG 53
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9 07 JUL 66 I
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9 06 JUN 67 5 05 MAY 68 * 04 APR 69
9 06 JUN 67 5 05 MAY 68 • 04 APR 69 03 MAR 70
9 06 JUN 67 5 05 MAY 68 * 04 APR 69

• For fieldwork beginning in 2001, 2002, or 2003, the years should be adjusted.